

Converting Colors

YIQ(194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(194.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1B9D1
RGB	209, 185, 209
RGB Percent	82%, 73%, 82%
CMY	0.1803, 0.2745, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	300°, 21%, 77%
HSV	300°, 11%, 82%
XYZ	55.1554, 52.8553, 67.6179
YIQ	194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

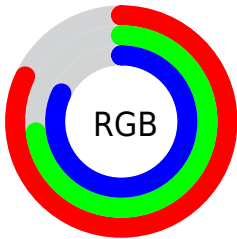
Format	Color
R_{YB}	209, 185, 209
Decimal	13744593
CIE _{Lab}	77.79, 12.78, -8.93
CIE _{LCh}	78, 15.592, 325.072
Yxy	52.8553, 0.3140, 0.3009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291934673 (0xFFD1B9D1)
YUV	194.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552
Hunter-Lab	72.7016, 8.1920, -4.2530

Details

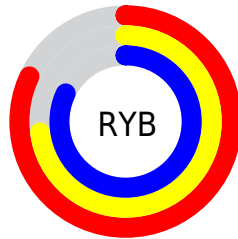
The YIQ color $194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCCC$. A complement of this color would be $199.0880, -6.6000, -12.5520$, and the grayscale version is $195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $246.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220$, and $141.2000, 5.7290, 11.8170$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $182.5850, 12.3750, 23.5350$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $207.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690$.

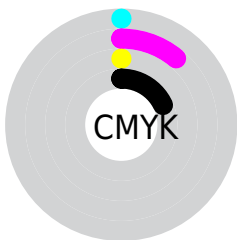
Distribution



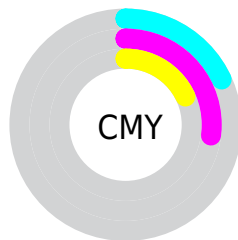
- Red (82%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 194.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520

■ 194.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 167.4990, 6.3250,
12.0290

■ 246.7820, 3.8500,
7.3220

■ 141.2000, 5.7290,
11.8170

■ 115.7870, 5.4540,
11.2940

■ 90.7870, 5.4540,
11.2940

■ 67.2600, 5.5000,
10.4600

■ 44.9610, 4.9040,
10.2480

■ 24.1350, 4.3540,

9.2020

■ 2.2650, -2.0640,
4.3680

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 194.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520

■ 194.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520

■ 182.5850, 12.3750,
23.5350

■ 207.2390, 0.8250,
1.5690

■ 170.2580, 18.1500,
34.5180

■ 219.5660, -4.9500,
-9.4140

■ 157.9310, 23.9250,
45.5010

■ 231.8930,
-10.7250, -20.3970

■ 145.6040, 29.7000,
56.4840

■ 236.0020,
-12.6500, -24.0580

■ 133.2770, 35.4750,
67.4670

■ 121.5370, 40.9750,
77.9270

■ 109.2100, 46.7500,
88.9100

■ 96.8830, 52.5250,
99.8930

■ 86.3170, 57.4750,
109.3070

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193.2030, -7.5210, 9.6550



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



195.4310, 18.2000, 11.5760

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



191.8200, 17.8820, -4.6940



187.5880, -28.3790, -8.8190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



199.0880, -6.6000, -12.5520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187.6720, -19.9880, -12.2120



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



190.4980, 6.9250, -9.8670

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



193.6300, 24.5290, 1.4970



188.7890, -7.1960, -12.7640



188.5760, -28.1050, -2.7690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



194.6010, 23.4730, 9.6250



188.7890, -7.1960, -12.7640



187.3170, -26.1780, -10.1620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



250.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840



187.7360, -7.7040, 7.4640



124.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



233.8680, 9.9000, 18.8280



193.5440, 10.4520, 8.8200



98.5430, 3.0250, 5.7530



69.3840, 46.2000, 87.8640



16.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520



233.8680, 9.9000, 18.8280



200.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200



98.5430, 3.0250, 5.7530



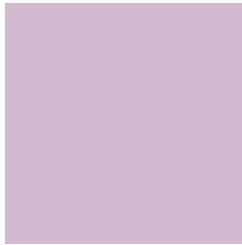
69.3840, 46.2000, 87.8640



16.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

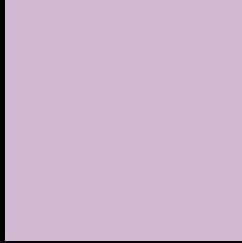
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

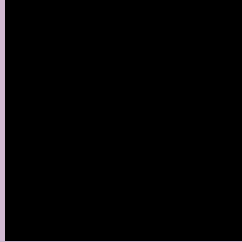
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.9120, 6.6000,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520

Protanopia

193.2090, -7.6580, 6.6300

Deuteranopia

194.5910, 3.0700, 10.4460



Tritanopia

194.2880, 8.2970, 9.3290

Trichromacy



Original Color

194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520

Protanomaly

194.0140, -2.6150, 8.8490

Deuteranomaly

194.6020, 4.5370, 11.3930

Tritanomaly

194.6300, 7.3340, 10.2620

Monochromacy



Original Color

194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520

Achromatopsia

195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

194.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 185, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 185, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 185, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 185, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 185, 209) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 185, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 185, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 185, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 185, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 185,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 194.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 185, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
185, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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