

Converting Colors

YIQ(195.4580, 38.7920,
-20.2160)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(195.4580, 38.7920,
-20.2160)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCC676
RGB	220, 198, 118
RGB Percent	86%, 78%, 46%
CMY	0.1373, 0.2235, 0.5370
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.46, 0.14
HSL	47°, 59%, 66%
HSV	47°, 46%, 86%
XYZ	52.9806, 56.9089, 25.3488
YIQ	195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

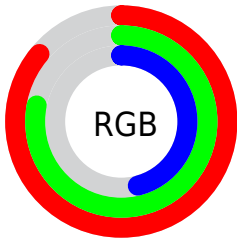
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 220, 118
Decimal	14468726
CIE _{Lab}	80.13, -2.85, 42.70
CIE _{LCh}	80, 42.798, 93.822
Yxy	56.9089, 0.3918, 0.4208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292658806 (0xFFDCC676)
YUV	195.4580, -38.1868, 21.5233
Hunter-Lab	75.4380, -6.6547, 32.8838

Details

The YIQ color $195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCC66$. A complement of this color would be $142.5420, -38.7920, 20.2160$, and the grayscale version is $196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $245.4240, 26.9640, -26.1240$, and $140.9030, 36.0410, -19.9190$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $190.0150, 47.2290, -24.4430$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $200.9010, 30.3550, -15.9890$.

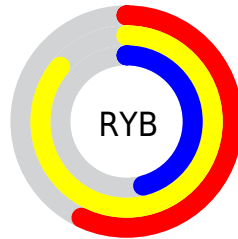
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (78%)

Blue (46%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (46%)

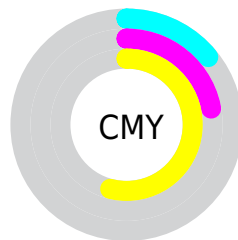


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 195.4580, 38.7920,
-20.2160

■ 195.4580, 38.7920,
-20.2160

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 167.9740, 37.2790,
-20.3290

■ 245.4240, 26.9640,
-26.1240

■ 140.9030, 36.0410,
-19.9190

■ 248.6160, 17.9760,
-17.4160

■ 115.4190, 34.5280,
-20.0320

■ 251.9220, 8.6670,
-8.3970

■ 89.7070, 33.6570,
-20.7670

■ 66.4940, 29.9430,
-19.5370

■ 45.8060, 20.4970,
-13.5430

■ 26.3030, 11.9680,

-7.6480

■ 0.5870, -0.2750,
-0.5230

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 195.4580, 38.7920,
-20.2160

■ 195.4580, 38.7920,
-20.2160

■ 190.0150, 47.2290,
-24.4430

■ 200.9010, 30.3550,
-15.9890

■ 184.5720, 55.6660,
-28.6700

■ 205.7570, 22.1930,
-11.2390

■ 179.7160, 63.8280,
-33.4200

■ 211.2000, 13.7560,
-7.0120

■ 174.2730, 72.2650,
-37.6470

■ 216.6430, 5.3190,
-2.7850

■ 168.8300, 80.7020,
-41.8740

■ 222.0860, -3.1180,
1.4420

■ 167.3310, 83.5450,
-43.8390

■ 226.9420,
-11.2800, 6.1920

■ 230.4470,
-14.2600, 5.1320

■ 233.3820,
-15.6350, 2.5170

■ 236.3170,
-17.0100, -0.0980

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198.5460, 59.6960, -2.5760



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



191.4260, 6.2870, -31.3530

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



158.2340, -133.7350, -37.7910



203.9880, 27.7780, 36.2420

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



142.5420, -38.7920, 20.2160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201.0420, -7.8450, 26.5470



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



176.2380, -94.8590, -15.4590

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



173.8100, -82.7510, -36.6630



191.6080, -48.3260, 5.7700



196.5040, 43.4600, 27.3640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



186.9590, -20.2590, -34.8430



191.6080, -48.3260, 5.7700



204.0020, 15.9950, 35.0270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



246.2000, 13.7560, -7.0120



151.0060, 53.7300, 28.4660



122.5570, 8.4370, -4.2270



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160



220.5010, 54.4280, -28.2600



199.7010, 15.4580, -37.8700



106.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520



131.5590, 65.7080, -34.4520



34.8860, 17.5160, -9.0760

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142.5420, -38.7920, 20.2160



146.4990, -54.4280, 28.2600



138.2990, -15.4580, 37.8700



101.4280, -4.0810, 2.3750



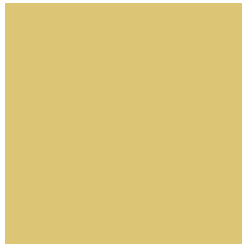
41.4410, -65.7080, 34.4520



11.1140, -17.5160, 9.0760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

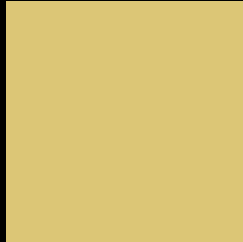
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

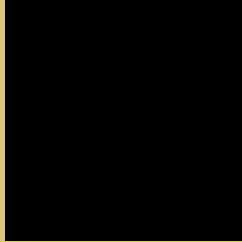
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160.

-20.2160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160

Protanopia

195.4470, 37.3250, -21.1630

Deuteranopia

197.2690, 52.8660, -10.9580



Tritanopia

201.9690, 19.6210, 13.3570

Trichromacy



Original Color

195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160

Protanomaly

195.7460, 37.9210, -20.9510

Deuteranomaly

196.5240, 47.5940, -14.5340

Tritanomaly

199.8860, 26.6840, 0.9880

Monochromacy



Original Color

195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160

Achromatopsia

195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

195.0860, 14.0770, -7.3230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 198, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 198, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 198, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 198, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 198, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 198, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 198, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 198, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 198, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 198,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 195.4580, 38.7920, -20.2160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 198, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
198, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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