

Converting Colors

YIQ(195.5200, -16.5040,
-9.2720)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(195.5200, -16.5040,
-9.2720)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AECEC6
RGB	174, 206, 198
RGB Percent	68%, 81%, 78%
CMY	0.3177, 0.1921, 0.2236
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.04, 0.19
HSL	165°, 25%, 75%
HSV	165°, 16%, 81%
XYZ	49.7168, 57.2219, 61.8415
YIQ	195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

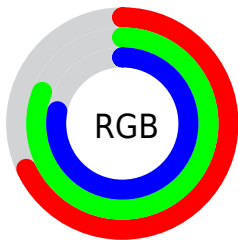
Format	Color
RYB	174, 192, 206
Decimal	11456198
CIELab	80.30, -12.24, 0.41
CIELCh	80, 12.248, 178.069
Yxy	57.2219, 0.2946, 0.3390
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289646278 (0xFFAECEC6)
YUV	195.5200, 1.2226, -18.8730
Hunter-Lab	75.6452, -15.0622, 4.4808

Details

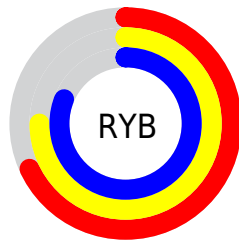
The YIQ color $195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $184.4800, 16.5040, 9.2720$, and the grayscale version is $196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $247.5250, -14.9000, -5.3000$, and $141.8190, -15.9080, -9.0600$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $188.6710, -27.4150, -15.2790$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $202.3690, -5.5930, -3.2650$.

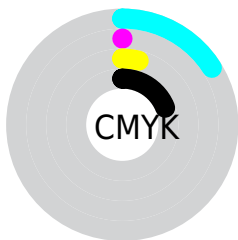
Distribution



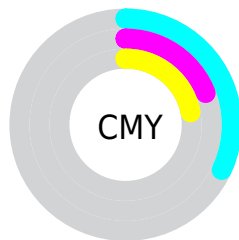
- Red (68%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 195.5200,
-16.5040, -9.2720

■ 195.5200,
-16.5040, -9.2720

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 167.9330,
-16.2290, -8.7490

■ 247.5250,
-14.9000, -5.3000

■ 141.8190,
-15.9080, -9.0600

■ 116.2320,
-15.6330, -8.5370

■ 91.5310, -15.0370,
-8.3250

■ 67.8300, -14.4410,
-8.1130

■ 44.9440, -14.7620,
-7.8020

■ 23.3570, -14.4870,

-7.2790

■ 1.1740, -0.5500,
-1.0460

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 195.5200,
-16.5040, -9.2720

■ 195.5200,
-16.5040, -9.2720

■ 188.6710,
-27.4150, -15.2790

■ 202.3690, -5.5930,
-3.2650

■ 182.1210,
-37.7300, -21.0740

■ 208.9190, 4.7220,
2.5300

■ 175.1580,
-48.3200, -27.3920

■ 215.7680, 15.6330,
8.5370

■ 168.6080,
-58.6350, -33.1870

■ 222.1330, 25.0310,
14.4310

■ 161.7590,
-69.5460, -39.1940

■ 222.7030, 23.4260,
15.9860

■ 154.9100,
-80.4570, -45.2010

■ 223.2730, 21.8210,
17.5410

■ 148.3600,
-90.7720, -50.9960

■ 223.8430, 20.2160,
19.0960

■ 141.5110,
-101.6830, -57.0030

■ 224.4130, 18.6110,
20.6510

■ 138.4780,
-106.0840, -59.8440

■ 224.9830, 17.0060,
22.2060

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.6690, -6.7380, -10.0500



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



195.8770, -21.8230, -6.4870

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



200.7040, -4.6780, 7.6900



200.4660, 19.1190, 0.4230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



184.4800, 16.5040, 9.2720

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201.2260, 20.0350, 5.8510



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



201.3310, 6.7380, 10.0500

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



198.3220, -15.4060, 3.8740



201.8820, 15.3120, 8.8480



199.1940, 13.8930, -3.9870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



196.6860, -22.6030, -3.3630



201.8820, 15.3120, 8.8480



201.1180, 20.2190, 2.5150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



250.7710, -6.7850, -3.6890



195.4750, -3.4360, -14.8280



125.3800, -4.1260, -2.3180



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



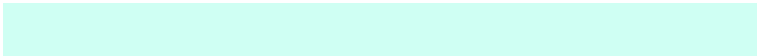
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



239.2800, -24.7560, -13.9080



192.3230, -17.1470, -3.1230



98.6680, -4.9970, -3.0530



111.5780, -85.4540, -48.2540



25.6120, -19.7590, -10.8550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184.4800, 16.5040, 9.2720



222.7200, 24.7560, 13.9080



187.6770, 17.1470, 3.1230



95.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420



54.4220, 85.4540, 48.2540



12.5020, 19.4380, 11.1660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

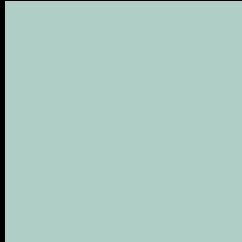
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

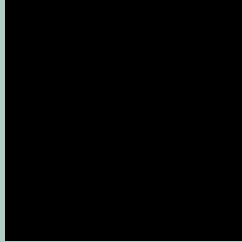
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

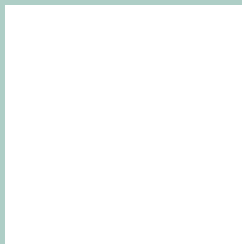
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720.



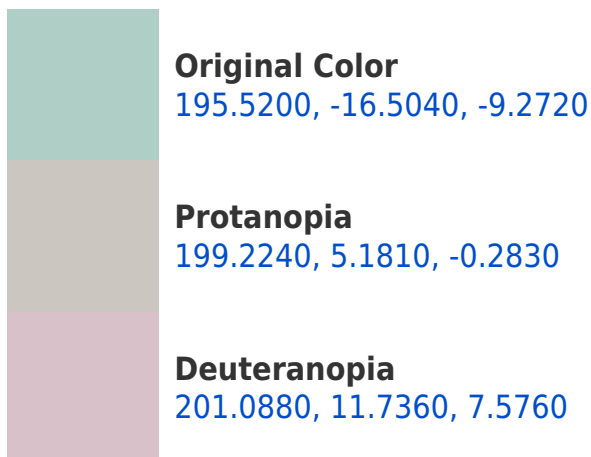
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720.

-9.2720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

197.3490, -20.0360, -0.3240

Trichromacy



Original Color

195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720

Protanomaly

197.9240, -2.8420, -3.5620

Deuteranomaly

199.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580

Tritanomaly

196.7250, -18.3390, -3.5470

Monochromacy



Original Color

195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720

Achromatopsia

196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

196.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 206, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 206, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 206, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 206, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 206, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 206, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 206, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 206, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 206, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 206,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 195.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 206, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
206, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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