

# Converting Colors

YIQ(195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(195.6600, 6.6490,  
-4.8630)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7C5B4
RGB	199, 197, 180
RGB Percent	78%, 77%, 71%
CMY	0.2196, 0.2274, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.10, 0.22
HSL	54°, 14%, 74%
HSV	54°, 10%, 78%
XYZ	51.7581, 55.3697, 51.1449
YIQ	195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

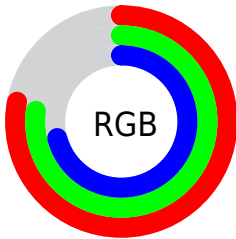
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	182, 199, 180
Decimal	13092276
CIELab	79.25, -2.27, 8.76
CIElCh	79, 9.052, 104.543
Yxy	55.3697, 0.3270, 0.3498
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291282356 (0xFFC7C5B4)
YUV	195.6600, -7.7204, 2.9292
Hunter-Lab	74.4108, -6.0593, 11.3357

# Details

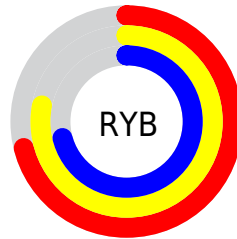
The YIQ color  $195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $183.3400, -6.6490, 4.8630$ , and the grayscale version is  $196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.2470, 6.3740, -5.3860$ , and  $141.7740, 6.3280, -4.5520$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $192.2060, 13.6190, -10.0370$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $199.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110$ .

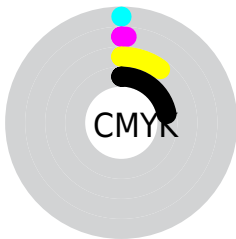
# Distribution



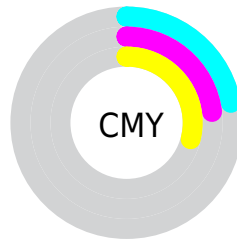
- Red (78%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 195.6600, 6.6490,  
-4.8630

■ 195.6600, 6.6490,  
-4.8630

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 168.6600, 6.6490,  
-4.8630

■ 252.2470, 6.3740,  
-5.3860

■ 141.7740, 6.3280,  
-4.5520

■ 116.4750, 5.7320,  
-4.7640

■ 91.8880, 6.0070,  
-4.2410

■ 68.5890, 5.4110,  
-4.4530

■ 45.8170, 4.7690,  
-3.8310

■ 25.5890, 5.4110,

-4.4530

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 195.6600, 6.6490,  
-4.8630

■ 195.6600, 6.6490,  
-4.8630

■ 192.2060, 13.6190,  
-10.0370

■ 199.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

■ 188.7520, 20.5890,  
-15.2110

■ 202.5680, -7.2910,  
5.4850

■ 185.2980, 27.5590,  
-20.3850

■ 206.0220,  
-14.2610, 10.6590

■ 181.8440, 34.5290,  
-25.5590

■ 208.9060,  
-19.6260, 14.2780

■ 178.5040, 41.1780,  
-30.4220

■ 210.0800,  
-20.1760, 13.2320

■ 174.4630, 48.4230,  
-35.0730

■ 211.8410,  
-21.0010, 11.6630

■ 171.0090, 55.3930,  
-40.2470

■ 213.0150,  
-21.5510, 10.6170

■ 167.5550, 62.3630,  
-45.4210

■ 214.1890,  
-22.1010, 9.5710

■ 164.1010, 69.3330,  
-50.5950

■ 215.3630,  
-22.6510, 8.5250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.5900, 12.8380, -1.3860



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



194.3000, -1.1450, -6.7850

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



194.0350, -16.2760, -2.3880



198.1200, 8.7100, 7.3500

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



183.3400, -6.6490, 4.8630

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.7000, 1.1450, 6.7850



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



195.1110, -13.4340, 1.1740

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



193.4110, -14.5790, -5.6110



196.9270, -6.9240, 4.3400



198.2900, 13.9830, 5.3990



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



194.2500, -6.8760, -7.5480



196.9270, -6.9240, 4.3400



198.4510, 6.2800, 7.3360

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



253.5010, 2.8430, -1.9650



185.9090, 10.6820, 4.6500



126.7290, 2.2010, -1.3430



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630



250.0470, 9.8130, -7.1390



194.7410, 1.9270, -7.3930



97.3870, 3.1640, -2.2760



134.4390, 56.9980, -41.8020



29.5480, 12.6560, -9.1040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183.3400, -6.6490, 4.8630



231.9530, -9.8130, 7.1390



184.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



91.6130, -3.1640, 2.2760



28.5610, -56.9980, 41.8020

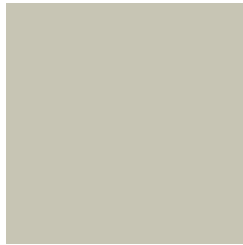


6.4520, -12.6560, 9.1040



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

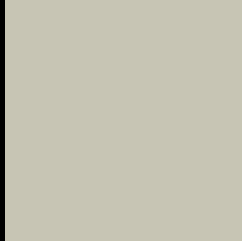
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

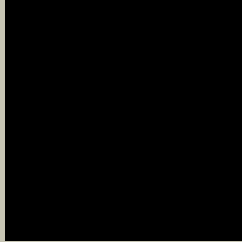
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

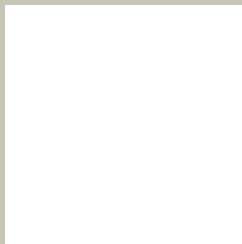
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 195.6600, 6.6490,

-4.8630.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630

### Protanopia

196.4540, 10.2250, -3.5910

### Deuteranopia

197.7700, 21.3190, 4.6070



## Tritanopia

197.7000, 1.1450, 6.7850

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630

## Protanomaly

195.8560, 9.0330, -4.0150

## Deuteranomaly

197.0250, 16.0470, 1.0310

## Tritanomaly

196.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630

## Achromatopsia

196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

195.6150, 2.5220, -1.6540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 197, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 197, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 197, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 197, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 197, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 197, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 197, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 197, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 197, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 197,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 195.6600, 6.6490, -4.8630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 197, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
197, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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