

Converting Colors

YIQ(196.5280, -55.6540,
-37.6540)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(196.5280, -55.6540,
-37.6540)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78ECC2
RGB	120, 236, 194
RGB Percent	47%, 93%, 76%
CMY	0.5297, 0.0743, 0.2394
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.18, 0.07
HSL	158°, 75%, 70%
HSV	158°, 49%, 93%
XYZ	47.4767, 67.8994, 61.6143
YIQ	196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

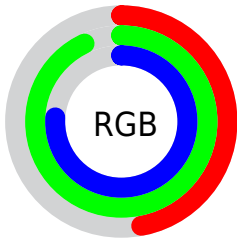
Format	Color
RYB	120, 191, 236
Decimal	7924930
CIELab	85.96, -42.75, 10.36
CIELCh	86, 43.984, 166.376
Yxy	67.8994, 0.2682, 0.3836
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286115010 (0xFF78ECC2)
YUV	196.5280, -1.2463, -67.1151
Hunter-Lab	82.4011, -41.3562, 13.3475

Details

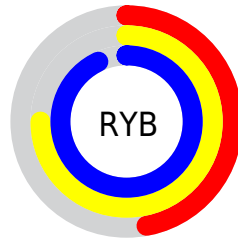
The YIQ color **196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **159.4720, 55.6540, 37.6540**, and the grayscale version is **197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231.5210, -44.6080, -17.5680**, and **138.6740, -59.0010, -37.5690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188.3260, -67.0690, -45.5410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204.7300, -44.2390, -29.7670**.

Distribution



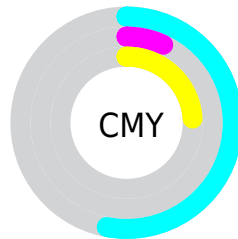
- Red (47%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 196.5280,
-55.6540, -37.6540

■ 196.5280,
-55.6540, -37.6540

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 167.4570,
-56.8920, -37.2440

■ 231.4070,
-44.2870, -17.8790

■ 139.2610,
-59.2760, -38.0920

■ 240.9470,
-28.0120, -9.9640

■ 106.5200,
-70.3710, -40.7630

■ 249.9170,
-10.1320, -3.6040

■ 84.2220, -63.5400,
-37.9080

■ 66.3380, -49.0070,
-31.4630

■ 49.1550, -35.0700,
-25.2300

■ 32.6730, -21.7290,

-19.2090

■ 17.0230, -7.9750,
-15.1670

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 196.5280,
-55.6540, -37.6540

■ 196.5280,
-55.6540, -37.6540

■ 188.3260,
-67.0690, -45.5410

■ 204.7300,
-44.2390, -29.7670

■ 180.5370,
-78.2090, -52.9050

■ 212.5190,
-33.0990, -22.4030

■ 172.3350,
-89.6240, -60.7920

■ 220.7210,
-21.6840, -14.5160

■ 164.5460,
-100.7640, -68.1560

■ 228.5100,
-10.5440, -7.1520

■ 156.3440,
-112.1790, -76.0430

■ 236.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 155.6320,
-113.0500, -76.7780

■ 242.7070, 8.4350,
6.8270

■ 243.7330, 5.5460,
9.6260

■ 243.8470, 5.2250,
9.9370

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204.5210, -10.2180, -35.0980



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



184.6750, -104.3000, -37.1000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



210.3350, -25.4480, 9.6560



206.7330, 49.1040, 2.1600

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



159.4720, 55.6540, 37.6540

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205.6680, 39.7020, 18.3740



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



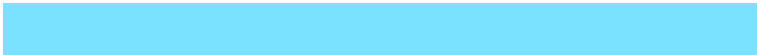
218.2740, 12.0530, 29.3730

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



197.6230, -71.0180, -12.5060



211.7440, 25.3490, 30.7010



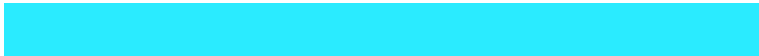
212.4430, 52.3160, -12.0040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



179.5730, -121.4480, -34.6960



211.7440, 25.3490, 30.7010



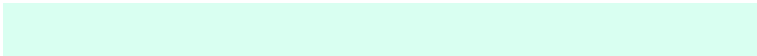
205.7530, 46.3520, 7.9840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



242.0420, -18.1540, -12.4100



200.9490, -6.2720, -51.5520



120.0970, -10.8190, -7.6750



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



203.8800, -71.7450, -48.9050



192.5110, -65.0110, -16.7470



113.2550, -5.2720, -3.5760



119.3570, -86.6900, -58.8980



35.5740, -25.7640, -17.6680

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159.4720, 55.6540, 37.6540



156.0060, 72.0660, 48.5940



163.4890, 65.0110, 16.7470



109.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760



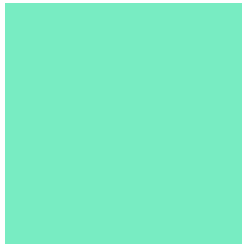
61.6430, 86.6900, 58.8980



18.3120, 26.0850, 17.3570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

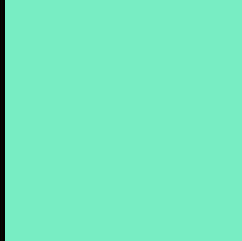
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

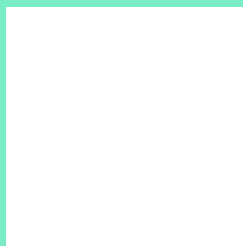
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540.



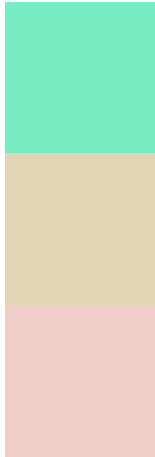
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540.

-37.6540.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540

Protanopia

213.0540, 17.1030, -7.0970

Deuteranopia

215.1830, 21.5940, 5.1300



Tritanopia

202.9460, -61.8020, -14.3300

Trichromacy



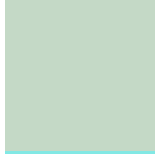
Original Color

196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



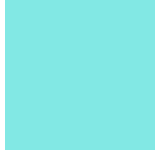
Protanomaly

206.8440, -9.0290, -18.0930



Deuteranomaly

208.5550, -6.4170, -10.3610



Tritanomaly

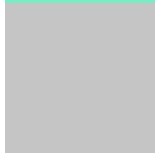
201.0460, -59.5080, -22.8680

Monochromacy



Original Color

196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540



Achromatopsia

197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

196.7320, -20.2170, -13.5690

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 236, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 236, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 236, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 236, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 236, 194) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 236, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 236, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 236, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 236, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 236,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 196.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 236, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
236, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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