

Converting Colors

YIQ(196.6220, -52.0820,
-14.2740)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(196.6220, -52.0820,
-14.2740)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8ADCE6
RGB	138, 220, 230
RGB Percent	54%, 86%, 90%
CMY	0.4590, 0.1371, 0.0982
CMYK	0.40, 0.04, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	186°, 65%, 72%
HSV	186°, 40%, 90%
XYZ	50.3508, 62.3138, 84.1966
YIQ	196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

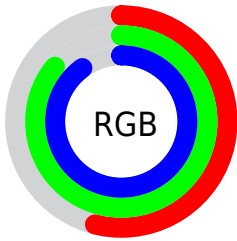
Format	Color
RYB	138, 181, 230
Decimal	9100518
CIELab	83.08, -22.50, -12.75
CIELCh	83, 25.859, 209.529
Yxy	62.3138, 0.2558, 0.3165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287290598 (0xFF8ADCE6)
YUV	196.6220, 16.4554, -51.4115
Hunter-Lab	78.9391, -24.2883, -7.9815

Details

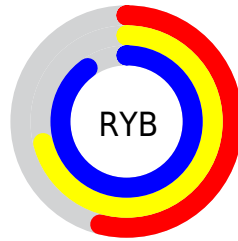
The YIQ color **196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **171.3780, 52.0820, 14.2740**, and the grayscale version is **196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237.0600, -35.7600, -12.7200**, and **141.0240, -53.2740, -14.6980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188.5710, -65.2400, -18.1040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205.2600, -39.1990, -10.9670**.

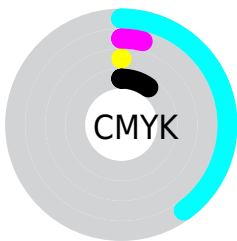
Distribution



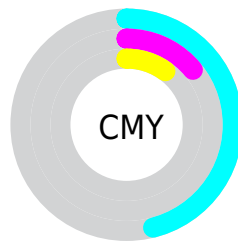
- Red (54%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 196.6220,
-52.0820, -14.2740

■ 196.6220,
-52.0820, -14.2740

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 168.6220,
-52.0820, -14.2740

■ 237.0600,
-35.7600, -12.7200

■ 140.9100,
-52.9530, -15.0090

■ 245.7310,
-18.4760, -6.5720

■ 113.1270,
-55.0620, -15.3340

■ 254.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 83.2290, -64.2770,
-19.0370

■ 62.7140, -55.3370,
-15.8570

■ 45.8900, -41.0330,
-10.7690

■ 30.4680, -27.9210,

-6.1050

■ 15.1600, -15.1300,
-1.1300

■ 0.2280, -0.6420,
0.6220

■ 196.6220,
-52.0820, -14.2740

■ 196.6220,
-52.0820, -14.2740

■ 188.5710,
-65.2400, -18.1040

■ 205.2600,
-39.1990, -10.9670

■ 179.9330,
-78.1230, -21.4110

■ 213.3110,
-26.0410, -7.1370

■ 171.8820,
-91.2810, -25.2410

■ 221.3620,
-12.8830, -3.3070

■ 163.2440,
-104.1640, -28.5480

■ 230.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 155.1930,
-117.3220, -32.3780

■ 238.0510, 13.1580,
3.8300

■ 146.5550,
-130.2050, -35.6850

■ 240.4100, 13.5250,
2.6850

■ 241.5840, 12.9750,
1.6390

■ 243.3450, 12.1500,
0.0700

■ 244.5190, 11.6000,
-0.9760

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197.4630, -38.6930, -20.1410



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



199.6150, -50.2040, -4.2520

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



210.9010, 14.3010, 21.6690



205.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



171.3780, 52.0820, 14.2740

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208.1170, 39.1550, 0.7470



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



211.1880, 32.3660, 19.1660

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



209.4620, -9.4480, 17.0480



209.3380, 40.3910, 11.3910



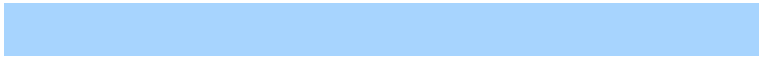
203.2280, 7.3850, -18.2070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



203.3330, -40.3020, 3.5220



209.3380, 40.3910, 11.3910



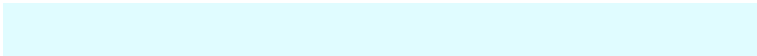
206.4810, 31.9580, -6.4900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



243.9700, -17.6510, -5.0030



193.0300, -28.1890, -45.3170



121.4440, -10.1780, -2.7700



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



210.8910, -69.1370, -19.0650



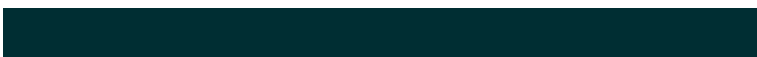
170.2070, -39.7070, 9.2610



110.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



113.7390, -101.1840, -27.4880



32.8160, -29.0210, -8.1970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174.8560, 28.5100, 45.0060



181.9040, 37.7230, 59.7630



197.7930, 39.7070, -9.2610



107.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650



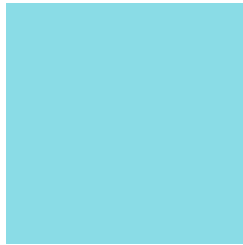
71.6470, 55.6450, 87.3970



20.4930, 15.6300, 25.1180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

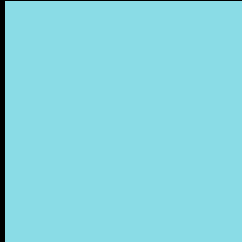
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

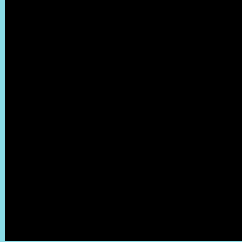
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740.

-14.2740.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740

Protanopia

206.7100, -4.8150, 4.6650

Deuteranopia

208.3500, -3.4410, 12.8070



Tritanopia

197.4310, -52.8620, -11.1500

Trichromacy



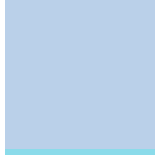
Original Color

196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



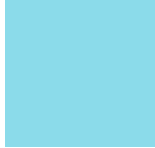
Protanomaly

202.9250, -21.7780, -1.7940



Deuteranomaly

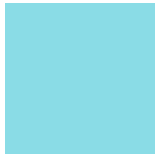
204.2720, -21.1370, 3.1110



Tritanomaly

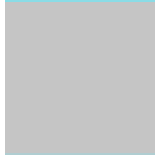
196.7900, -52.4950, -12.2950

Monochromacy



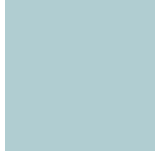
Original Color

196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740



Achromatopsia

197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

196.7850, -18.5680, -4.9040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 220, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 220, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 220, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 220, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 220, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 220, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 220, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 220, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 220, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 220,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 196.6220, -52.0820, -14.2740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 220, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
220, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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