

# Converting Colors

YIQ(196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(196.9520, 52.6810,  
-2.0950)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6B887
RGB	246, 184, 135
RGB Percent	96%, 72%, 53%
CMY	0.0352, 0.2785, 0.4703
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.45, 0.04
HSL	26°, 86%, 75%
HSV	26°, 45%, 96%
XYZ	59.5292, 55.6194, 30.5430
YIQ	196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

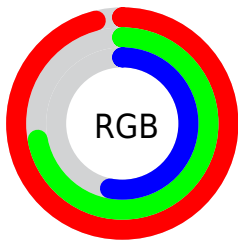
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	246, 223, 135
Decimal	16169095
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	79.40, 16.60, 33.55
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 37.436, 63.677
Yxy	55.6194, 0.4086, 0.3818
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294359175 (0xFFFF6B887)
YUV	196.9520, -30.5423, 43.0151
Hunter-Lab	74.5784, 11.9682, 27.9231

# Details

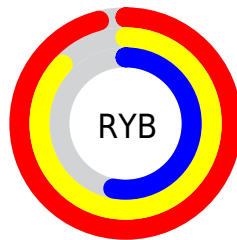
The YIQ color **196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **184.0480, -52.6810, 2.0950**, and the grayscale version is **197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238.6710, 25.3110, -12.6810**, and **142.5000, 48.1420, -2.4340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185.8840, 64.5560, -2.5480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208.0200, 40.8060, -1.6420**.

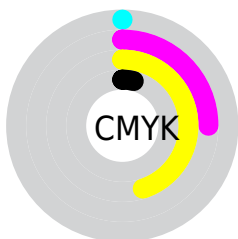
# Distribution



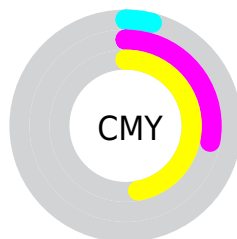
- Red (96%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



196.9520, 52.6810,  
-2.0950

196.9520, 52.6810,  
-2.0950

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

169.1690, 50.5720,  
-2.4200

238.6710, 25.3110,  
-12.6810

142.5000, 48.1420,  
-2.4340

250.6680, 12.1980,  
-11.8180

116.7170, 46.0330,  
-2.7590

253.8600, 3.2100,  
-3.1100

91.0480, 43.6030,  
-2.7730

66.8520, 41.2190,  
-3.6210

44.4540, 36.5880,  
-2.2920

24.0540, 26.2710,

2.9670

■ 8.1870, 15.7710,  
6.0350

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 196.9520, 52.6810,  
-2.0950

■ 196.9520, 52.6810,  
-2.0950

■ 185.8840, 64.5560,  
-2.5480

■ 208.0200, 40.8060,  
-1.6420

■ 174.9300, 76.1100,  
-2.6900

■ 218.3870, 29.5270,  
-0.9770

■ 164.4490, 87.7100,  
-3.6660

■ 229.4550, 17.6520,  
-0.5240

■ 153.4950, 99.2640,  
-3.8080

■ 240.4090, 6.0980,  
-0.3820

■ 142.4270,  
111.1390, -4.2610

■ 251.1350, -4.8140,  
-0.8620

■ 136.9500,  
116.9160, -4.3320

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,  
-1.9080

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.6230, 52.7700, 12.8180



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



194.1140, 34.0690, -17.2190

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



178.2960, -66.3840, -30.4160



200.1450, -9.6330, 25.9110

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



184.0480, -52.6810, 2.0950

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.5270, -43.6040, 8.3000



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



174.1210, -90.4560, -23.6720

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



185.1030, -29.2920, -30.8280



182.2510, -78.5380, -8.3780



201.9720, 24.7070, 31.3230



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



191.6170, 16.2350, -24.4130



182.2510, -78.5380, -8.3780



197.7090, -20.2690, 20.4270

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



239.1560, 17.0560, -0.7360



175.3710, 45.9330, 43.1250



117.8610, 10.6370, -0.0430



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950



194.0690, 65.4730, -2.6470



229.2370, 37.5560, -30.8600



117.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940



103.7480, 88.3060, -3.4540



32.9030, 28.0140, -1.0900



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184.0480, -52.6810, 2.0950



177.9310, -65.4730, 2.6470



151.7630, -37.5560, 30.8600



115.4770, -5.7770, 0.0710



82.2520, -88.3060, 3.4540



26.0970, -28.0140, 1.0900



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

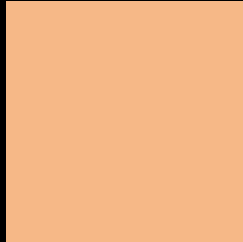
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

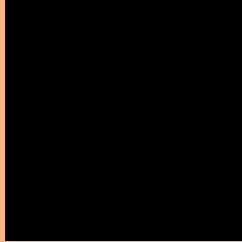
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 196.9520, 52.6810,

-2.0950.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950

### Protanopia

194.9870, 27.2370, -14.5470

### Deuteranopia

196.1960, 45.9420, -6.6180



## Tritanopia

200.6080, 39.9310, 19.7310

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950

**Protanomaly**

195.4120, 36.4060, -10.0100

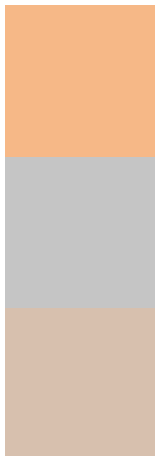
**Deuteranomaly**

196.8050, 48.6010, -5.2470

**Tritanomaly**

199.4910, 44.3340, 11.5180

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950

**Achromatopsia**

197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

196.8250, 19.4860, -0.7220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 184, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 184, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 184, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 184, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 184, 135) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 184, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 184, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 184, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 184, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 184,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 196.9520, 52.6810, -2.0950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 184, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
184, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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