

# Converting Colors

YIQ(197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(197.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3C4D0
RGB	195, 196, 208
RGB Percent	76%, 77%, 82%
CMY	0.2353, 0.2314, 0.1843
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	235°, 12%, 79%
HSV	235°, 6%, 82%
XYZ	53.6304, 55.6361, 67.5823
YIQ	197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

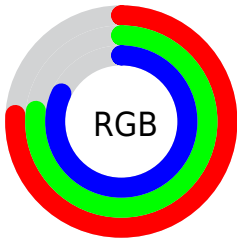
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	195, 196, 208
Decimal	12829904
CIE Lab	79.41, 1.93, -6.11
CIE LCh	79, 6.409, 287.573
Yxy	55.6361, 0.3033, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291019984 (0xFFC3C4D0)
YUV	197.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145
Hunter-Lab	74.5896, -2.1892, -1.5073

# Details

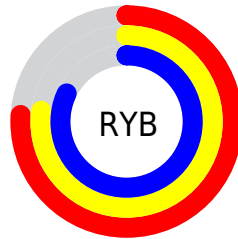
The YIQ color  $197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $205.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200$ , and the grayscale version is  $197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100$ , and  $143.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $179.6370, -11.7390, 9.0050$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $214.5010, 2.8430, -1.9650$ .

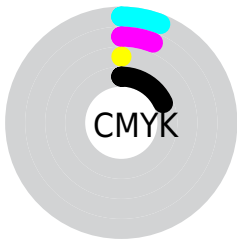
# Distribution



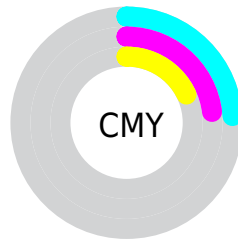
- Red (76%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 197.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200

■ 197.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 169.9550, -4.1270,  
3.2090

■ 252.9290, -1.2380,  
0.4100

■ 143.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200

■ 117.9550, -4.1270,  
3.2090

■ 92.9550, -4.1270,  
3.2090

■ 69.8410, -3.8060,  
2.8980

■ 46.8410, -3.8060,  
2.8980

■ 26.6130, -3.1640,

2.2760

■ 1.3680, -3.8520,  
3.7320

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 197.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200

■ 197.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200

■ 179.6370,  
-11.7390, 9.0050

■ 214.5010, 2.8430,  
-1.9650

■ 162.2050,  
-19.0300, 14.4900

■ 231.9330, 10.1340,  
-7.4500

■ 144.4850,  
-25.4500, 20.7100

■ 249.0550, 15.3620,  
-14.0940

■ 127.0530,  
-32.7410, 26.1950

■ 249.6420, 15.0870,  
-14.6170

■ 109.6210,  
-40.0320, 31.6800

■ 92.1890, -47.3230,  
37.1650

■ 74.7570, -54.6140,  
42.6500

■ 57.0370, -61.0340,  
48.8700

■ 39.6050, -68.3250,  
54.3550

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.1500, -9.1700, 0.9900



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



197.6460, 1.2370, 5.1170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



197.8010, 10.8660, 1.3140



194.8310, -7.0140, -5.0460

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



205.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195.4680, -1.5580, -4.8060



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



196.5510, 8.5740, -1.2020

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



198.0830, 10.1320, 3.6040



195.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200



194.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



197.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



195.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200



195.2010, -5.1800, -5.2440

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



250.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550



203.9990, -7.4270, -3.0670



125.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



240.2260, -6.3280, 4.5520



197.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030



97.6130, -3.1640, 2.2760



26.7830, -57.5030, 45.4490



6.4350, -13.9860, 11.1820



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



242.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



205.0230, 1.1930, -5.1030



98.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



51.7140, 95.9550, 39.6590

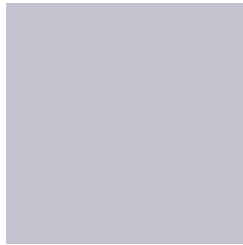


12.6010, 23.4730, 9.6250



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

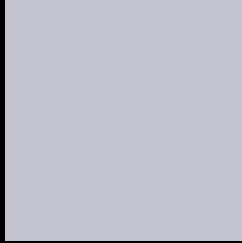
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

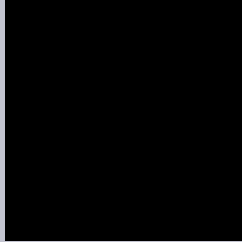
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

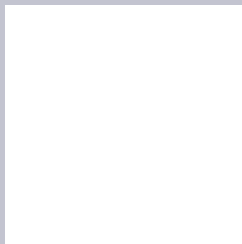
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200.



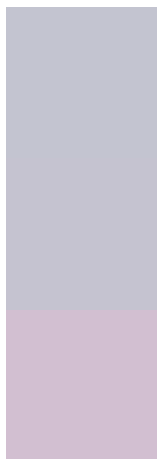
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.0690, -4.4480,

3.5200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

### Protanopia

197.0800, -2.9810, 4.4670

### Deuteranopia

198.7330, 5.5460, 9.6260



## Tritanopia

197.4110, -5.4110, 4.4530

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

## Protanomaly

196.7810, -3.5770, 4.2550

## Deuteranomaly

198.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200

## Tritanomaly

197.2970, -5.0900, 4.1420

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

## Achromatopsia

197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

197.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 196, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 196, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 196, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 196, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 196, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 196, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 196, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 196, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 196, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 196, 208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 196, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
196, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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