

Converting Colors

YIQ(197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550)
contains.

YIQ(197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(197.2060, 41.1230,
20.1550)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9ADBA
RGB	249, 173, 186
RGB Percent	98%, 68%, 73%
CMY	0.0233, 0.3217, 0.2704
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.25, 0.02
HSL	350°, 86%, 83%
HSV	350°, 31%, 98%
XYZ	62.8886, 53.5703, 53.5017
YIQ	197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

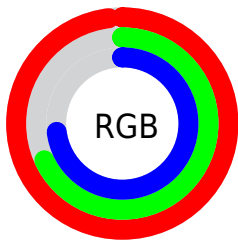
Format	Color
R _Y B	249, 173, 186
Decimal	16362938
CIE Lab	78.21, 29.61, 4.61
CIE LCh	78, 29.971, 8.849
Yxy	53.5703, 0.3700, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294553018 (0xFFF9ADBA)
YUV	197.2060, -5.5246, 45.4233
Hunter-Lab	73.1918, 25.2872, 7.8945

Details

The YIQ color **197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **224.7940, -41.1230, -20.1550**, and the grayscale version is **197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238.2560, 11.3230, 9.5550**, and **142.7110, 38.1430, 19.0950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **180.1370, 54.7390, 26.6990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214.2750, 27.5070, 13.6110**.

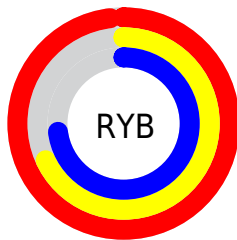
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (68%)

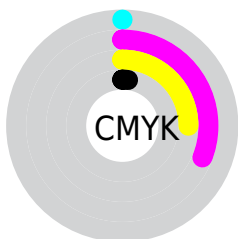
Blue (73%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (73%)

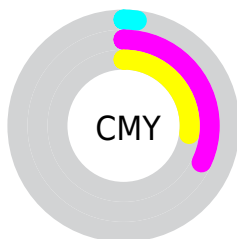


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 197.2060, 41.1230,
20.1550

■ 197.2060, 41.1230,
20.1550

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 169.6080, 39.9310,
19.7310

■ 238.2560, 11.3230,
9.5550

■ 142.7110, 38.1430,
19.0950

■ 116.2270, 36.6300,
18.9820

■ 91.3300, 34.8420,
18.3460

■ 66.5470, 32.7330,
18.0210

■ 42.1770, 30.8990,
18.2190

■ 19.3940, 28.7900,

17.8940

■ 10.8780, 21.1350,
7.9430

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 197.2060, 41.1230,
20.1550

■ 197.2060, 41.1230,
20.1550

■ 180.1370, 54.7390,
26.6990

■ 214.2750, 27.5070,
13.6110

■ 163.1820, 68.0340,
33.5540

■ 231.2300, 14.2120,
6.7560

■ 146.1130, 81.6500,
40.0980

■ 248.2990, 0.5960,
0.2120

■ 129.1580, 94.9450,
46.9530

■ 253.2060, -3.5760,
-1.2720

■ 112.0890,
108.5610, 53.4970

■ 95.6070, 121.9020,
59.5180

■ 79.3530, 134.6010,
66.1610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198.2720, 23.5620, 24.5380



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



195.9920, 47.1770, 9.5530

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



187.5860, 0.3250, -22.4190



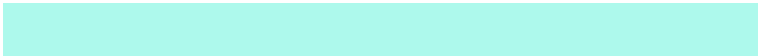
185.9720, -55.5230, -1.4670

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



224.7940, -41.1230, -20.1550

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.9780, -64.8280, -14.5560



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



183.5750, -27.5050, -24.6650

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



190.9050, 24.5320, -15.0840



180.2810, -52.8600, -22.2040



192.3930, -31.3630, 12.2290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



194.4550, 44.0150, 0.7750



180.2810, -52.8600, -22.2040



183.5860, -60.4280, -6.1880

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



239.3330, 12.4240, 6.1200



200.2020, 12.5560, 36.7800



117.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



190.9300, 50.8880, 24.9040



209.8120, 38.6960, 3.5600



116.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



60.1590, 102.3720, 50.0200



19.4930, 32.8250, 16.3530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550



190.9300, 50.8880, 24.9040



212.1880, -38.6960, -3.5600



116.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



60.1590, 102.3720, 50.0200



19.4930, 32.8250, 16.3530

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

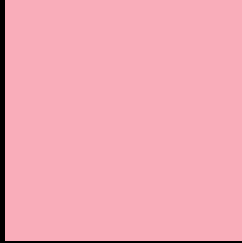
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.2060, 41.1230,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550

Protanopia

194.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800

Deuteranopia

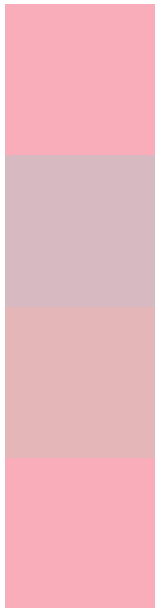
195.2150, 18.5680, 4.9040



Tritanopia

197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550

Trichromacy



Original Color

197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550

Protanomaly

195.4690, 15.0370, 8.3250

Deuteranomaly

195.9820, 26.7740, 10.3740

Tritanomaly

197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550

Monochromacy



Original Color

197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550

Achromatopsia

197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

196.9420, 15.0830, 7.4910

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 173, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 173, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 173, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 173, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 173, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 173, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 173, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 173, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 173, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 173,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.2060, 41.1230, 20.1550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 173, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
173, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor