

Converting Colors

YIQ(197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(197.4570, -20.2200,
3.0120)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4C9E1
RGB	180, 201, 225
RGB Percent	71%, 79%, 88%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2117, 0.1177
CMYK	0.20, 0.11, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	212°, 43%, 79%
HSV	212°, 20%, 88%
XYZ	53.2962, 56.9145, 79.3927
YIQ	197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

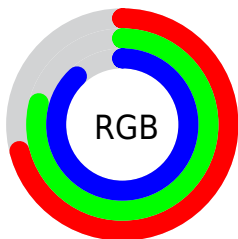
Format	Color
R_{YB}	180, 194, 225
Decimal	11848161
CIE _{Lab}	80.13, -2.05, -14.27
CIE _{LCh}	80, 14.416, 261.820
Yxy	56.9145, 0.2811, 0.3002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290038241 (0xFFB4C9E1)
YUV	197.4570, 13.5787, -15.3098
Hunter-Lab	75.4417, -5.9207, -9.5859

Details

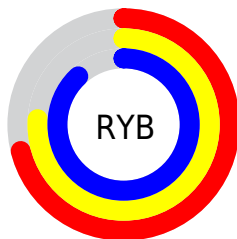
The YIQ color $197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $207.5430, 20.2200, -3.0120$, and the grayscale version is $197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $249.3190, -11.3240, -4.0280$, and $143.6420, -19.3030, 2.9130$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $183.5360, -30.6280, 4.4120$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $211.0790, -10.4080, 1.4000$.

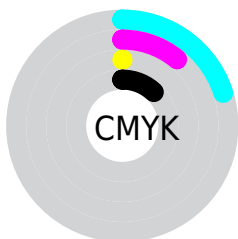
Distribution



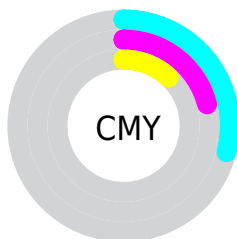
- Red (71%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 197.4570,
-20.2200, 3.0120

■ 197.4570,
-20.2200, 3.0120

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 170.3430,
-19.8990, 2.7010

■ 249.3190,
-11.3240, -4.0280

■ 143.6420,
-19.3030, 2.9130

■ 117.5280,
-18.9820, 2.6020

■ 93.1150, -19.2570,
2.0790

■ 69.3000, -18.3400,
1.9800

■ 45.8870, -18.6150,
1.4570

■ 24.4630, -20.3570,

-0.0130

■ 4.2520, -9.2170,
7.3510

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 197.4570,
-20.2200, 3.0120

■ 197.4570,
-20.2200, 3.0120

■ 183.5360,
-30.6280, 4.4120

■ 211.0790,
-10.4080, 1.4000

■ 169.9140,
-40.4400, 6.0240

■ 225.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 156.2920,
-50.2520, 7.6360

■ 238.6220, 9.8120,
-1.6120

■ 142.3710,
-60.6600, 9.0360

■ 248.0580, 11.2800,
-6.1920

■ 128.7490,
-70.4720, 10.6480

■ 251.5800, 9.6300,
-9.3300

■ 114.8280,
-80.8800, 12.0480

■ 101.2060,
-90.6920, 13.6600

■ 87.2850,
-101.1000, 15.0600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195.5330, -26.5460, -3.4900



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



200.0780, -8.6670, 8.3970

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



201.2480, 22.9690, 7.7450



195.5120, -4.8580, -11.0820

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



207.5430, 20.2200, -3.0120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.3240, 7.4750, -8.8210



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



199.9720, 23.5660, 2.4300

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



201.6480, 16.0910, 11.2510



198.9340, 17.5610, -4.3830



194.1670, -17.0080, -11.1520

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



201.0360, 0.3190, 10.7430



198.9340, 17.5610, -4.3830



195.9640, -0.3190, -10.7430

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



245.8190, -6.7400, 1.0040



209.0370, -19.7580, -16.3820



122.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



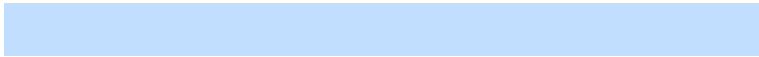
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120



217.3900, -27.2810, 4.3270



185.4290, -13.8490, 14.2070



105.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060



68.1980, -79.0460, 11.8500



18.9730, -21.7330, 2.8990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195.8490, 20.0790, 16.0710



215.4310, 27.3680, 21.6400



219.5710, 13.8490, -14.2070



104.8590, 4.9510, 3.8870



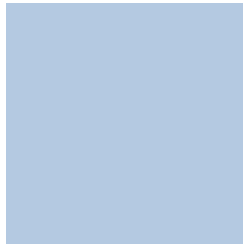
61.9720, 78.5740, 62.8140



16.9740, 21.2250, 17.3290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

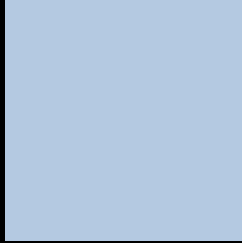
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

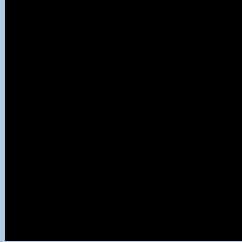
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

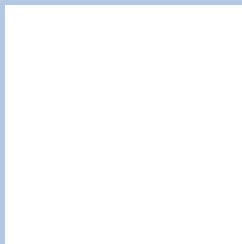
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.4570, -20.2200,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120

Protanopia

199.2520, -9.2170, 7.3510

Deuteranopia

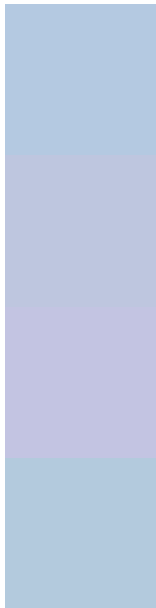
200.1650, -4.3580, 12.9060



Tritanopia

196.9470, -18.8440, 0.1000

Trichromacy



Original Color

197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120

Protanomaly

198.4580, -12.7930, 6.0790

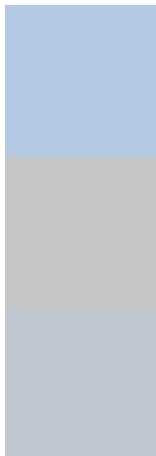
Deuteranomaly

199.1210, -10.2260, 9.1180

Tritanomaly

197.2890, -19.8070, 1.0330

Monochromacy



Original Color

197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120

Achromatopsia

197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

196.9330, -7.0610, 1.3150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 201, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 201, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 201, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 201, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 201, 225) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 201, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 201, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 201, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 201, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 201,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.4570, -20.2200, 3.0120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 201, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
201, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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