

Converting Colors

YIQ(197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500)
contains.

YIQ(197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(197.5920, -25.0340,
2.1500)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFCBE5
RGB	175, 203, 229
RGB Percent	69%, 80%, 90%
CMY	0.3138, 0.2039, 0.1021
CMYK	0.24, 0.11, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	209°, 51%, 79%
HSV	209°, 24%, 90%
XYZ	53.1736, 57.4854, 82.3997
YIQ	197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

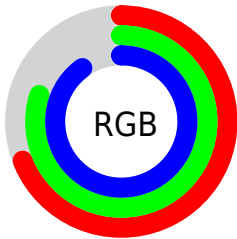
Format	Color
RYB	175, 193, 229
Decimal	11520997
CIELab	80.45, -3.75, -15.96
CIELCh	80, 16.395, 256.785
Yxy	57.4854, 0.2754, 0.2978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289711077 (0xFFAFCBE5)
YUV	197.5920, 15.4841, -19.8132
Hunter-Lab	75.8191, -7.4974, -11.3626

Details

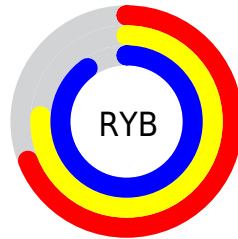
The YIQ color $197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $206.4080, 25.0340, -2.1500$, and the grayscale version is $197.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $247.8240, -14.3040, -5.0880$, and $143.7770, -24.1170, 2.0510$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $184.2580, -35.7170, 3.0270$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $210.9260, -14.3510, 1.2730$.

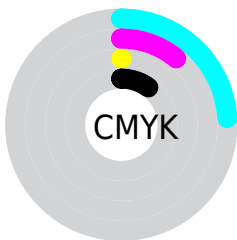
Distribution



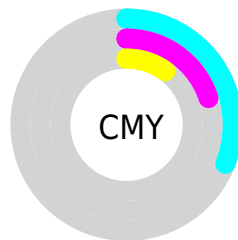
- Red (69%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 197.5920,
-25.0340, 2.1500

■ 197.5920,
-25.0340, 2.1500

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 170.4780,
-24.7130, 1.8390

■ 247.8240,
-14.3040, -5.0880

■ 143.6630,
-23.7960, 1.7400

■ 117.6630,
-23.7960, 1.7400

■ 92.5490, -23.4750,
1.4290

■ 69.0220, -23.4290,
0.5950

■ 45.3100, -24.3000,
-0.1400

■ 23.8970, -24.5750,

-0.6630

■ 6.2410, -10.6840,
6.4040

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 197.5920,
-25.0340, 2.1500

■ 197.5920,
-25.0340, 2.1500

■ 184.2580,
-35.7170, 3.0270

■ 210.9260,
-14.3510, 1.2730

■ 170.9240,
-46.4000, 3.9040

■ 224.2600, -3.6680,
0.3960

■ 157.5900,
-57.0830, 4.7810

■ 237.5940, 7.0150,
-0.4810

■ 144.2560,
-67.7660, 5.6580

■ 247.3400, 10.5460,
-3.9020

■ 131.2210,
-77.8530, 6.7470

■ 252.0360, 8.3460,
-8.0860

■ 117.8870,
-88.5360, 7.6240

■ 104.5530,
-99.2190, 8.5010

■ 95.9590,
-106.2340, 8.9820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195.1410, -31.3140, -5.1860



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



200.3380, -12.3350, 8.7930

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



202.0850, 24.9860, 9.7380



196.5290, -3.5280, -13.1600

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



206.4080, 25.0340, -2.1500

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198.0640, 11.1430, -9.2170



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



201.4670, 26.5460, 3.4900

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



203.0010, 16.5950, 13.1310



199.6140, 21.4580, -3.4220



194.5150, -18.1080, -13.2440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



201.8940, -2.1570, 11.5630



199.6140, 21.4580, -3.4220



196.8070, 1.5610, -11.7750

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



244.3350, -8.2530, 0.8910



209.5480, -22.8750, -20.4670



121.7760, -5.1810, 0.2830



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



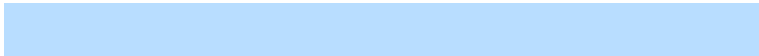
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



213.8130, -32.9660, 2.7300



182.3300, -17.8840, 15.7480



107.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940



74.9970, -83.0340, 7.0300



21.0760, -23.5210, 2.2630

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.3380, 23.1960, 20.1560



209.4470, 30.4390, 26.5590



221.6700, 17.8840, -15.7480



107.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100



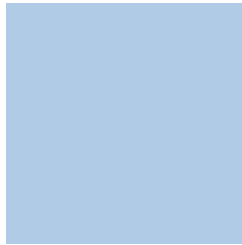
64.1230, 76.8310, 66.8710



18.2130, 22.0500, 18.8980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

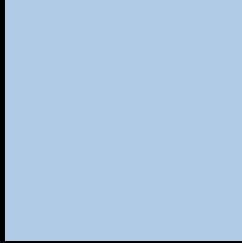
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

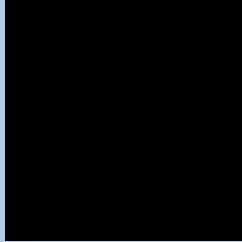
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

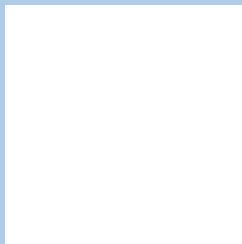
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.5920, -25.0340,

2.1500.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500

Protanopia

200.2950, -10.7760, 8.0720

Deuteranopia

201.2080, -5.9170, 13.6270



Tritanopia

196.6690, -23.9330, -1.2850

Trichromacy



Original Color

197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500

Protanomaly

199.4900, -15.8190, 5.8530

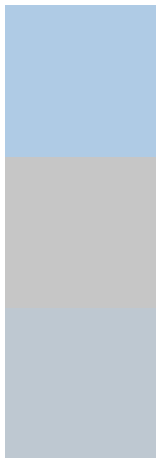
Deuteranomaly

199.5660, -12.9770, 9.4150

Tritanomaly

197.3100, -24.3000, -0.1400

Monochromacy



Original Color

197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500

Achromatopsia

198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

198.0360, -8.8490, 0.6790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 203, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 203, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 203, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 203, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 203, 229) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 203, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 203, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 203, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 203, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 203,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 203, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
203, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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