

Converting Colors

YIQ(197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(197.6660, -1.5150,
10.9410)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBBFDA
RGB	203, 191, 218
RGB Percent	80%, 75%, 85%
CMY	0.2039, 0.2510, 0.1451
CMYK	0.07, 0.12, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	267°, 27%, 80%
HSV	267°, 12%, 85%
XYZ	55.9155, 55.0192, 73.9977
YIQ	197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

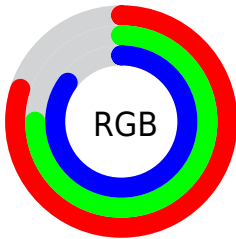
Format	Color
R _Y B	203, 191, 218
Decimal	13352922
CIE Lab	79.05, 9.25, -11.96
CIE LCh	79, 15.115, 307.720
Yxy	55.0192, 0.3024, 0.2975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291543002 (0xFFCBBFDA)
YUV	197.6660, 10.0247, 4.6779
Hunter-Lab	74.1749, 4.7530, -7.2259

Details

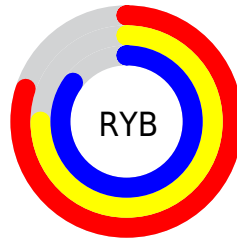
The YIQ color $197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $211.3340, 1.5150, -10.9410$, and the grayscale version is $198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $250.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840$, and $144.1390, -1.4690, 10.1070$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $181.1640, -2.6170, 19.9030$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $214.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790$.

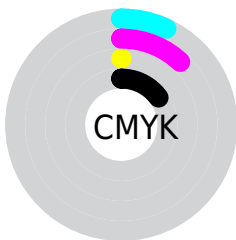
Distribution



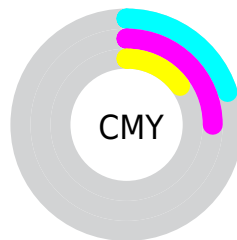
- Red (80%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 197.6660, -1.5150,
10.9410

■ 197.6660, -1.5150,
10.9410

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 170.5520, -1.1940,
10.6300

■ 250.3040, 2.2000,
4.1840

■ 144.1390, -1.4690,
10.1070

■ 118.1390, -1.4690,
10.1070

■ 93.6120, -1.4230,
9.2730

■ 69.6120, -1.4230,
9.2730

■ 47.1990, -1.6980,
8.7500

■ 26.6720, -1.6520,

7.9160

■ 2.9920, -5.5490,
6.9550

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 197.6660, -1.5150,
10.9410

■ 197.6660, -1.5150,
10.9410

■ 181.1640, -2.6170,
19.9030

■ 214.1680, -0.4130,
1.9790

■ 164.6620, -3.7190,
28.8650

■ 230.6700, 0.6890,
-6.9830

■ 148.7470, -5.0960,
37.3040

■ 245.9980, 2.3410,
-14.8990

■ 132.2450, -6.1980,
46.2660

■ 249.5860, 9.4930,
-12.3550

■ 115.7430, -7.3000,
55.2280

■ 250.7820, 11.8770,
-11.5070

■ 98.9420, -8.9980,
63.9780

■ 82.4400, -10.1000,
72.9400

■ 66.5250, -11.4770,
81.3790

■ 53.8550, -12.1660,
88.3620

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195.7890, -15.2230, 6.0650



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



198.2500, 11.4600, 12.5800

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



196.3800, 22.2370, -1.0190



190.8720, -23.4270, -10.4590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



211.3340, 1.5150, -10.9410

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.6790, -12.6980, -12.1700



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



194.9010, 13.1600, -7.2240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



198.0370, 24.9410, 5.0450



193.0350, 0.9190, -11.1530



191.1690, -28.5170, -6.3170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



198.3170, 18.5210, 11.2650



193.0350, 0.9190, -11.1530



190.9000, -20.6300, -11.5900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



247.3360, -0.8260, 3.9580



202.8830, -12.7920, 0.5520



122.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410



226.4150, -2.0660, 15.4220



201.5530, 6.2330, 13.6970



101.7490, -0.5510, 4.4810



42.7450, -9.6410, 70.1270



11.2240, -2.8460, 18.5460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200.7830, 11.2770, 10.3890



230.7560, 15.9070, 14.5870



207.4470, -6.2330, -13.6970



102.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



62.6710, 72.2920, 66.5320



16.6040, 19.3910, 17.5270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

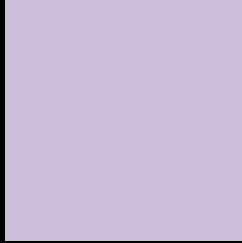
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

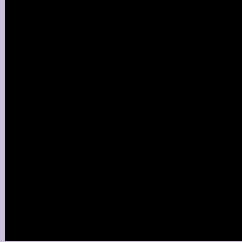
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.6660, -1.5150,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410

Protanopia

196.3660, -9.5380, 7.6620

Deuteranopia

197.9650, -0.9190, 11.1530



Tritanopia

197.1020, -0.0470, 6.3610

Trichromacy



Original Color

197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410

Protanomaly

196.8610, -6.5580, 8.7220

Deuteranomaly

197.9650, -0.9190, 11.1530

Tritanomaly

197.2700, -0.4600, 8.3400

Monochromacy



Original Color

197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410

Achromatopsia

198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

197.6350, -0.2300, 4.1700

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 191, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 191, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 191, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 191, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

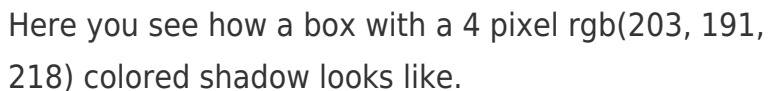
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 191, 218) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 191, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 191, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 191, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 191, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 191,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 191, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
191, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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