

# Converting Colors

YIQ(197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(197.9030, 46.3500,  
19.0380)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FEADB3
RGB	254, 173, 179
RGB Percent	100%, 68%, 70%
CMY	0.0037, 0.3217, 0.2979
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	356°, 98%, 84%
HSV	356°, 32%, 100%
XYZ	63.9697, 54.2109, 49.7643
YIQ	197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

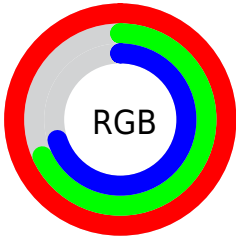
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 173, 179
Decimal	16690611
CIE Lab	78.58, 30.48, 9.02
CIE LCh	79, 31.790, 16.482
Yxy	54.2109, 0.3809, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294880691 (0xFFFEADB3)
YUV	197.9030, -9.3192, 49.1971
Hunter-Lab	73.6280, 26.2358, 11.4663

# Details

The YIQ color **197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **229.0970, -46.3500, -19.0380**, and the grayscale version is **198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237.4580, 13.5700, 7.3780**, and **143.4080, 43.3700, 17.9780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **180.6060, 60.6080, 24.9600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215.3140, 31.7710, 13.4270**.

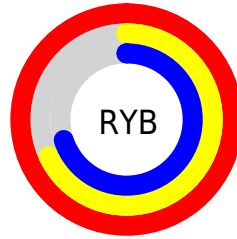
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (68%)

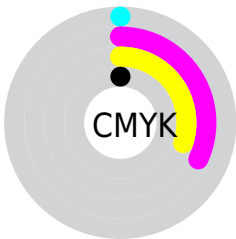
Blue (70%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (70%)

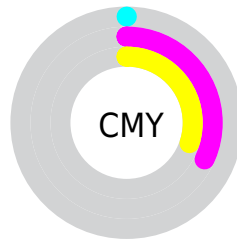


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



197.9030, 46.3500,  
19.0380

197.9030, 46.3500,  
19.0380

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

170.3050, 45.1580,  
18.6140

237.4580, 13.5700,  
7.3780

143.4080, 43.3700,  
17.9780

116.6250, 41.2610,  
17.6530

91.8420, 39.1520,  
17.3280

66.7600, 36.4470,  
16.7910

42.5040, 34.2920,  
17.3000

19.4930, 32.8250,

16.3530

■ 11.4760, 22.3270,  
8.3670

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 197.9030, 46.3500,  
19.0380

■ 197.9030, 46.3500,  
19.0380

■ 180.6060, 60.6080,  
24.9600

■ 215.3140, 31.7710,  
13.4270

■ 162.6080, 75.4620,  
31.0940

■ 233.1980, 17.2380,  
6.9820

■ 145.3110, 89.7200,  
37.0160

■ 250.6090, 2.6590,  
1.3710

■ 127.3130,  
104.5740, 43.1500

254.7010, -0.5960,  
-0.2120

■ 110.0160,  
118.8320, 49.0720

■ 92.6050, 133.4110,  
54.6830

■ 78.1120, 145.2850,  
59.7570

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199.2190, 31.0810, 25.9370



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



196.3680, 48.8740, 6.3300

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



187.1120, -7.1480, -24.6520



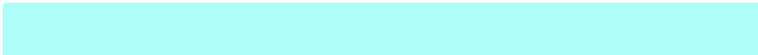
187.5640, -54.1940, 1.9820

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



229.0970, -46.3500, -19.0380

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180.6940, -69.7800, -12.9160



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



182.9590, -37.4540, -26.0780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



191.3450, 20.1770, -18.7590



179.4910, -62.2590, -22.5710



195.1380, -26.0910, 15.8050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



194.9340, 43.9240, -3.0840



179.4910, -62.2590, -22.5710



185.3950, -61.2080, -3.0640

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



237.5890, 14.5790, 5.6110



204.3600, 18.1030, 40.8790



116.8980, 9.2150, 3.7030



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



187.8010, 55.5650, 22.7410



217.1770, 38.9260, -0.6100



119.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



58.7050, 109.3420, 44.8460



19.7060, 36.5390, 15.1230



# Inverse Universe

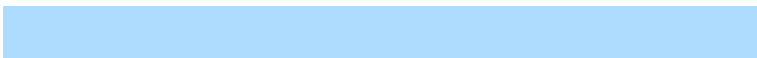
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380



187.8010, 55.5650, 22.7410



209.8230, -38.9260, 0.6100



119.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



58.7050, 109.3420, 44.8460



19.7060, 36.5390, 15.1230



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

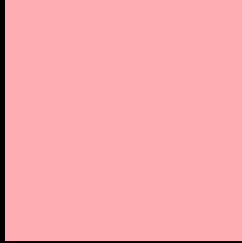
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.9030, 46.3500,

19.0380.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380

### Protanopia

195.1530, 3.9430, 0.1270

### Deuteranopia

196.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



## Tritanopia

198.2990, 45.2950, 21.6390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380

## Protanomaly

195.9810, 19.3470, 7.3070

## Deuteranomaly

196.9670, 31.1300, 8.5220

## Tritanomaly

198.0710, 45.9370, 21.0170

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380

## Achromatopsia

198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

197.8990, 16.6420, 6.7700

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 173, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 173, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 173, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 173, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 173, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 173, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 173, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 173, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 173, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 173,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.9030, 46.3500, 19.0380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 173, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
173, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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