

Converting Colors

YIQ(197.9460, -106.5010,
-35.7570)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(197.9460, -106.5010,
-35.7570)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4AFAFF
RGB	74, 250, 255
RGB Percent	29%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.7102, 0.0193, 0.0004
CMYK	0.71, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	182°, 100%, 64%
HSV	182°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	55.0570, 77.0819, 106.4924
YIQ	197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

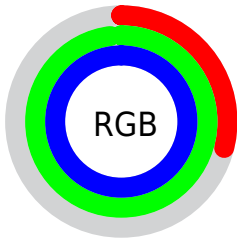
Format	Color
RYB	74, 163, 255
Decimal	4913919
CIELab	90.36, -41.64, -15.15
CIELCh	90, 44.314, 199.988
Yxy	77.0819, 0.2307, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283103999 (0xFF4AFAFF)
YUV	197.9460, 28.1276, -108.7006
Hunter-Lab	87.7963, -41.7062, -10.4584

Details

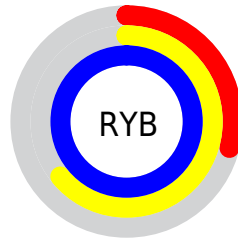
The YIQ color **197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **131.0540, 106.5010, 35.7570**, and the grayscale version is **198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **222.7080, -64.3680, -22.8960**, and **135.8630, -116.6330, -39.3610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **189.5850, -121.7220, -40.7460**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206.0080, -91.8760, -30.9800**.

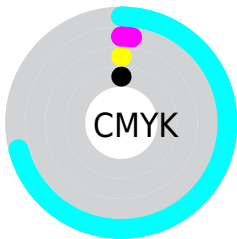
Distribution



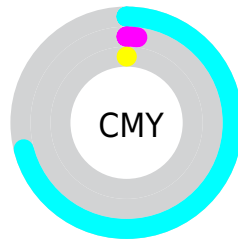
- Red (29%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

197.9460,
-106.5010, -35.7570

197.9460,
-106.5010, -35.7570

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

156.0890,
-132.1290, -44.8730

222.7080,
-64.3680, -22.8960

135.8630,
-116.6330, -39.3610

232.2760,
-45.2960, -16.1120

116.3490,
-100.2660, -33.1140

241.8440,
-26.2240, -9.3280

97.4220, -84.1740,
-27.3900

251.4120, -7.1520,
-2.5440

79.3100, -68.9990,
-21.5670

61.7850, -54.0990,
-16.2670

45.0750, -40.1160,

-10.8680

■ 29.5390, -26.6830,
-6.5150

■ 5.5400, -10.0880,
6.6160

■ 197.9460,
-106.5010, -35.7570

■ 197.9460,
-106.5010, -35.7570

■ 189.5850,
-121.7220, -40.7460

■ 206.0080,
-91.8760, -30.9800

■ 182.1100,
-136.6220, -46.0460

■ 213.7820,
-76.3800, -25.4680

■ 174.6460,
-150.0550, -50.3990

■ 221.8440,
-61.7550, -20.6910

■ 230.2050,
-46.5340, -15.7020

■ 237.6800,
-31.6340, -10.4020

■ 246.0410,
-16.4130, -5.4130

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207.5920, -61.7060, -38.1060



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



196.7940, -103.0170, -32.8170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



226.2370, 13.4750, 25.6270



221.8010, 45.2560, -16.2160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



131.0540, 106.5010, 35.7570

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



215.8630, 42.6860, -2.6740



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



218.9990, 20.0770, 27.1250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



222.7720, -16.5530, 8.1430



214.0970, 33.8800, 13.7520



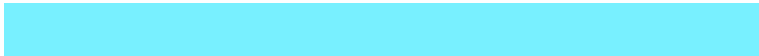
221.8750, 24.0760, -28.8520

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



205.8300, -76.3350, -20.7750



214.0970, 33.8800, 13.7520



219.3220, 45.3470, -12.3570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



238.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



180.5890, -50.7380, -93.7300



117.8450, -18.7970, -6.2610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



186.5950, -127.6820, -42.8660



145.7030, -82.0260, 10.7900



123.5260, -7.4730, -2.2330



130.9560, -112.4610, -37.8770



43.6900, -37.5940, -12.5220

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148.1830, 51.3800, 93.1080



126.9370, 61.6010, 111.6250



182.7100, 82.3010, -10.2670



120.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



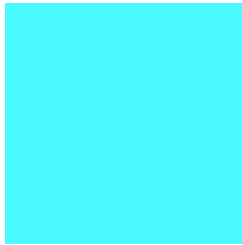
78.3130, 54.1300, 98.3380



26.2040, 18.2420, 32.8500

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

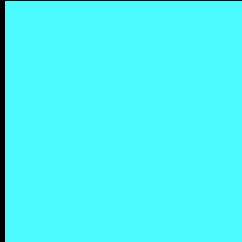
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570.



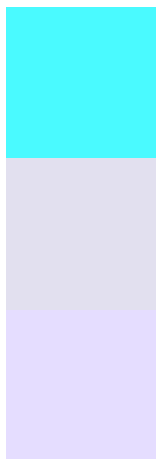
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570.

-35.7570.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570

Protanopia

226.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890

Deuteranopia

227.2680, -6.1460, 12.2700



Tritanopia

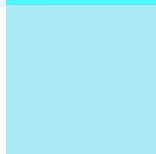
215.0880, -59.3260, -15.1500

Trichromacy



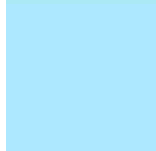
Original Color

197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



Protanomaly

215.8300, -40.8040, -9.4120



Deuteranomaly

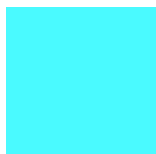
216.9810, -42.5470, -5.3550



Tritanomaly

208.7760, -76.2430, -22.4430

Monochromacy



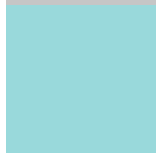
Original Color

197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570



Achromatopsia

198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

198.0920, -38.7860, -12.9460

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 250, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 250, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 250, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 250, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 250, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 250, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 250, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 250, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 250, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 250,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.9460, -106.5010, -35.7570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 250, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 250,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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