

# Converting Colors

YIQ(197.9530, 32.6040,  
-29.2200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(197.9530, 32.6040,  
-29.2200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3D070
RGB	211, 208, 112
RGB Percent	83%, 82%, 44%
CMY	0.1726, 0.1843, 0.5606
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.47, 0.17
HSL	58°, 53%, 63%
HSV	58°, 47%, 83%
XYZ	52.3432, 60.1289, 24.1917
YIQ	197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

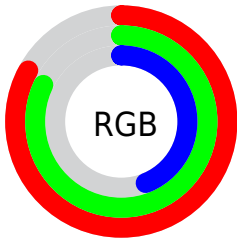
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	115, 211, 112
Decimal	13881456
CIELab	81.91, -12.18, 47.67
CIELCh	82, 49.205, 104.334
Yxy	60.1289, 0.3830, 0.4400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292071536 (0xFFD3D070)
YUV	197.9530, -42.3748, 11.4422
Hunter-Lab	77.5428, -15.2085, 35.7828

# Details

The YIQ color **197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **125.0470, -32.6040, 29.2200**, and the grayscale version is **198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244.8540, 28.5690, -27.6790**, and **143.3980, 29.8530, -28.9230** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194.9720, 39.6200, -35.2280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **200.9340, 25.5880, -23.2120**.

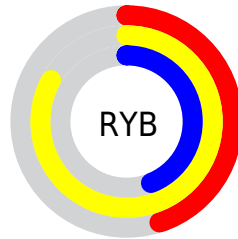
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (82%)

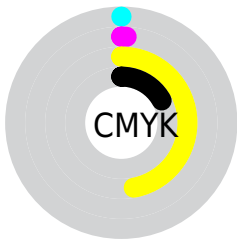
Blue (44%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (44%)

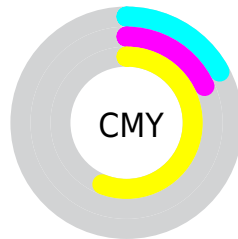


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 197.9530, 32.6040,  
-29.2200

■ 197.9530, 32.6040,  
-29.2200

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 170.4690, 31.0910,  
-29.3330

■ 244.8540, 28.5690,  
-27.6790

■ 143.3980, 29.8530,  
-28.9230

■ 247.9320, 19.9020,  
-19.2820

■ 117.0990, 29.2570,  
-29.1350

■ 251.2380, 10.5930,  
-10.2630

■ 90.8880, 31.2290,  
-31.8350

■ 254.5440, 1.2840,  
-1.2440

■ 68.7980, 22.9750,  
-25.4170

■ 47.8220, 14.4000,  
-18.6880

■ 28.0200, 5.2750,

-13.0050

■ 7.6310, -3.5750,  
-6.7990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 197.9530, 32.6040,  
-29.2200

■ 197.9530, 32.6040,  
-29.2200

■ 194.9720, 39.6200,  
-35.2280

■ 200.9340, 25.5880,  
-23.2120

■ 192.5780, 46.3610,  
-41.7590

■ 203.3280, 18.8470,  
-16.6810

■ 189.5970, 53.3770,  
-47.7670

■ 206.3090, 11.8310,  
-10.6730

■ 186.6160, 60.3930,  
-53.7750

■ 209.2900, 4.8150,  
-4.6650

■ 184.2220, 67.1340,  
-60.3060

■ 211.7980, -2.2470,  
2.1770

■ 183.4240, 69.3810,  
-62.4830

■ 214.7790, -9.2630,  
8.1850

■ 216.6030,  
-14.3990, 13.1610

■ 217.1900,  
-14.6740, 12.6380

■ 217.7770,  
-14.9490, 12.1150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202.3470, 61.3940, -11.3260



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



192.1850, -9.3920, -39.0560

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



160.5580, -143.4550, -37.8470



202.2550, 31.4000, 36.6800

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



125.0470, -32.6040, 29.2200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207.0550, 8.4760, 33.6280



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



177.9990, -95.6840, -17.0280

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



159.4860, -134.9250, -49.2690



197.8870, -35.8100, 10.2220



195.1360, 47.3120, 23.6320



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



185.5370, -42.6780, -41.5420



197.8870, -35.8100, 10.2220



205.7260, 25.7600, 39.7760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



250.3090, 11.8310, -10.6730



141.9430, 58.0410, 21.9210



124.9050, 7.3370, -6.3190



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200



236.3500, 47.0030, -42.3810



185.9600, 4.3630, -40.5410



103.1590, 3.8060, -2.8980



145.9130, 55.3030, -49.6330



35.7390, 13.4360, -12.2280



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125.0470, -32.6040, 29.2200



131.2370, -47.2780, 41.8580



137.0400, -4.3630, 40.5410



95.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210



22.0870, -55.3030, 49.6330

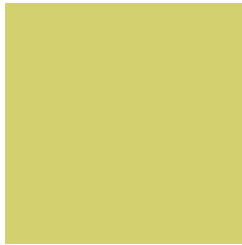


5.2610, -13.4360, 12.2280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

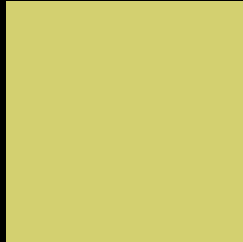
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

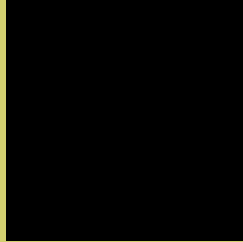
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200.

-29.2200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200

### Protanopia

199.3780, 41.7730, -24.6830

### Deuteranopia

201.1400, 57.5430, -13.1210



## Tritanopia

206.1850, 10.0850, 9.9650

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200

## Protanomaly

198.4700, 38.5180, -26.2660

## Deuteranomaly

200.0740, 48.7410, -18.8030

## Tritanomaly

203.2330, 18.1570, -4.1710

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200

## Achromatopsia

198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

198.3090, 11.8310, -10.6730

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 208, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 208, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 208, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 208, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 208, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 208, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 208, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 208, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 208, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 208,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 197.9530, 32.6040, -29.2200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 208, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
208, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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