

Converting Colors

YIQ(198.0400, -31.8670,
10.3490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(198.0400, -31.8670,
10.3490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEC8FB
RGB	174, 200, 251
RGB Percent	68%, 78%, 98%
CMY	0.3177, 0.2156, 0.0158
CMYK	0.31, 0.20, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	220°, 90%, 83%
HSV	220°, 31%, 98%
XYZ	55.5166, 57.2738, 99.3607
YIQ	198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

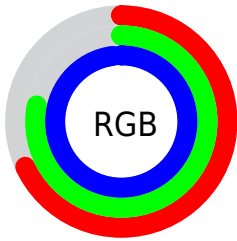
Format	Color
RYB	174, 193, 251
Decimal	11454715
CIELab	80.33, 2.73, -27.90
CIELCh	80, 28.032, 275.582
Yxy	57.2738, 0.2617, 0.2700
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289644795 (0xFFAEC8FB)
YUV	198.0400, 26.1093, -21.0831
Hunter-Lab	75.6795, -1.4959, -24.8671

Details

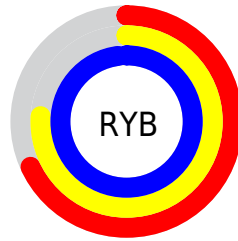
The YIQ color **198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **226.9600, 31.8670, -10.3490**, and the grayscale version is **198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247.8240, -14.3040, -5.0880**, and **143.6980, -30.9040, 9.4160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **180.5860, -42.0920, 13.9400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215.4940, -21.6420, 6.7580**.

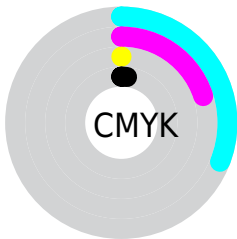
Distribution



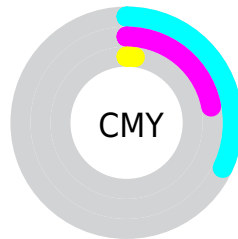
- Red (68%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 198.0400,
-31.8670, 10.3490

■ 198.0400,
-31.8670, 10.3490

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 170.5130,
-31.8210, 9.5150

■ 247.8240,
-14.3040, -5.0880

■ 143.6980,
-30.9040, 9.4160

■ 117.8720,
-31.4540, 8.3700

■ 92.3450, -31.4080,
7.5360

■ 67.3340, -32.8750,
6.5890

■ 41.7030, -38.4680,
3.3240

■ 24.5470, -29.1610,

5.3590

■ 6.1900, -14.6740,
12.6380

■ 3.2090, -7.6580,
6.6300

■ 198.0400,
-31.8670, 10.3490

■ 198.0400,
-31.8670, 10.3490

■ 180.5860,
-42.0920, 13.9400

■ 215.4940,
-21.6420, 6.7580

■ 163.7190,
-52.5920, 17.0080

■ 232.3610,
-11.1420, 3.6900

■ 146.2650,
-62.8170, 20.5990

■ 249.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 129.3980,
-73.3170, 23.6670

■ 254.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 111.9440,
-83.5420, 27.2580

■ 94.1910, -94.3630,
30.6370

■ 78.5090,
-103.9460, 33.6060

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192.0000, -52.7260, -2.5980



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



202.4950, -5.0470, 19.8890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



201.8500, 44.7010, 10.3730



190.9670, -22.7370, -22.9690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



226.9600, 31.8670, -10.3490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194.6080, 3.2590, -20.5250



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



199.7210, 40.2100, -1.8540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



202.9390, 37.5010, 19.7170



197.5570, 25.6320, -12.9920



187.6300, -46.5330, -21.2290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



203.1720, 12.1000, 23.0120



197.5570, 25.6320, -12.9920



192.4580, -13.9340, -22.8140

Sweetspot

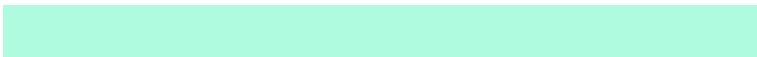
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



239.3180, -9.5830, 2.9690



224.8990, -37.2250, -24.7210



117.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490



190.5000, -38.9740, 12.4980



186.3660, -17.5650, 26.4910



116.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280



59.1140, -78.2690, 25.3070



19.2810, -25.3560, 7.9880

Inverse Universe

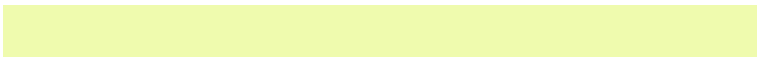
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199.9870, 37.5460, 24.4100



192.7540, 45.7520, 29.8800



238.6340, 17.5650, -26.4910



116.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110



63.8070, 92.1000, 59.9720



20.6330, 29.6150, 19.4630

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

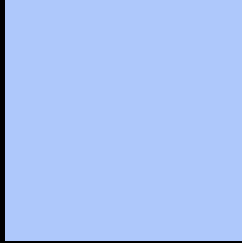
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

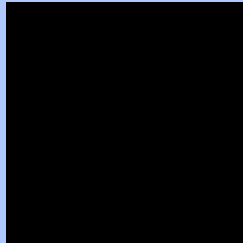
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

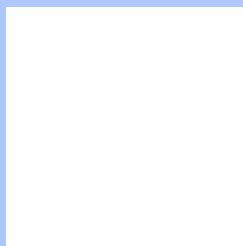
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 198.0400, -31.8670,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490

Protanopia

199.6390, -23.2480, 13.8400

Deuteranopia

200.3020, -20.6810, 16.8790



Tritanopia

195.8750, -27.5090, -2.5570

Trichromacy



Original Color

198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490

Protanomaly

199.1440, -26.2280, 12.7800

Deuteranomaly

199.6820, -24.8070, 14.5610

Tritanomaly

196.5530, -29.2980, 2.3340

Monochromacy



Original Color

198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490

Achromatopsia

198.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

198.0620, -11.7380, 3.4780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 200, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 200, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 200, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 200, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 200, 251) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 200, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 200, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 200, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 200, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 200,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 198.0400, -31.8670, 10.3490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 200, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
200, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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