

# Converting Colors

YIQ(198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(198.6430, 23.6550,  
17.3430)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E8B5CA
RGB	232, 181, 202
RGB Percent	91%, 71%, 79%
CMY	0.0901, 0.2903, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.13, 0.09
HSL	335°, 53%, 81%
HSV	335°, 22%, 91%
XYZ	60.4724, 54.4658, 63.2151
YIQ	198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

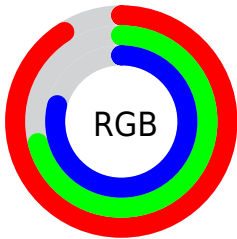
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 181, 202
Decimal	15250890
CIE Lab	78.73, 21.71, -3.51
CIE LCh	79, 21.993, 350.805
Yxy	54.4658, 0.3394, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293440970 (0xFFE8B5CA)
YUV	198.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541
Hunter-Lab	73.8009, 17.1110, 0.8751

# Details

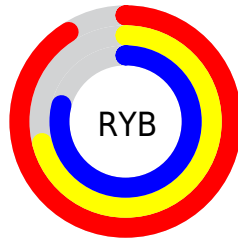
The YIQ color **198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **214.3570, -23.6550, -17.3430**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140**, and **144.6320, 22.1880, 16.3960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **183.5460, 34.4740, 25.0180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213.7400, 12.8360, 9.6680**.

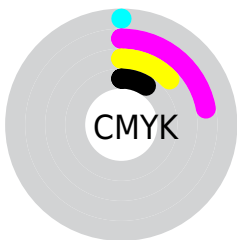
# Distribution



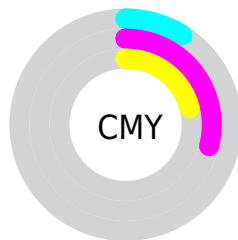
- Red (91%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 198.6430, 23.6550,  
17.3430


 198.6430, 23.6550,  
17.3430


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 171.3440, 23.0590,  
17.1310


 244.4340, 4.9500,  
9.4140

 144.6320, 22.1880,  
16.3960

 118.3330, 21.5920,  
16.1840

 93.3220, 20.1250,  
15.2370

 69.7240, 18.9330,  
14.8130

 46.1260, 17.7410,  
14.3890

 23.9410, 16.8240,

14.4880

■ 9.1270, 16.0000,  
7.3920

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 198.6430, 23.6550,  
17.3430

■ 198.6430, 23.6550,  
17.3430

■ 183.5460, 34.4740,  
25.0180

■ 213.7400, 12.8360,  
9.6680

■ 168.5630, 44.9720,  
33.0040

■ 228.7230, 2.3380,  
1.6820

■ 152.8790, 56.0660,  
41.2020

■ 244.4070, -8.7560,  
-6.5160

■ 137.7820, 66.8850,  
48.8770

■ 248.1230,  
-13.7080, -4.8760

■ 122.7990, 77.3830,  
56.8630

■ 107.7020, 88.2020,  
64.5380

■ 92.7190, 98.7000,  
72.5240

■ 80.3120, 107.4560,  
79.0400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198.0740, 6.3240, 17.5560



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



198.0430, 33.9720, 12.0840

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



192.3150, 11.6940, -13.6980



188.2690, -43.4180, -6.0900

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



214.3570, -23.6550, -17.3430

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186.3090, -40.8950, -13.2710



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



189.8550, -7.5620, -17.1460

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



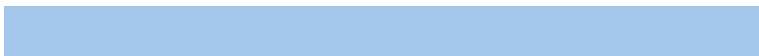
198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



194.6700, 27.0520, -5.6840



187.5030, -27.0020, -17.2580



192.3400, -33.0120, 3.5640



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



196.9520, 35.4860, 6.6700



187.5030, -27.0020, -17.2580



187.3890, -43.8760, -8.8040

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



243.2940, 8.1600, 6.3040



195.7840, 1.5090, 22.2210



120.8590, 4.9510, 3.8870



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



211.8120, 30.6690, 22.3890



198.5970, 29.2960, 8.7200



107.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



61.9570, 82.9300, 60.9620



17.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



211.8120, 30.6690, 22.3890



214.4030, -29.2960, -8.7200



107.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



61.9570, 82.9300, 60.9620



17.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

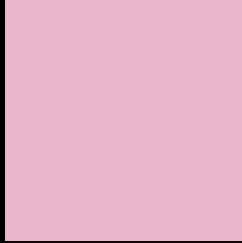
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

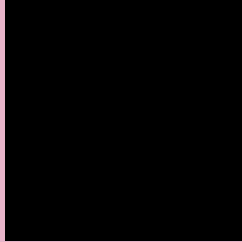
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 198.6430, 23.6550,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430

### Protanopia

195.8240, -5.1360, 4.9760

### Deuteranopia

197.1310, 10.1770, 8.2970



## Tritanopia

198.2470, 24.7100, 14.7420

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430

## Protanomaly

196.7330, 5.5460, 9.6260

## Deuteranomaly

197.5770, 14.8530, 11.6610

## Tritanomaly

198.4750, 24.0680, 15.3640

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430

## Achromatopsia

199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

198.5930, 8.7560, 6.5160

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 181, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 181, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 181, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 181, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 181, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 181, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 181, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 181, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 181, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 181,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 198.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 181, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
181, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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