

Converting Colors

YIQ(198.6710, -62.9460,
-26.6420)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(198.6710, -62.9460,
-26.6420)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AE9DF
RGB	122, 233, 223
RGB Percent	48%, 91%, 87%
CMY	0.5218, 0.0861, 0.1257
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.04, 0.09
HSL	175°, 72%, 70%
HSV	175°, 48%, 91%
XYZ	50.4794, 67.7612, 80.1871
YIQ	198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

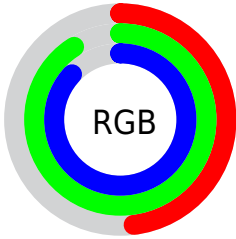
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 180, 233
Decimal	8055263
CIE _{Lab}	85.89, -34.25, -4.94
CIE _{LCh}	86, 34.609, 188.213
Yxy	67.7612, 0.2544, 0.3415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286245343 (0xFF7AE9DF)
YUV	198.6710, 11.9942, -67.2405
Hunter-Lab	82.3172, -34.5935, -0.1338

Details

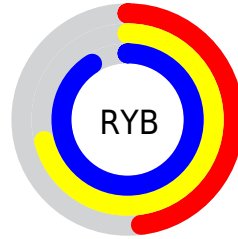
The YIQ color **198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **156.3290, 62.9460, 26.6420**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **232.8740, -44.1040, -15.6880**, and **140.9910, -66.8430, -27.6030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191.5660, -76.0120, -32.1400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205.7760, -49.8800, -21.1440**.

Distribution



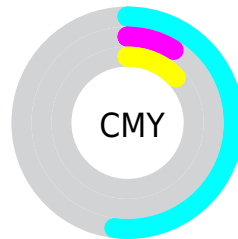
- Red (48%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 198.6710,
-62.9460, -26.6420

■ 198.6710,
-62.9460, -26.6420

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 170.0730,
-64.1380, -27.0660

■ 232.8740,
-44.1040, -15.6880

■ 140.9910,
-66.8430, -27.6030

■ 241.5450,
-26.8200, -9.5400

■ 108.6090,
-77.5710, -31.4190

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,
-3.1800

■ 86.0120, -71.3360,
-28.7760

■ 67.9000, -56.1610,
-22.9530

■ 51.1900, -42.1780,
-17.5540

■ 34.5940, -28.5160,

-11.8440

■ 20.4600, -16.2750,
-7.9150

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 198.6710,
-62.9460, -26.6420

■ 198.6710,
-62.9460, -26.6420

■ 191.5660,
-76.0120, -32.1400

■ 205.7760,
-49.8800, -21.1440

■ 184.1620,
-89.6740, -37.8500

■ 213.1800,
-36.2180, -15.4340

■ 177.0570,
-102.7400, -43.3480

■ 220.2850,
-23.1520, -9.9360

■ 169.8380,
-115.4850, -49.1570

■ 227.3900,
-10.0860, -4.4380

■ 162.4340,
-129.1470, -54.8670

■ 234.6090, 2.6590,
1.3710

■ 160.9390,
-132.1270, -55.9270

■ 239.9200, 12.1490,
5.5970

■ 240.1480, 11.5070,
6.2190

■ 240.3760, 10.8650,
6.8410

■ 240.6040, 10.2230,
7.4630

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203.4880, -31.8140, -29.1740



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



198.0410, -78.3070, -18.0750

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



217.3000, -0.0040, 22.1080



214.2500, 45.8500, -4.9500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



156.3290, 62.9460, 26.6420

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210.7740, 41.8590, 6.8110



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



217.4830, 21.5900, 27.2380

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



210.8890, -30.1240, 6.2920



211.3730, 33.2830, 19.0670



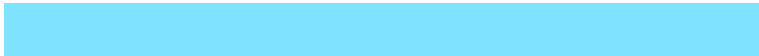
212.3630, 28.9340, -17.7700

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



200.2920, -68.5880, -12.4920



211.3730, 33.2830, 19.0670



212.4720, 45.3450, -1.3030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



243.8940, -20.4930, -8.5650



190.4460, -23.9690, -55.7210



121.1940, -12.4700, -5.2860



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



210.1630, -82.2470, -34.7830



173.9830, -54.0560, -0.5200



113.5970, -6.2350, -2.6430



125.0570, -102.7400, -43.3480



37.2840, -30.5790, -13.0030

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.3290, 62.9460, 26.6420



154.8370, 82.2470, 34.7830



181.0170, 54.0560, 0.5200



109.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



55.9430, 102.7400, 43.3480



16.7160, 30.5790, 13.0030

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

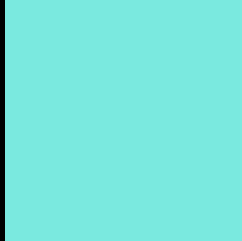
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

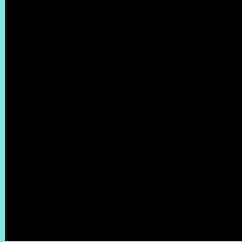
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

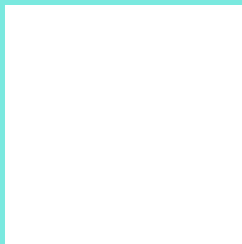
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420.



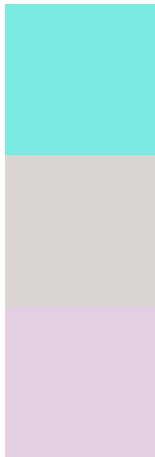
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420.

-26.6420.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420

Protanopia

213.6800, 3.8970, 0.9610

Deuteranopia

215.3740, 5.1790, 10.7710



Tritanopia

201.5650, -65.1030, -15.0790

Trichromacy



Original Color

198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



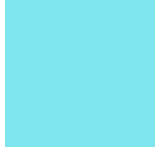
Protanomaly

208.3670, -20.4470, -9.3990



Deuteranomaly

209.0670, -19.3020, -2.6140



Tritanomaly

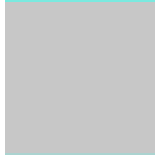
200.2290, -64.2770, -19.0370

Monochromacy



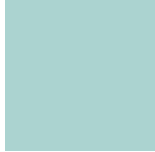
Original Color

198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420



Achromatopsia

199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

198.6980, -22.8770, -9.4130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 233, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 233, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 233, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 233, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 233, 223) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 233, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 233, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 233, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 233, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 233,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 198.6710, -62.9460, -26.6420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 233, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
233, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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