

Converting Colors

YIQ(199.0390, -31.2670,
-11.5470)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(199.0390, -31.2670,
-11.5470)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | A2D7D6 |
| RGB | 162, 215, 214 |
| RGB Percent | 64%, 84%, 84% |
| CMY | 0.3648, 0.1568, 0.1609 |
| CMYK | 0.25, 0.00, 0.00, 0.16 |
| HSL | 179°, 40%, 74% |
| HSV | 179°, 25%, 84% |
| XYZ | 51.3334, 61.1437, 72.6936 |
| YIQ | 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

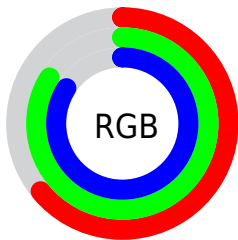
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 162, 189, 215 |
| Decimal | 10672086 |
| CIELab | 82.46, -17.20, -5.05 |
| CIELCh | 82, 17.921, 196.363 |
| Yxy | 61.1437, 0.2772, 0.3302 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288862166 (0xFFA2D7D6) |
| YUV | 199.0390, 7.3758, -32.4832 |
| Hunter-Lab | 78.1944, -19.6577, -0.3830 |

Details

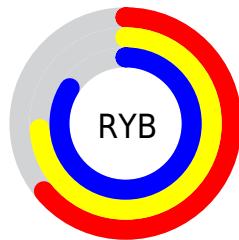
The YIQ color **199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **177.9610, 31.2670, 11.5470**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.9370, -22.0520, -7.8440**, and **144.6370, -30.0750, -11.1230** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192.4610, -44.3790, -16.2110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205.3180, -18.7510, -7.0950**.

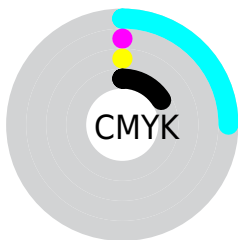
Distribution



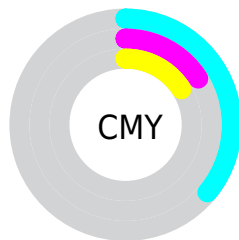
- Red (64%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 199.0390,
-31.2670, -11.5470

■ 199.0390,
-31.2670, -11.5470

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 171.3380,
-30.6710, -11.3350

■ 243.9370,
-22.0520, -7.8440

■ 144.6370,
-30.0750, -11.1230

■ 252.6080, -4.7680,
-1.6960

■ 118.6370,
-30.0750, -11.1230

■ 93.0500, -29.8000,
-10.6000

■ 68.4520, -30.9920,
-11.0240

■ 42.7610, -36.3560,
-12.9320

■ 27.3390, -23.2440,

-8.2680

■ 11.5580, -10.4990,
-2.4590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 199.0390,
-31.2670, -11.5470

■ 199.0390,
-31.2670, -11.5470

■ 192.4610,
-44.3790, -16.2110

■ 205.3180,
-18.7510, -7.0950

■ 186.0680,
-56.5740, -20.9740

■ 212.0100, -5.9600,
-2.1200

■ 179.4900,
-69.6860, -25.6380

■ 218.2890, 6.5560,
2.3320

■ 173.0970,
-81.8810, -30.4010

■ 224.9810, 19.3470,
7.3070

■ 166.5190,
-94.9930, -35.0650

■ 227.0740, 23.5190,
8.7910

■ 160.1260,
-107.1880, -39.8280

■ 227.1880, 23.1980,
9.1020

■ 153.5480,
-120.3000, -44.4920

■ 227.3020, 22.8770,
9.4130

■ 150.2590,
-126.8560, -46.8240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200.0910, -19.8500, -14.7140



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



200.1730, -34.3400, -5.4120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



207.6990, 2.8860, 13.7820



205.2830, 23.8880, -3.4080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



177.9610, 31.2670, 11.5470

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.9620, 29.5260, 4.5500



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



208.5390, 18.0160, 14.9120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



205.6800, -13.2980, 9.7260



208.2810, 27.3700, 10.5860



203.7220, 12.1060, -10.1500

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



202.0750, -30.9480, -0.8040



208.2810, 27.3700, 10.5860



206.4190, 26.5010, -1.2030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



249.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160



193.7090, -13.3830, -27.2950



124.5970, -6.2350, -2.6430



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



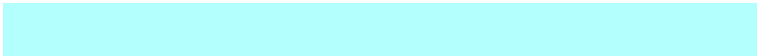
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470



232.0480, -44.6540, -16.7340



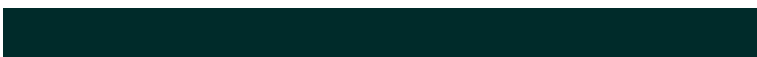
184.4780, -24.7130, 1.8390



103.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320



119.4150, -100.6320, -37.4960



30.0290, -25.3070, -9.4270

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177.9610, 31.2670, 11.5470



201.8380, 44.9750, 16.4230



192.5220, 24.7130, -1.8390



99.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



51.4710, 100.9530, 37.1850



12.9710, 25.3070, 9.4270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

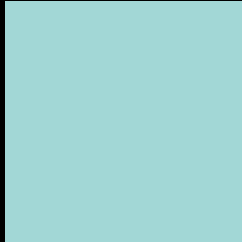
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470.



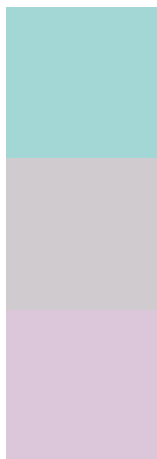
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470.

-11.5470.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470

Protanopia

204.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920

Deuteranopia

207.0320, 6.1420, 9.8380



Tritanopia

200.5860, -34.0650, -4.8890

Trichromacy



Original Color

199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470

Protanomaly

202.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590

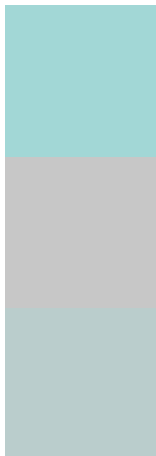
Deuteranomaly

204.1610, -7.7030, 1.9370

Tritanomaly

200.1900, -33.0100, -7.4900

Monochromacy



Original Color

199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470

Achromatopsia

199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

199.2050, -11.0030, -4.3390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 215, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 215, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 215, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 215, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 215, 214) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 215, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 215, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 215, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 215, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 215,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 199.0390, -31.2670, -11.5470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 215, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
215, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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