

# Converting Colors

YIQ(199.0560, -3.5740,  
-12.3260)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(199.0560, -3.5740,  
-12.3260)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCD0B6
RGB	188, 208, 182
RGB Percent	74%, 82%, 71%
CMY	0.2628, 0.1843, 0.2863
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.13, 0.18
HSL	106°, 22%, 76%
HSV	106°, 13%, 82%
XYZ	51.7366, 59.1826, 52.9534
YIQ	199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

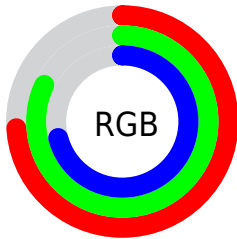
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	182, 208, 202
Decimal	12374198
CIE Lab	81.39, -11.55, 10.64
CIE LCh	81, 15.698, 137.346
Yxy	59.1826, 0.3157, 0.3612
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290564278 (0xFFBCD0B6)
YUV	199.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961
Hunter-Lab	76.9302, -14.5842, 13.0401

# Details

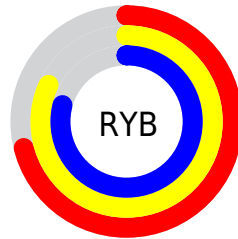
The YIQ color  $199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $190.9440, 3.5740, 12.3260$ , and the grayscale version is  $199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $249.7730, -1.0990, -7.6190$ , and  $145.4690, -3.2990, -11.8030$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $191.8780, -6.3690, -22.2490$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $206.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030$ .

# Distribution



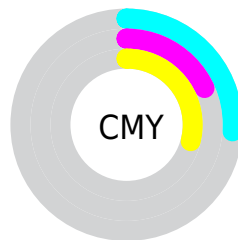
- Red (74%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 199.0560, -3.5740,  
-12.3260

■ 199.0560, -3.5740,  
-12.3260

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 171.4690, -3.2990,  
-11.8030

■ 249.7730, -1.0990,  
-7.6190

■ 145.4690, -3.2990,  
-11.8030

■ 119.5830, -3.6200,  
-11.4920

■ 94.9960, -3.3450,  
-10.9690

■ 71.1100, -3.6660,  
-10.6580

■ 48.5230, -3.3910,  
-10.1350

■ 27.2350, -2.5200,

-9.4000

■ 5.8700, -2.7500,  
-5.2300

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 199.0560, -3.5740,  
-12.3260

■ 199.0560, -3.5740,  
-12.3260

■ 191.8780, -6.3690,  
-22.2490

■ 206.2340, -0.7790,  
-2.4030

■ 184.7000, -9.1640,  
-32.1720

■ 213.4120, 2.0160,  
7.5200

■ 177.6360,  
-12.2800, -41.7840

■ 220.4760, 5.1320,  
17.1320

■ 170.4580,  
-15.0750, -51.7070

■ 226.5140, 11.1370,  
23.9450

■ 163.2800,  
-17.8700, -61.6300

■ 227.4110, 12.9250,  
24.5810

■ 156.1020,  
-20.6650, -71.5530

■ 148.9240,  
-23.4600, -81.4760

■ 141.8600,  
-26.5760, -91.0880

■ 136.4480,  
-28.5920, -98.6080

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200.8790, 10.2260, -9.1180



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



197.2270, -17.2370, -12.5090

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



200.0760, -23.5210, 2.2630



204.7860, 24.3900, 9.5260

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



190.9440, 3.5740, 12.3260

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205.2890, 15.7240, 12.3960



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



203.1100, -11.6930, 8.1710

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



198.0380, -29.5260, -4.5500



204.6450, 2.9780, 12.1140



204.1680, 25.9500, 3.2780



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



197.1600, -24.2980, -11.1940



204.6450, 2.9780, 12.1140



205.0570, 22.1890, 10.8690

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



251.4680, -1.5580, -4.8060



201.5140, 9.9960, -4.9480



125.7070, -0.7330, -3.2370



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

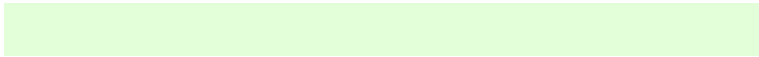


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260



241.9970, -5.0860, -17.9660



198.0600, -9.3970, -11.4210



101.0550, -1.8330, -5.3290



110.2770, -22.9560, -79.5960



26.7580, -5.9110, -19.5350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190.9440, 3.5740, 12.3260



230.0030, 5.0860, 17.9660



191.9400, 9.3970, 11.4210



97.6460, 1.2370, 5.1170



58.0220, 23.5520, 79.8080

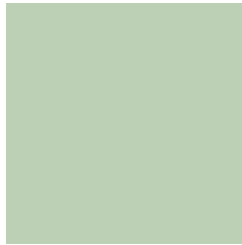


13.9430, 5.3150, 19.3230



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

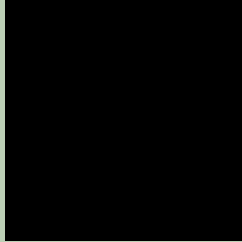
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.0560, -3.5740,

-12.3260.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260

### Protanopia

201.4820, 13.0220, -4.7220

### Deuteranopia

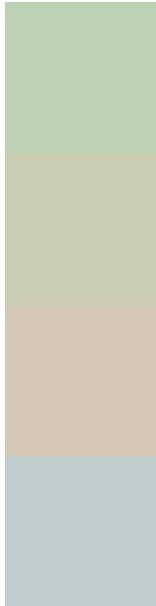
203.7270, 22.8780, 3.8860



## Tritanopia

202.1330, -10.5000, 3.0680

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260

## Protanomaly

200.9650, 7.1080, -7.6760

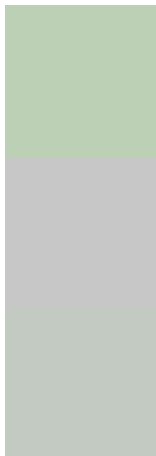
## Deuteranomaly

202.0630, 12.8840, -2.2200

## Tritanomaly

201.2270, -8.0690, -2.4450

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260

## Achromatopsia

199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

198.8810, -1.2830, -4.2830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 208, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 208, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 208, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 208, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 208, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 208, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 208, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 208, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 208, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 208,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 199.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 208, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
208, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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