

# Converting Colors

YIQ(199.0980, -74.4540,  
-27.3340)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(199.0980, -74.4540,  
-27.3340)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FEDEB
RGB	111, 237, 235
RGB Percent	44%, 93%, 92%
CMY	0.5650, 0.0704, 0.0787
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.01, 0.07
HSL	179°, 78%, 68%
HSV	179°, 53%, 93%
XYZ	51.8300, 69.9674, 89.3138
YIQ	199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

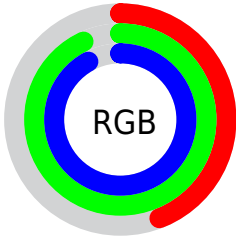
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">111, 175, 237</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7335403</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.98, -35.39, -9.67</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">87, 36.687, 195.276</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">69.9674, 0.2455, 0.3314</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285525483 (0xFF6FEDEB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">199.0980, 17.6997, -77.2619</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.6465, -35.7773, -4.7545</a>

# Details

The YIQ color **199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **148.9020, 74.4540, 27.3340**, and the grayscale version is **199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230.1830, -49.4680, -17.5960**, and **138.3140, -83.9900, -30.7260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191.9220, -88.7580, -32.4220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206.2740, -60.1500, -22.2460**.

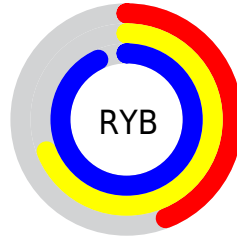
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (93%)

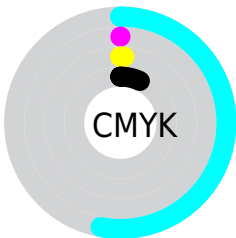
Blue (92%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (93%)

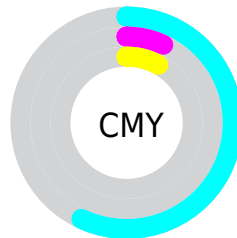


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



199.0980,  
-74.4540, -27.3340

199.0980,  
-74.4540, -27.3340

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

169.6030,  
-77.4340, -28.3940

230.1830,  
-49.4680, -17.5960

138.3140,  
-83.9900, -30.7260

239.1530,  
-31.5880, -11.2360

107.8400,  
-91.4630, -32.9590

248.1230,  
-13.7080, -4.8760

89.0270, -75.6920,  
-26.9240

71.5020, -60.7920,  
-21.6240

54.0910, -46.2130,  
-16.0130

37.3810, -32.2300,

-10.6140

■ 23.2470, -19.9890,  
-6.6850

■ 1.2540, -3.5310,  
3.4210

■ 199.0980,  
-74.4540, -27.3340

■ 199.0980,  
-74.4540, -27.3340

■ 191.9220,  
-88.7580, -32.4220

■ 206.2740,  
-60.1500, -22.2460

■ 184.9310,  
-102.1450, -37.6090

■ 213.2650,  
-46.7630, -17.0590

■ 177.7550,  
-116.4490, -42.6970

■ 220.4410,  
-32.4590, -11.9710

■ 170.4650,  
-130.4320, -48.0960

■ 227.7310,  
-18.4760, -6.5720

■ 165.6810,  
-139.9680, -51.4880

■ 234.6080, -4.7680,  
-1.6960

■ 241.7840, 9.5360,  
3.3920

■ 242.4960, 10.4070,  
4.1270

■ 242.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204.2740, -42.9550, -31.0110



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



199.0190, -81.2410, -19.9690

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



221.4860, 8.3400, 25.0760



216.7290, 45.7590, -8.8090

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



148.9020, 74.4540, 27.3340

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212.4380, 42.6850, 2.8530



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



217.0270, 22.8740, 25.9940

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



214.7760, -22.3760, 9.0480



211.8630, 34.6590, 16.1550



213.8030, 24.5790, -21.4450

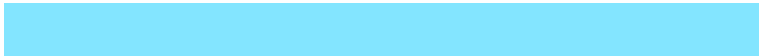


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



202.6620, -66.7540, -12.6900



211.8630, 34.6590, 16.1550



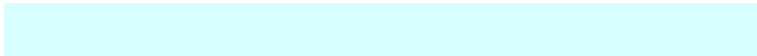
214.8370, 45.5750, -5.4730

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



242.6270, -24.1150, -9.0030



186.1580, -32.2660, -65.0500



120.4110, -14.5790, -5.6110



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



205.9210, -96.1850, -35.4890



164.6930, -58.8710, 4.1450



113.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320



126.5390, -106.9130, -39.3050



37.7400, -31.8630, -11.7590



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148.9020, 74.4540, 27.3340



141.0790, 96.1850, 35.4890



183.3070, 58.8710, -4.1450



109.2890, 6.5560, 2.3320



54.4610, 106.9130, 39.3050

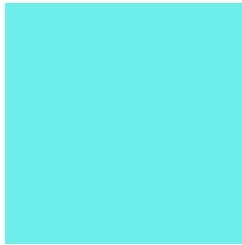


16.2600, 31.8630, 11.7590



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

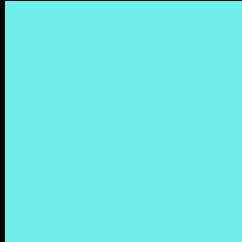
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

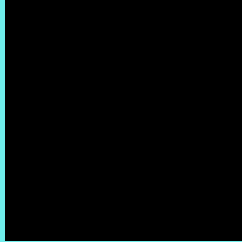
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340.



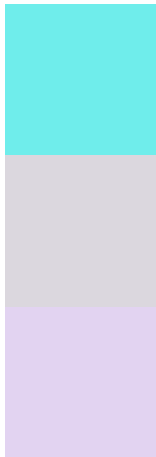
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340

### Protanopia

216.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250

### Deuteranopia

218.9050, -0.6900, 12.5100



## Tritanopia

201.4820, -75.2350, -18.6830

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



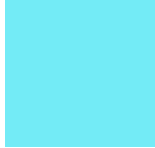
## Protanomaly

210.5990, -26.9120, -7.8720



## Deuteranomaly

211.4020, -27.5550, -1.7230



## Tritanomaly

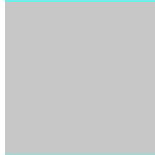
200.3740, -75.0510, -22.0190

# Monochromacy



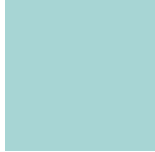
## Original Color

199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340



## Achromatopsia

199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

199.1320, -27.0950, -10.0630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 237, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 237, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 237, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 237, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 237, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 237, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 237, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 237, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 237, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 237,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 199.0980, -74.4540, -27.3340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 237, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
237, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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