

# Converting Colors

YIQ(199.5130, 36.9590,  
-25.5450)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(199.5130, 36.9590,  
-25.5450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBCE73
RGB	219, 206, 115
RGB Percent	86%, 81%, 45%
CMY	0.1412, 0.1922, 0.5488
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.47, 0.14
HSL	52°, 59%, 65%
HSV	52°, 47%, 86%
XYZ	54.3791, 60.4380, 25.0360
YIQ	199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

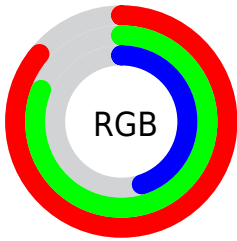
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	130, 219, 115
Decimal	14405235
CIELab	82.08, -7.66, 46.57
CIELCh	82, 47.194, 99.338
Yxy	60.4380, 0.3888, 0.4322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292595315 (0xFFDBCE73)
YUV	199.5130, -41.6649, 17.0901
Hunter-Lab	77.7419, -11.1907, 35.3256

# Details

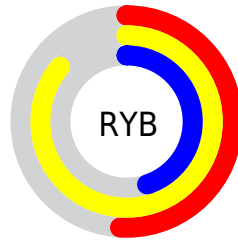
The YIQ color  $199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC66$ . A complement of this color would be  $134.4870, -36.9590, 25.5450$ , and the grayscale version is  $200.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $245.1960, 27.6060, -26.7460$ , and  $144.9580, 34.2080, -25.2480$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $195.2440, 44.8460, -30.8180$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $203.7820, 29.0720, -20.2720$ .

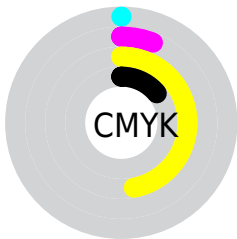
# Distribution



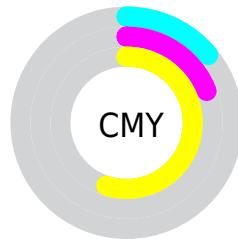
- Red (86%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 199.5130, 36.9590,  
-25.5450

■ 199.5130, 36.9590,  
-25.5450

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 172.0290, 35.4460,  
-25.6580

■ 245.1960, 27.6060,  
-26.7460

■ 144.9580, 34.2080,  
-25.2480

■ 248.2740, 18.9390,  
-18.3490

■ 118.3600, 33.0160,  
-25.6720

■ 251.5800, 9.6300,  
-9.3300

■ 92.4910, 34.0250,  
-27.4390

254.8860, 0.3210,  
-0.3110

■ 70.3040, 27.4220,  
-23.4100

■ 49.0290, 18.2510,  
-16.8930

■ 29.5260, 9.7220,

-10.9980

■ 7.6310, -3.5750,  
-6.7990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 199.5130, 36.9590,  
-25.5450

■ 199.5130, 36.9590,  
-25.5450

■ 195.2440, 44.8460,  
-30.8180

■ 203.7820, 29.0720,  
-20.2720

■ 191.5620, 52.4580,  
-36.6140

■ 207.4640, 21.4600,  
-14.4760

■ 187.2930, 60.3450,  
-41.8870

■ 211.7330, 13.5730,  
-9.2030

■ 183.0240, 68.2320,  
-47.1600

■ 216.0020, 5.6860,  
-3.9300

■ 178.8690, 75.7980,  
-52.1220

■ 220.2710, -2.2010,  
1.3430

■ 178.1850, 77.7240,  
-53.9880

■ 223.8390, -9.4920,  
6.8280

■ 226.6260,  
-13.2060, 8.0580

■ 228.3870,  
-14.0310, 6.4890

■ 230.1480,  
-14.8560, 4.9200

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202.2700, 60.2930, -7.8910



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



194.3710, -1.0480, -36.0880

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



161.1450, -143.7300, -38.3700



204.7000, 28.6490, 36.9770

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



134.4870, -36.9590, 25.5450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.7120, 2.0120, 29.6280



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



177.6780, -99.2140, -19.1340

# Square

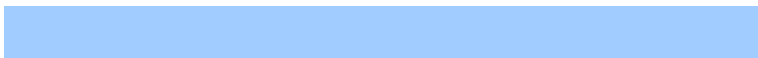
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



165.1520, -119.2450, -47.0930



196.9570, -41.9990, 6.7450



197.3360, 43.8730, 25.3850



# Rectangle

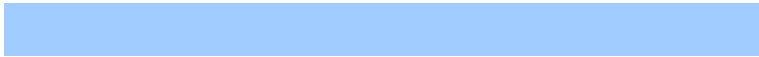
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



188.8650, -31.8580, -39.3940



196.9570, -41.9990, 6.7450



208.6440, 23.0550, 39.2390

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



248.5480, 12.6560, -9.1040



147.6920, 57.4900, 26.4020



123.7310, 7.8870, -5.2730



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



227.9040, 51.4950, -35.6810



195.7820, 10.7360, -40.4000



107.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750



140.9510, 61.3080, -42.8200



37.2340, 16.4160, -11.1680



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.4870, -36.9590, 25.5450



137.0960, -51.4950, 35.6810



138.2180, -10.7360, 40.4000



100.8410, -3.8060, 2.8980



32.6360, -61.5830, 42.2970

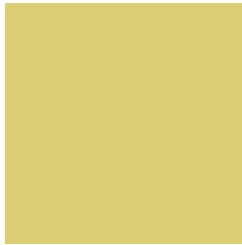


8.7660, -16.4160, 11.1680



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 199.5130, 36.9590,

-25.5450.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450

### Protanopia

199.7200, 40.8100, -23.7500

### Deuteranopia

202.0690, 56.3050, -12.7110



## Tritanopia

206.8760, 15.4490, 11.8730

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450

## Protanomaly

199.7090, 39.3430, -24.6970

## Deuteranomaly

201.0140, 48.9700, -17.4460

## Tritanomaly

204.0380, 23.2000, -1.9520

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450

## Achromatopsia

200.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

199.7330, 13.5730, -9.2030

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 206, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 206, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 206, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 206, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 206, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 206, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 206, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 206, 115); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 206, 115); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 206, 115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 199.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 206, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
206, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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