

Converting Colors

YIQ(200.3400, -23.8440,
13.6280)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(200.3400, -23.8440,
13.6280)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAC6FA
RGB	186, 198, 250
RGB Percent	73%, 78%, 98%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2235, 0.0197
CMYK	0.26, 0.21, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	229°, 86%, 85%
HSV	229°, 26%, 98%
XYZ	57.6951, 57.7297, 98.5163
YIQ	200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

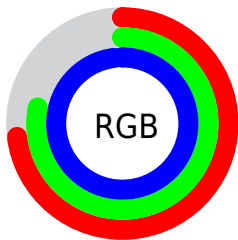
Format	Color
R_{YB}	186, 196, 250
Decimal	12240634
CIE _{Lab}	80.59, 7.03, -26.91
CIE _{LCh}	81, 27.810, 284.632
Yxy	57.7297, 0.2697, 0.2698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290430714 (0xFFBAC6FA)
YUV	200.3400, 24.4824, -12.5762
Hunter-Lab	75.9801, 2.5780, -23.6898

Details

The YIQ color $200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $235.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280$, and the grayscale version is $200.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $251.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440$, and $145.9980, -22.8810, 12.6950$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $181.1250, -33.2440, 18.7880$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $219.5550, -14.4440, 8.4680$.

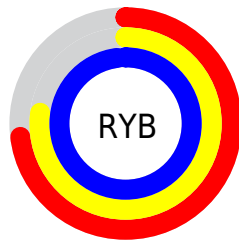
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (78%)

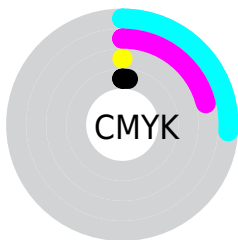
Blue (98%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (98%)

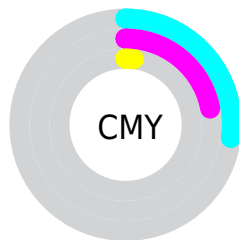


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 200.3400,
-23.8440, 13.6280

■ 200.3400,
-23.8440, 13.6280

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 172.8130,
-23.7980, 12.7940

■ 251.4120, -7.1520,
-2.5440

■ 145.9980,
-22.8810, 12.6950

■ 120.1720,
-23.4310, 11.6490

■ 95.0580, -23.1100,
11.3380

■ 71.1180, -23.3390,
9.9810

■ 46.9930, -24.4850,
8.7230

■ 23.9600, -28.8860,

5.8820

■ 4.9020, -13.8030,
13.3730

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,
6.3190

■ 200.3400,
-23.8440, 13.6280

■ 200.3400,
-23.8440, 13.6280

■ 181.1250,
-33.2440, 18.7880

■ 219.5550,
-14.4440, 8.4680

■ 161.3230,
-42.3690, 24.4710

■ 239.3570, -5.3190,
2.7850

■ 142.1080,
-51.7690, 29.6310

■ 254.4300, 1.6050,
-1.5550

■ 122.8930,
-61.1690, 34.7910

■ 103.0910,
-70.2940, 40.4740

■ 83.8760, -79.6940,
45.6340

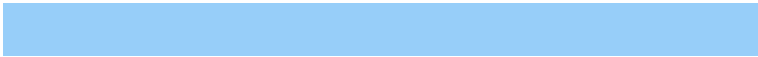
■ 64.6610, -89.0940,
50.7940

■ 56.0890, -93.1750,
53.1690

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194.4570, -46.5830, 1.7130



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



203.7410, 3.0680, 21.5000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



202.1440, 43.6930, 6.6130



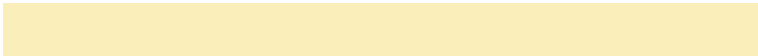
190.9600, -30.0270, -23.0110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



235.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194.0740, -3.9850, -21.4010



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



200.0470, 36.1760, -5.8400

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



203.3260, 40.6650, 17.4410



197.2680, 19.0760, -15.3240



188.3460, -51.4850, -19.5890

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



204.2930, 19.0690, 23.3650



197.2680, 19.0760, -15.3240



192.1520, -21.8200, -23.0680

Sweetspot

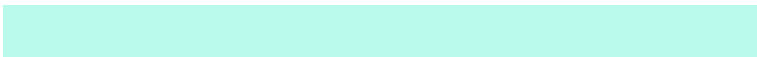
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



239.0410, -7.2450, 4.6510



229.3820, -33.9710, -17.6110



117.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280



193.8110, -29.4840, 16.7240



198.9770, -9.2200, 23.9320



115.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740



42.0910, -70.2940, 40.4740



13.4110, -22.6060, 13.2180

Inverse Universe

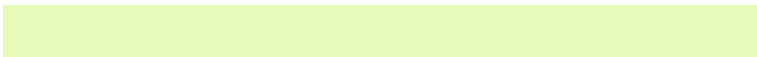
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206.5040, 34.2920, 17.3000



201.3310, 42.2690, 21.4130



237.0230, 9.2200, -23.9320



116.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



60.5010, 101.4090, 50.9530



19.4930, 32.8250, 16.3530

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

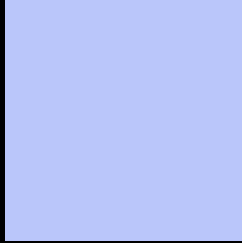
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

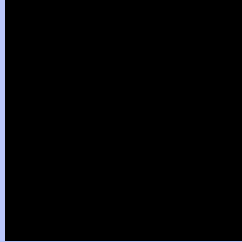
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 200.3400, -23.8440,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Protanopia

200.6390, -23.2480, 13.8400

Deuteranopia

201.2590, -19.1220, 16.1580



Tritanopia

198.0610, -19.1650, 0.4110

Trichromacy



Original Color

200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Protanomaly

200.6390, -23.2480, 13.8400

Deuteranomaly

200.9490, -21.1850, 14.9990

Tritanomaly

198.7390, -20.9540, 5.3020

Monochromacy



Original Color

200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280

Achromatopsia

200.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

199.9700, -8.4830, 5.0610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 198, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 198, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 198, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 198, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 198, 250) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 198, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 198, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 198, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 198, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 198,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 200.3400, -23.8440, 13.6280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 198, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
198, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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