

# Converting Colors

YIQ(201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(201.3000, 43.5540,  
14.6420)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCB4B2
RGB	252, 180, 178
RGB Percent	99%, 71%, 70%
CMY	0.0116, 0.2942, 0.3018
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.29, 0.01
HSL	2°, 93%, 84%
HSV	2°, 29%, 99%
XYZ	64.5161, 56.5500, 49.6578
YIQ	201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

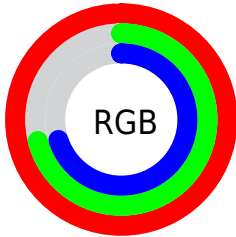
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	252, 180, 178
Decimal	16561330
CIE Lab	79.93, 25.95, 11.44
CIE LCh	80, 28.358, 23.796
Yxy	56.5500, 0.3779, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294751410 (0xFFFCB4B2)
YUV	201.3000, -11.4869, 44.4639
Hunter-Lab	75.1997, 21.5410, 13.4879

# Details

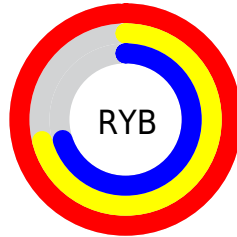
The YIQ color **201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **228.7000, -43.5540, -14.6420**, and the grayscale version is **201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241.4530, 11.9660, 3.4060**, and **146.8050, 40.5740, 13.5820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **183.7750, 58.4540, 19.9420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218.8250, 28.6540, 9.3420**.

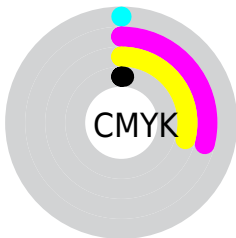
# Distribution



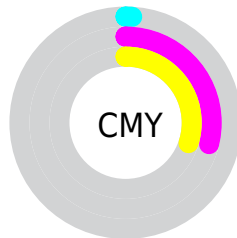
- Red (99%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 201.3000, 43.5540,  
14.6420


 201.3000, 43.5540,  
14.6420


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 173.7020, 42.3620,  
14.2180


 241.4530, 11.9660,  
3.4060

 146.8050, 40.5740,  
13.5820

 120.4350, 38.7400,  
13.7800

 95.2390, 36.3560,  
12.9320

 70.4560, 34.2470,  
12.6070

 46.7870, 31.8170,  
12.5930

 22.6020, 30.9000,

12.6920

■ 11.7750, 22.9230,  
8.5790

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 201.3000, 43.5540,  
14.6420

■ 201.3000, 43.5540,  
14.6420

■ 183.7750, 58.4540,  
19.9420

■ 218.8250, 28.6540,  
9.3420

■ 166.8370, 73.0790,  
24.7190

■ 235.7630, 14.0290,  
4.5650

■ 149.1980, 88.3000,  
29.7080

■ 253.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

■ 132.2600,  
102.9250, 34.4850

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,  
-0.6360

■ 114.7350,  
117.8250, 39.7850

■ 97.7970, 132.4500,  
44.5620

■ 80.2720, 147.3500,  
49.8620

■ 79.4570, 148.2670,  
49.7630

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202.2960, 32.1820, 22.5020



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



199.6230, 43.6020, 2.7540

# Triad

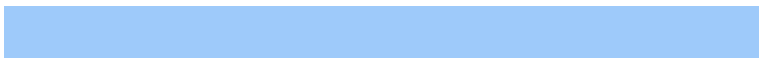
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



190.9420, -12.4210, -22.7010



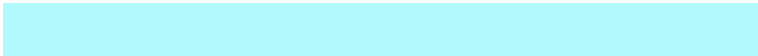
194.3160, -41.6320, 5.6000

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



228.7000, -43.5540, -14.6420

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188.3150, -58.2270, -7.5310



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



187.8820, -38.5550, -22.6430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



194.4520, 12.5660, -18.4900



186.1760, -56.7580, -17.6380



199.6400, -15.8210, 16.9070



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



198.6450, 37.3680, -5.4160



186.1760, -56.7580, -17.6380



192.2610, -48.9670, 0.8650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



239.4640, 13.4330, 4.3530



208.4480, 20.6710, 38.3910



118.0720, 8.6650, 2.6570



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420



193.7850, 52.4940, 17.8220



222.4320, 33.6540, -4.1860



116.4740, 7.4730, 2.2330



59.4460, 111.2690, 37.4530

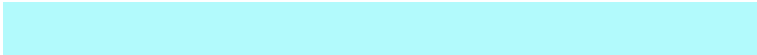


19.4130, 35.8060, 11.8860



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228.7000, -43.5540, -14.6420



227.2150, -52.4940, -17.8220



207.5680, -33.6540, 4.1860



121.1130, -7.7480, -2.7560



129.5540, -111.2690, -37.4530



42.1740, -36.0810, -12.4090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

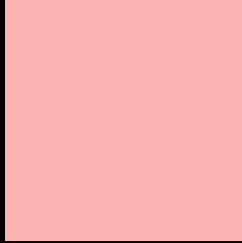
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.3000, 43.5540,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420

### Protanopia

198.8390, 7.7030, -1.9370

### Deuteranopia

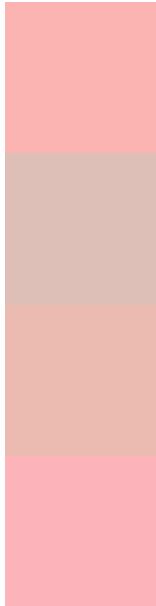
199.7550, 25.6750, 2.7550



## Tritanopia

201.9070, 40.5270, 19.9430

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420

## Protanomaly

199.4710, 20.7230, 4.3950

## Deuteranomaly

200.2120, 31.8180, 7.0660

## Tritanomaly

201.9240, 41.8570, 17.8650

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420

## Achromatopsia

201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

201.0730, 16.0920, 5.7240

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 180, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 180, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 180, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 180, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 180, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 180, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 180, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 180, 178); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 180, 178); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 180, 178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 201.3000, 43.5540, 14.6420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 180, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
180, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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