

Converting Colors

YIQ(201.5520, -18.3890,
19.3950)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(201.5520, -18.3890,
19.3950)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4C2FF
RGB	196, 194, 255
RGB Percent	77%, 76%, 100%
CMY	0.2313, 0.2392, 0.0001
CMYK	0.23, 0.24, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	242°, 100%, 88%
HSV	242°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	60.1045, 57.5385, 102.5201
YIQ	201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

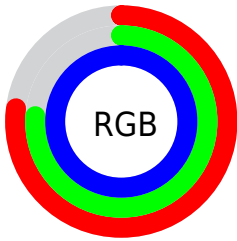
Format	Color
RYB	196, 194, 255
Decimal	12894975
CIELab	80.48, 13.30, -29.68
CIELCh	80, 32.521, 294.136
Yxy	57.5385, 0.2730, 0.2613
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291085055 (0xFFC4C2FF)
YUV	201.5520, 26.3499, -4.8691
Hunter-Lab	75.8542, 8.6931, -27.0350

Details

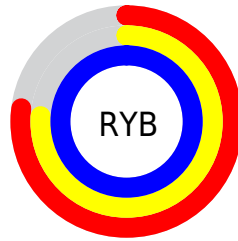
The YIQ color $201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $247.4480, 18.3890, -19.3950$, and the grayscale version is $201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $251.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910$, and $146.9110, -18.0220, 18.2500$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $179.4020, -26.4140, 27.1700$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $224.2890, -10.6390, 11.0970$.

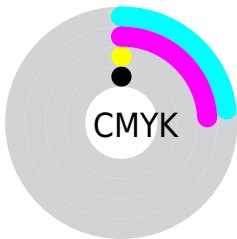
Distribution



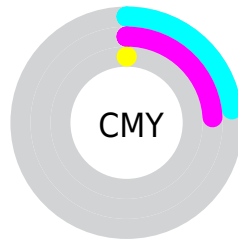
- Red (77%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 201.5520,
-18.3890, 19.3950

■ 201.5520,
-18.3890, 19.3950

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 174.0250,
-18.3430, 18.5610

■ 251.4670, 0.1830,
2.1910

■ 146.9110,
-18.0220, 18.2500

■ 121.3840,
-17.9760, 17.4160

■ 96.4440, -18.2050,
16.0590

■ 71.9170, -18.1590,
15.2250

■ 48.6780, -18.9840,
13.6560

■ 26.1290, -21.8720,

10.9280

■ 5.3580, -15.0870,
14.6170

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 201.5520,
-18.3890, 19.3950

■ 201.5520,
-18.3890, 19.3950

■ 179.4020,
-26.4140, 27.1700

■ 224.2890,
-10.6390, 11.0970

■ 156.9640,
-33.5680, 35.6800

■ 246.1400, -3.2100,
3.1100

■ 134.8140,
-41.5930, 43.4550

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 112.0770,
-49.3430, 51.7530

■ 90.2260, -56.7720,
59.7400

■ 67.4890, -64.5220,
68.0380

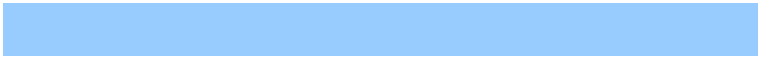
■ 45.3390, -72.5470,
75.8130

■ 31.4620, -77.0870,
81.0010

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194.2660, -47.3630, 4.8370



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



204.5790, 12.5120, 26.5600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



201.2600, 49.0580, 2.9940



186.6530, -45.3400, -26.3320

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



247.4480, 18.3890, -19.3950

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.7520, -14.9420, -26.5740



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



198.7710, 36.7730, -11.1550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



200.7950, 46.5340, 15.7020



195.3550, 14.2170, -20.8790



183.6090, -68.4030, -21.3550

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



204.5610, 30.1180, 26.8700



195.3550, 14.2170, -20.8790



188.2150, -35.2990, -26.5870

Sweetspot

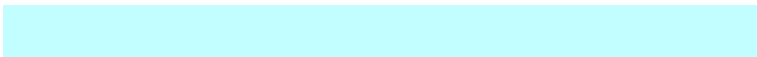
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



239.3510, -5.1820, 5.8100



236.1740, -36.0810, -12.4090



118.5530, -2.9350, 3.6330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950



190.0340, -22.5620, 23.4380



210.5220, -0.5090, 25.7550



116.4820, -4.1730, 4.0430



23.5680, -57.7350, 60.6730



7.8940, -19.3520, 20.3280

Inverse Universe

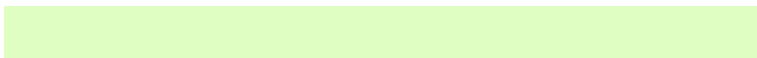
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218.9650, 17.4170, 31.2810



211.3340, 20.9920, 38.0800



238.4780, 0.5090, -25.7550



120.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



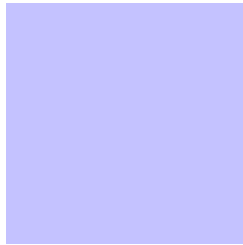
78.1990, 54.4510, 98.0270



26.2040, 18.2420, 32.8500

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

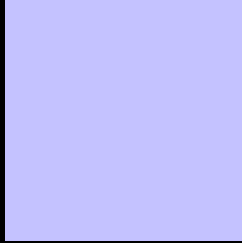
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

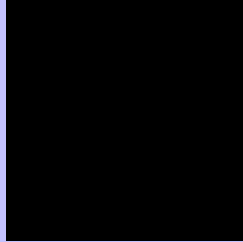
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950.

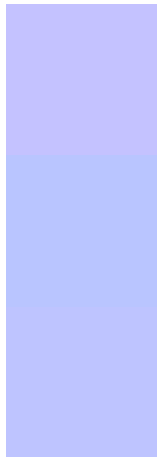


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.5520, -18.3890,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950

Protanopia

200.0240, -25.7700, 15.4940

Deuteranopia

200.9320, -22.5150, 17.0770



Tritanopia

199.2360, -12.2880, 2.4320

Trichromacy



Original Color

201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950

Protanomaly

200.6330, -23.1110, 16.8650

Deuteranomaly

200.9430, -21.0480, 18.0240

Tritanomaly

199.9680, -14.1690, 8.9910

Monochromacy



Original Color

201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950

Achromatopsia

202.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

201.8070, -6.4660, 7.0540

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 194, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 194, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 194, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 194, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 194, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 194, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 194, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 194, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 194, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 194,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 201.5520, -18.3890, 19.3950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 194, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
194, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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