

# Converting Colors

YIQ(201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(201.6490, 23.5180,  
14.3180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E9BAC8
RGB	233, 186, 200
RGB Percent	91%, 73%, 78%
CMY	0.0862, 0.2706, 0.2156
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.14, 0.09
HSL	342°, 52%, 82%
HSV	342°, 20%, 91%
XYZ	61.5968, 56.6094, 62.3367
YIQ	201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

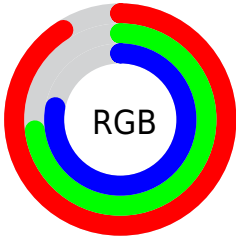
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 186, 200
Decimal	15317704
CIE Lab	79.96, 19.07, -0.62
CIE LCh	80, 19.082, 358.130
Yxy	56.6094, 0.3412, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293507784 (0xFFE9BAC8)
YUV	201.6490, -0.8130, 27.4948
Hunter-Lab	75.2392, 14.4657, 3.5449

# Details

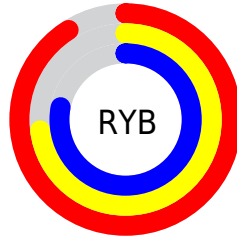
The YIQ color **201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **217.3510, -23.5180, -14.3180**, and the grayscale version is **202.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247.3690, 3.5750, 6.7990**, and **147.6380, 22.0510, 13.3710** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186.3240, 34.9790, 21.3710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216.9740, 12.0570, 7.2650**.

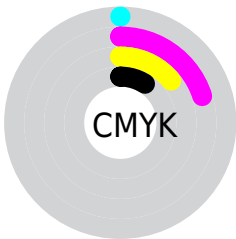
# Distribution



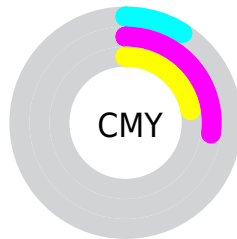
- Red (91%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 201.6490, 23.5180,  
14.3180


 201.6490, 23.5180,  
14.3180


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 174.3500, 22.9220,  
14.1060


 247.3690, 3.5750,  
6.7990

 147.6380, 22.0510,  
13.3710

 121.3390, 21.4550,  
13.1590

 96.4420, 19.6670,  
12.5230

 72.1430, 19.0710,  
12.3110

 49.2460, 17.2830,  
11.6750

 27.6480, 16.0910,

11.2510

■ 9.7960, 18.4300,  
7.4060

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 201.6490, 23.5180,  
14.3180

■ 201.6490, 23.5180,  
14.3180

■ 186.3240, 34.9790,  
21.3710

■ 216.9740, 12.0570,  
7.2650

■ 170.2980, 47.0360,  
28.6360

■ 233.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 154.9730, 58.4970,  
35.6890

■ 247.7380,  
-11.1860, -6.5300

■ 139.6480, 69.9580,  
42.7420

■ 248.4220,  
-13.1120, -4.6640

■ 123.6220, 82.0150,  
50.0070

■ 108.2970, 93.4760,  
57.0600

■ 92.9720, 104.9370,  
64.1130

■ 77.6470, 116.3980,  
71.1660

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201.7600, 10.0840, 15.4920



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



201.0810, 30.8090, 8.8330

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



195.6180, 6.4670, -12.5810



193.5690, -35.3950, -2.8110

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



217.3510, -23.5180, -14.3180

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.6410, -35.8980, -10.2180



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



193.9410, -10.6800, -15.7040

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



197.9080, 20.4500, -7.1820



191.9700, -26.8190, -15.0670



196.8850, -24.3010, 5.3870



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



199.9190, 31.0850, 3.8290



191.9700, -26.8190, -15.0670



192.5040, -36.7700, -5.4260

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



244.9410, 7.6560, 4.4240



201.2250, 4.5810, 21.6130



121.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



214.2910, 30.5780, 18.5300



205.3360, 25.5370, 5.2570



109.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



60.2750, 90.5420, 55.1660



17.9700, 27.0480, 16.4240



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180



214.2910, 30.5780, 18.5300



213.6640, -25.5370, -5.2570



109.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



60.2750, 90.5420, 55.1660

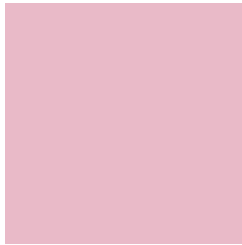


17.9700, 27.0480, 16.4240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

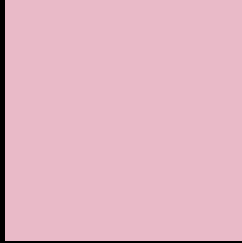
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

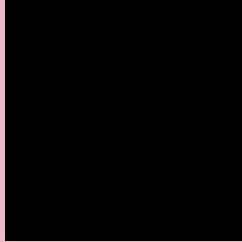
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.6490, 23.5180,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

### Protanopia

199.0370, -1.4220, 3.7460

### Deuteranopia

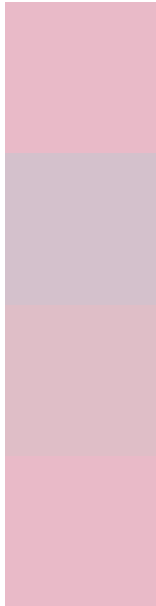
200.2730, 12.6530, 7.4770



## Tritanopia

201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

## Protanomaly

199.9350, 7.7930, 7.4490

## Deuteranomaly

200.8930, 16.7790, 9.7950

## Tritanomaly

201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

## Achromatopsia

202.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

201.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 186, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 186, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 186, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 186, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 186, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 186, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 186, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 186, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 186, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 186,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 201.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 186, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
186, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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