

Converting Colors

YIQ(201.8930, -1.5570,
-10.3330)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(201.8930, -1.5570,
-10.3330)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2D1BA
RGB	194, 209, 186
RGB Percent	76%, 82%, 73%
CMY	0.2393, 0.1803, 0.2706
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.11, 0.18
HSL	99°, 20%, 77%
HSV	99°, 11%, 82%
XYZ	53.9101, 60.6169, 55.3149
YIQ	201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

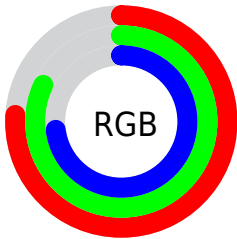
Format	Color
RYB	186, 209, 201
Decimal	12767674
CIELab	82.17, -9.27, 9.68
CIElCh	82, 13.402, 133.769
Yxy	60.6169, 0.3174, 0.3569
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290957754 (0xFFC2D1BA)
YUV	201.8930, -7.8352, -6.9222
Hunter-Lab	77.8569, -12.6516, 12.3761

Details

The YIQ color **201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **193.1070, 1.5570, 10.3330**, and the grayscale version is **202.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **252.3220, 1.7890, -4.8910**, and **148.0070, -1.8780, -10.0220** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195.3130, -3.1600, -19.8320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208.4730, 0.0460, -0.8340**.

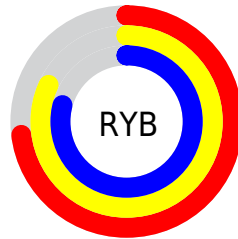
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (82%)

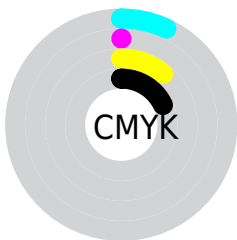
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (79%)

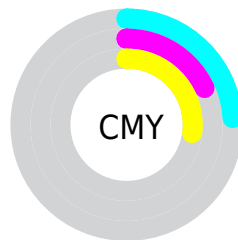


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 201.8930, -1.5570,
-10.3330

■ 201.8930, -1.5570,
-10.3330

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 174.3060, -1.2820,
-9.8100

■ 252.3220, 1.7890,
-4.8910

■ 148.0070, -1.8780,
-10.0220

■ 122.4200, -1.6030,
-9.4990

■ 97.4200, -1.6030,
-9.4990

■ 73.2460, -1.0530,
-8.4530

■ 50.9470, -1.6490,
-8.6650

■ 29.4740, -1.6950,

-7.8310

■ 8.2180, -3.8500,
-7.3220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 201.8930, -1.5570,
-10.3330

■ 201.8930, -1.5570,
-10.3330

■ 195.3130, -3.1600,
-19.8320

■ 208.4730, 0.0460,
-0.8340

■ 189.0320, -4.1670,
-29.1190

■ 214.7540, 1.0530,
8.4530

■ 182.4520, -5.7700,
-38.6180

■ 221.3340, 2.6560,
17.9520

■ 175.8720, -7.3730,
-48.1170

■ 226.2040, 9.0740,
22.7860

■ 169.5910, -8.3800,
-57.4040

■ 227.9980, 12.6500,
24.0580

■ 163.1250,
-10.3040, -66.5920

■ 156.5450,
-11.9070, -76.0910

■ 150.2640,
-12.9140, -85.3780

■ 144.5100,
-13.9670, -93.8310

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203.3460, 10.4090, -6.9270



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



200.4340, -13.3860, -10.7140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



202.8050, -21.3200, 0.9200



206.8070, 19.8970, 8.3530

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



193.1070, 1.5570, 10.3330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207.3810, 12.4690, 10.8130



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



204.4690, -11.3260, 7.0260

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



201.0770, -25.2620, -4.7340



206.2210, 1.2360, 10.6440



206.3140, 22.6030, 3.3630

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



200.2530, -20.1260, -9.7100



206.2210, 1.2360, 10.6440



206.9640, 18.0170, 9.3850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



252.5930, -0.4120, -3.5480



201.6820, 9.5830, -2.9690



126.1200, -0.4580, -2.7140



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



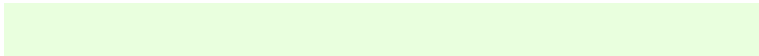
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



244.6600, -2.5190, -14.9270



199.8430, -7.2880, -11.0960



101.6530, -0.6410, -4.9050



115.9580, -11.6320, -75.5680



28.2530, -2.9310, -18.4750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193.1070, 1.5570, 10.3330



232.0410, 1.9230, 14.7150



195.1570, 7.2880, 11.0960



97.3470, 0.6410, 4.9050



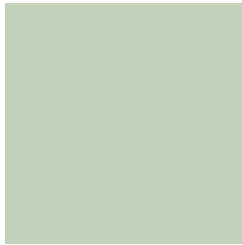
52.0420, 11.6320, 75.5680



12.7470, 2.9310, 18.4750

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

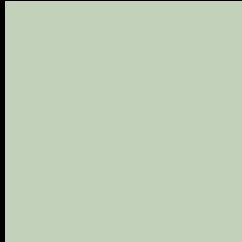
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

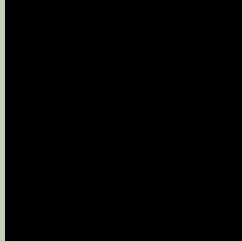
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

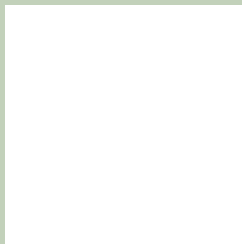
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 201.8930, -1.5570,

-10.3330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330

Protanopia

203.7100, 12.3800, -4.1000

Deuteranopia

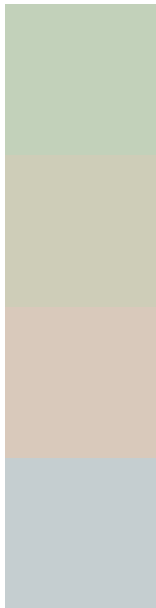
205.8410, 22.5570, 4.1970



Tritanopia

204.3290, -8.1160, 3.9160

Trichromacy



Original Color

201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330

Protanomaly

202.9050, 7.3370, -6.3190

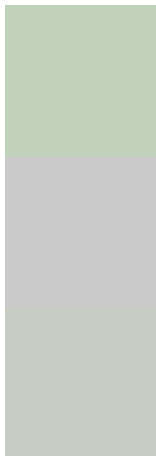
Deuteranomaly

204.1880, 14.0300, -0.9620

Tritanomaly

203.5370, -6.0060, -1.2860

Monochromacy



Original Color

201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330

Achromatopsia

202.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

202.1800, -0.6870, -4.0710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 209, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 209, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 209, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 209, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 209, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 209, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 209, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 209, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 209, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 209,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 201.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 209, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
209, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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