

# Converting Colors

YIQ(203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(203.4720, 28.1500,  
7.4620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBBFB9
RGB	235, 191, 185
RGB Percent	92%, 75%, 73%
CMY	0.0783, 0.2510, 0.2744
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.21, 0.08
HSL	7°, 56%, 82%
HSV	7°, 21%, 92%
XYZ	61.6563, 58.4241, 53.9427
YIQ	203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

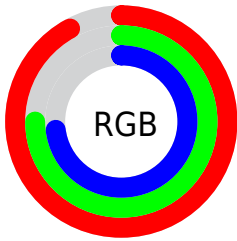
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 192, 185
Decimal	15450041
CIE Lab	80.97, 14.84, 8.94
CIE LCh	81, 17.324, 31.078
Yxy	58.4241, 0.3543, 0.3357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293640121 (0xFFE8BFB9)
YUV	203.4720, -9.1067, 27.6501
Hunter-Lab	76.4357, 10.2234, 11.6624

# Details

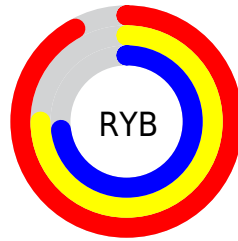
The YIQ color  $203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $216.5280, -28.1500, -7.4620$ , and the grayscale version is  $204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $248.7080, 6.6940, -0.1700$ , and  $148.9880, 26.6370, 7.3490$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $188.5230, 41.3080, 11.2920$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $218.5350, 14.6710, 3.9430$ .

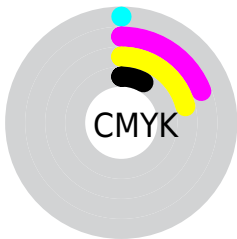
# Distribution



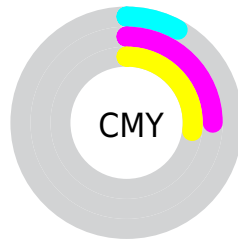
- Red (92%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 203.4720, 28.1500,  
7.4620


 203.4720, 28.1500,  
7.4620


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 175.8740, 26.9580,  
7.0380


 248.7080, 6.6940,  
-0.1700

 148.9880, 26.6370,  
7.3490

 123.0910, 24.8490,  
6.7130

 97.9060, 23.9320,  
6.8120

 74.0090, 22.1440,  
6.1760

 51.1120, 20.3560,  
5.5400

 29.5140, 19.1640,

5.1160

■ 9.2690, 18.4760,  
6.5720

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 203.4720, 28.1500,  
7.4620

■ 203.4720, 28.1500,  
7.4620

■ 188.5230, 41.3080,  
11.2920

■ 218.5350, 14.6710,  
3.9430

■ 174.0470, 54.5120,  
14.2880

■ 232.8970, 1.7880,  
0.6360

■ 159.0980, 67.6700,  
18.1180

■ 247.8460,  
-11.3700, -3.1940

■ 144.0350, 81.1490,  
21.6370

■ 249.0200,  
-11.9200, -4.2400

■ 129.0860, 94.3070,  
25.4670

■ 114.6100,  
107.5110, 28.4630

■ 99.6610, 120.6690,  
32.2930

■ 86.7010, 132.3600,  
35.1760

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204.4100, 22.6930, 12.7490



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



202.3590, 26.7300, 0.1540

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



196.6960, -11.3680, -14.2480



200.1520, -20.6790, 5.8250

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



216.5280, -28.1500, -7.4620

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.2490, -31.4980, -1.8500



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



195.5080, -25.3980, -13.2860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



198.3620, 4.3120, -12.0720



195.5490, -32.6430, -8.6350



203.0400, -5.5040, 11.6480



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



200.9730, 21.8250, -4.5670



195.5490, -32.6430, -8.6350



199.2330, -25.4010, 3.2950

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



245.6590, 8.3900, 2.1340



204.9660, 15.6760, 24.2840



122.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620



213.4300, 37.1360, 9.8080



218.1470, 21.2750, -5.6130



109.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090



67.0330, 101.8260, 26.8660



19.6680, 30.5340, 8.3100



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.5280, -28.1500, -7.4620



230.5700, -37.1360, -9.8080



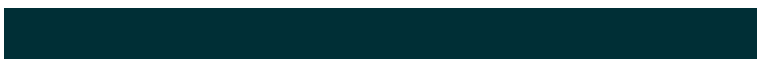
201.8530, -21.2750, 5.6130



113.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



113.9670, -101.8260, -26.8660

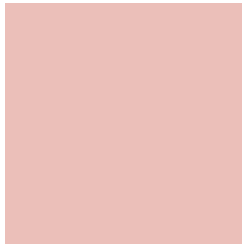


33.7450, -30.2590, -7.7870



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

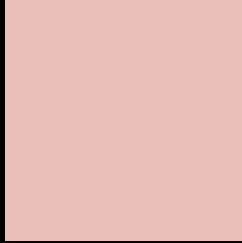
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

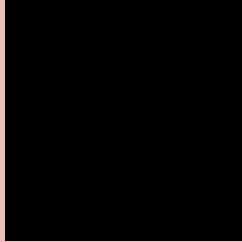
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 203.4720, 28.1500,

7.4620.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620

**Protanopia**

201.8390, 7.7030, -1.9370

**Deuteranopia**

202.7270, 22.8780, 3.8860



## Tritanopia

204.3610, 24.3890, 15.0530

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620

## Protanomaly

202.2530, 15.4050, 1.6530

## Deuteranomaly

203.0370, 24.9410, 5.0450

## Tritanomaly

203.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620

## Achromatopsia

203.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

203.4420, 10.4990, 2.4590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 191, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 191, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 191, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 191, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 191, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 191, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 191, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 191, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 191, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 191,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 203.4720, 28.1500, 7.4620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 191, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
191, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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