

# Converting Colors

YIQ(203.9660, -10.6870,  
22.9850)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(203.9660, -10.6870,  
22.9850)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0C0FF
RGB	208, 192, 255
RGB Percent	82%, 75%, 100%
CMY	0.1842, 0.2471, 0.0001
CMYK	0.18, 0.25, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	255°, 100%, 88%
HSV	255°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	62.9124, 58.3277, 102.5306
YIQ	203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

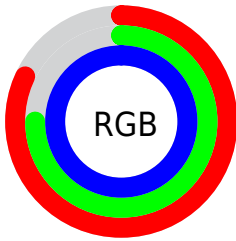
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 192, 255
Decimal	13680895
CIE Lab	80.92, 17.99, -28.93
CIE LCh	81, 34.064, 301.873
Yxy	58.3277, 0.2811, 0.2607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291870975 (0xFFD0C0FF)
YUV	203.9660, 25.1598, 3.5378
Hunter-Lab	76.3725, 13.3887, -26.1364

# Details

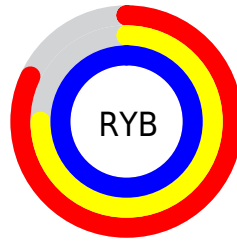
The YIQ color  $203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $243.0340, 10.6870, -22.9850$ , and the grayscale version is  $204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $250.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610$ , and  $149.3250, -10.3200, 21.8400$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $183.6100, -15.1360, 32.0320$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $224.3220, -6.2380, 13.9380$ .

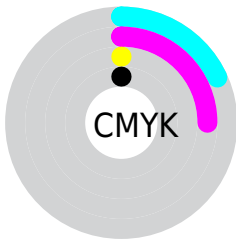
# Distribution



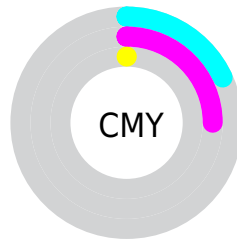
- Red (82%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 203.9660,  
-10.6870, 22.9850

■ 203.9660,  
-10.6870, 22.9850

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 176.4390,  
-10.6410, 22.1510

■ 250.8910, 1.9250,  
3.6610

■ 149.3250,  
-10.3200, 21.8400

■ 123.4990,  
-10.8700, 20.7940

■ 98.2710, -10.2280,  
20.1720

■ 74.3310, -10.4570,  
18.8150

■ 51.0920, -11.2820,  
17.2460

■ 28.8530, -12.1070,

15.6770

■ 7.7500, -10.3190,  
16.3130

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,  
7.2520

■ 203.9660,  
-10.6870, 22.9850

■ 203.9660,  
-10.6870, 22.9850

■ 183.6100,  
-15.1360, 32.0320

■ 224.3220, -6.2380,  
13.9380

■ 162.6670,  
-19.3100, 41.6020

■ 245.2650, -2.0640,  
4.3680

■ 142.3110,  
-23.7590, 50.6490

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 121.3680,  
-27.9330, 60.2190

■ 101.0120,  
-32.3820, 69.2660

■ 80.0690, -36.5560,  
78.8360

■ 59.7130, -41.0050,  
87.8830

■ 48.5050, -43.1150,  
93.0850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.6690, -41.1280, 7.4800



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



205.9390, 20.3060, 28.4820

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



201.7390, 48.9670, -0.8650



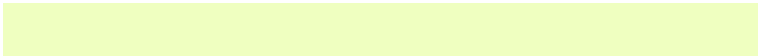
185.9660, -56.5270, -27.3350

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



243.0340, 10.6870, -22.9850

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.0220, -24.5700, -28.2980



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



199.0970, 32.7390, -15.1410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



201.1710, 48.2310, 12.4790



195.2400, 7.1110, -24.2570



183.2430, -76.0600, -20.2520



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



204.7850, 35.2990, 26.5870



195.2400, 7.1110, -24.2570



187.4140, -46.1650, -27.9010

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



240.5470, -2.7980, 6.6580



226.7710, -33.1480, -4.9880



119.1510, -1.7430, 4.0570



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850



193.3450, -13.0720, 27.6640



213.2350, 7.7890, 29.5570



117.3790, -2.3850, 4.6790



36.4250, -32.1070, 69.7890



12.0800, -11.0080, 23.2960



# Inverse Universe

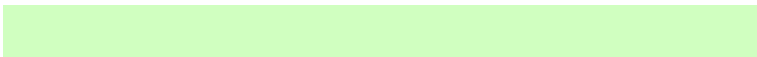
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.1950, 22.4610, 27.9730



208.2220, 26.9990, 33.8390



233.7650, -7.7890, -29.5570



119.9130, 4.8590, 5.5550



73.4110, 67.9330, 84.9650

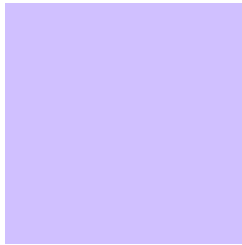


24.6080, 22.7360, 28.4960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

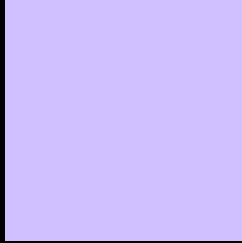
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

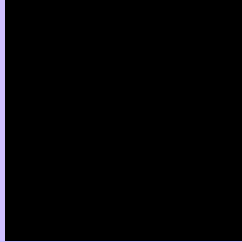
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850.



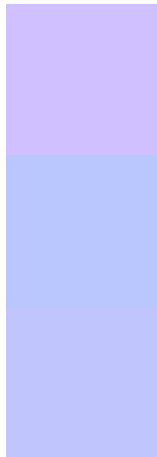
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 203.9660, -10.6870,

22.9850.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850

### Protanopia

201.4970, -25.7240, 14.6600

### Deuteranopia

202.3020, -20.6810, 16.8790



## Tritanopia

201.4220, -3.9440, 5.4000

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850

## Protanomaly

202.1280, -20.1310, 17.9250

## Deuteranomaly

202.6230, -17.1510, 18.9850

## Tritanomaly

202.2680, -6.1460, 12.2700

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850

## Achromatopsia

204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

204.1170, -4.4030, 8.2130

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 192, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 192, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 192, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 192, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 192, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 192, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 192, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 192, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 192, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 192,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 203.9660, -10.6870, 22.9850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 192, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
192, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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