

# Converting Colors

YIQ(204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(204.0380, 41.5360,  
18.1760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB5BD
RGB	255, 181, 189
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 74%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2903, 0.2587
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.26, 0.00
HSL	353°, 100%, 85%
HSV	353°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	66.9473, 57.9710, 55.8282
YIQ	204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

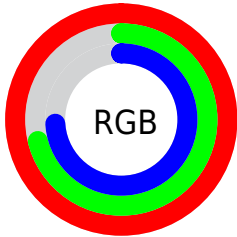
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 181, 189
Decimal	16758205
CIE Lab	80.72, 27.96, 6.69
CIE LCh	81, 28.752, 13.448
Yxy	57.9710, 0.3704, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948285 (0xFFFFB5BD)
YUV	204.0380, -7.4137, 44.6937
Hunter-Lab	76.1387, 23.7089, 9.8231

# Details

The YIQ color **204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **231.9620, -41.5360, -18.1760**, and the grayscale version is **204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.2940, 8.1600, 6.3040**, and **149.5430, 38.5560, 17.1160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **186.1540, 56.0690, 24.6210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221.3350, 27.2780, 12.2540**.

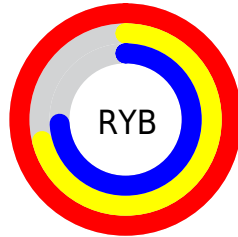
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

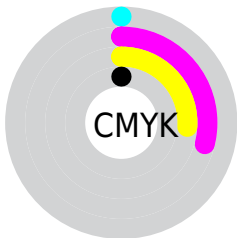
Blue (74%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (74%)

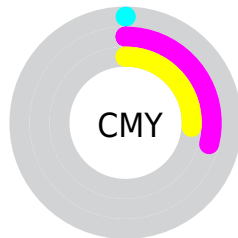


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)


Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 204.0380, 41.5360,  
18.1760


 204.0380, 41.5360,  
18.1760


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 176.4400, 40.3440,  
17.7520


 243.2940, 8.1600,  
6.3040

 148.9560, 38.8310,  
17.6390

 123.0590, 37.0430,  
17.0030

 97.1620, 35.2550,  
16.3670

 72.3790, 33.1460,  
16.0420

 48.5960, 31.0370,  
15.7170

 24.1660, 29.4320,

17.2720

■ 12.6720, 24.7110,  
9.2150

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.0380, 41.5360,  
18.1760

■ 204.0380, 41.5360,  
18.1760

■ 186.1540, 56.0690,  
24.6210

■ 221.3350, 27.2780,  
12.2540

■ 168.9710, 70.0060,  
30.8540

■ 239.1050, 13.0660,  
5.4980

■ 151.0870, 84.5390,  
37.2990

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 133.7900, 98.7970,  
43.2210

■ 115.9060,  
113.3300, 49.6660

■ 98.7230, 127.2670,  
55.8990

■ 80.8390, 141.8000,  
62.3440

■ 79.4370, 142.9920,  
62.7680

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



205.3000, 26.3590, 23.4070



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



202.4540, 45.7560, 7.7720

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



194.5470, -3.9390, -22.2350



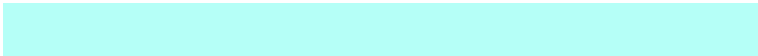
194.0760, -49.8840, 0.9640

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



231.9620, -41.5360, -18.1760

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188.7120, -61.0230, -11.9270



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



190.5470, -30.3020, -23.5340

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



198.2250, 20.6350, -16.0450



188.3350, -52.9520, -20.5360



200.5570, -25.9530, 13.3030



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



201.3190, 41.4020, -1.4300



188.3350, -52.9520, -20.5360



192.5050, -55.7060, -3.6580

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



239.2190, 12.7450, 5.8090



208.8710, 14.9860, 36.7940



117.7130, 8.2980, 3.8020



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



193.6370, 50.1550, 21.6670



219.5620, 36.4040, 1.0440



119.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



59.5030, 107.0950, 47.0230



19.9340, 35.8970, 15.7450



# Inverse Universe

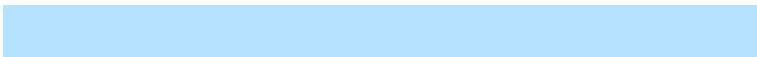
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760



193.6370, 50.1550, 21.6670



216.4380, -36.4040, -1.0440



119.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



59.5030, 107.0950, 47.0230



19.9340, 35.8970, 15.7450



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

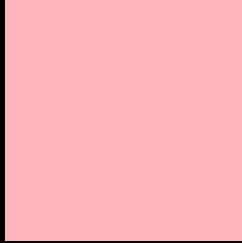
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 204.0380, 41.5360,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760

### Protanopia

201.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

### Deuteranopia

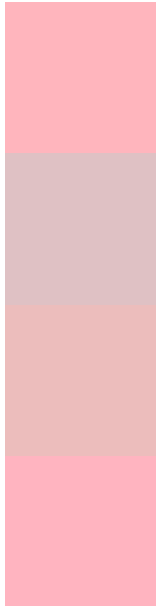
202.4710, 20.7230, 4.3950



## Tritanopia

204.0210, 40.2060, 20.2540

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760

## Protanomaly

202.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930

## Deuteranomaly

202.9390, 28.3330, 9.6530

## Tritanomaly

203.7930, 40.8480, 19.6320

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760

## Achromatopsia

204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

204.4150, 15.1290, 6.6570

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 181, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 181, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 181, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 181, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 181, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 181, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 181, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 181, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 204.0380, 41.5360, 18.1760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 181, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
181, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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