

# Converting Colors

YIQ(204.4130, 34.6650,  
-17.0070)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(204.4130, 34.6650,  
-17.0070)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3CE89
RGB	227, 206, 137
RGB Percent	89%, 81%, 54%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1922, 0.4625
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.40, 0.11
HSL	46°, 62%, 71%
HSV	46°, 40%, 89%
XYZ	58.2671, 62.2770, 32.6349
YIQ	204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

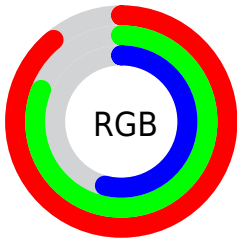
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	164, 227, 137
Decimal	14929545
CIELab	83.06, -2.24, 36.95
CIELCh	83, 37.016, 93.464
Yxy	62.2770, 0.3804, 0.4066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293119625 (0xFFE3CE89)
YUV	204.4130, -33.2346, 19.8088
Hunter-Lab	78.9158, -6.3079, 30.7222

# Details

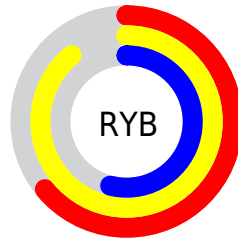
The YIQ color  $204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $159.5870, -34.6650, 17.0070$ , and the grayscale version is  $205.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $247.7040, 20.5440, -19.9040$ , and  $149.8580, 31.9140, -16.7100$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $198.8560, 43.4230, -21.5450$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $209.9700, 25.9070, -12.4690$ .

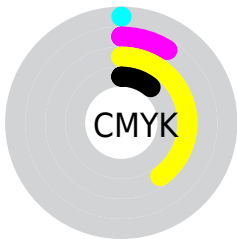
# Distribution



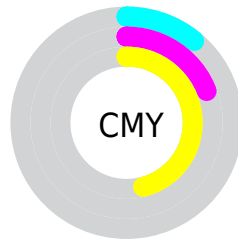
- Red (89%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 204.4130, 34.6650,  
-17.0070

■ 204.4130, 34.6650,  
-17.0070

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 176.9290, 33.1520,  
-17.1200

■ 247.7040, 20.5440,  
-19.9040

■ 149.8580, 31.9140,  
-16.7100

■ 250.8960, 11.5560,  
-11.1960

■ 123.7870, 30.6760,  
-16.3000

■ 254.2020, 2.2470,  
-2.1770

■ 98.3030, 29.1630,  
-16.4130

■ 73.5910, 28.2920,  
-17.1480

■ 51.7200, 23.6150,  
-14.9850

■ 32.2170, 15.0860,

-9.0900

■ 10.3330, 3.2560,  
-3.9440

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.4130, 34.6650,  
-17.0070

■ 204.4130, 34.6650,  
-17.0070

■ 198.8560, 43.4230,  
-21.5450

■ 209.9700, 25.9070,  
-12.4690

■ 192.8260, 52.1350,  
-25.2490

■ 216.0000, 17.1950,  
-8.7650

■ 187.2690, 60.8930,  
-29.7870

■ 221.5570, 8.4370,  
-4.2270

■ 181.7120, 69.6510,  
-34.3250

■ 227.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

■ 175.6820, 78.3630,  
-38.0290

■ 233.2580, -9.3540,  
4.3260

■ 170.1250, 87.1210,  
-42.5670

■ 236.6490,  
-12.0130, 2.9550

■ 170.0110, 87.4420,  
-42.8780

■ 239.5840,  
-13.3880, 0.3400

■ 242.5190,  
-14.7630, -2.2750

■ 246.0410,  
-16.4130, -5.4130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206.7670, 51.7640, -1.9960



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



200.4740, 6.3320, -26.6600

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



186.5020, -87.1550, -22.9230



212.0860, 24.3860, 31.6340

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



159.5870, -34.6650, 17.0070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209.0050, -6.4230, 22.8010



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



192.0080, -73.5400, -10.8520

# Square

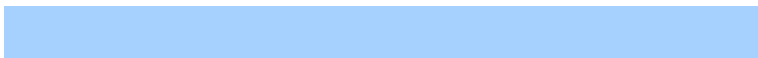
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



189.1930, -64.5960, -29.7800



201.3870, -40.3940, 5.1900



205.7480, 36.7210, 22.8410



# Rectangle

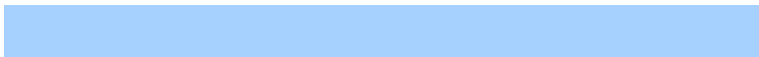
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



197.1600, -16.2710, -30.0230



201.3870, -40.3940, 5.1900



212.2850, 13.5200, 30.3200

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



247.3570, 11.8760, -5.9800



166.5320, 46.2570, 26.2330



123.0130, 7.1530, -2.9830



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070



224.0690, 47.1370, -22.7750



210.1620, 15.7780, -32.6540



111.8710, 4.6770, -2.1630



133.9400, 69.0090, -33.7030



38.1420, 19.6710, -9.5850



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159.5870, -34.6650, 17.0070



163.3440, -46.8620, 23.2980



154.1370, -15.1820, 32.8660



106.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630



45.0600, -69.0090, 33.7030



12.8580, -19.6710, 9.5850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

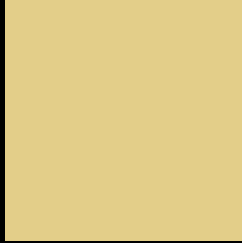
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

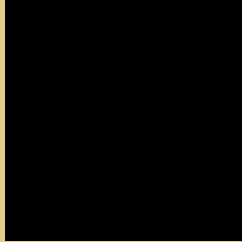
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070.

-17.0070.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070

### Protanopia

204.1030, 32.6020, -18.1660

### Deuteranopia

206.2240, 48.7390, -7.7490



## Tritanopia

210.0720, 17.8330, 12.7210

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070

## Protanomaly

204.4020, 33.1980, -17.9540

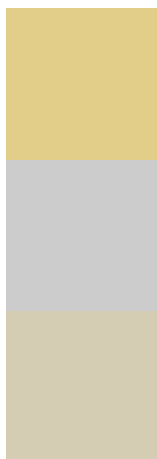
## Deuteranomaly

205.4790, 43.4670, -11.3250

## Tritanomaly

207.8580, 23.8870, 2.1190

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070

## Achromatopsia

204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

204.2430, 12.1970, -6.2910

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 206, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 206, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 206, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 206, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 206, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 206, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 206, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 206, 137); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 206, 137); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 206, 137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 204.4130, 34.6650, -17.0070 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 206, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
206, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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