

# Converting Colors

YIQ(204.6720, -10.8200,  
-2.1480)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(204.6720, -10.8200,  
-2.1480)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C1D1D5
RGB	193, 209, 213
RGB Percent	76%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.2432, 0.1803, 0.1647
CMYK	0.09, 0.02, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	192°, 19%, 80%
HSV	192°, 9%, 84%
XYZ	56.8009, 61.7440, 71.8670
YIQ	204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

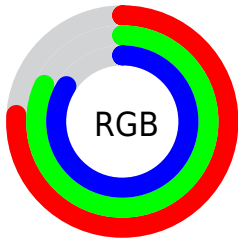
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	193, 202, 213
Decimal	12702165
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	82.78, -4.61, -3.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	83, 5.992, 219.730
Yxy	61.7440, 0.2983, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290892245 (0xFFC1D1D5)
YUV	204.6720, 4.1057, -10.2363
Hunter-Lab	78.5773, -8.4788, 0.7774

# Details

The YIQ color  $204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $201.3280, 10.8200, 2.1480$ , and the grayscale version is  $205.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $253.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600$ , and  $150.5580, -10.4990, -2.4590$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $196.0450, -22.2360, -4.5080$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $213.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120$ .

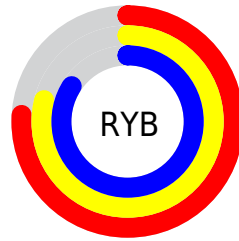
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (82%)

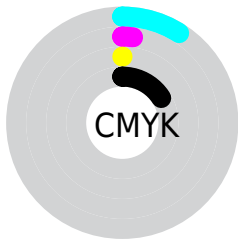
Blue (84%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (84%)

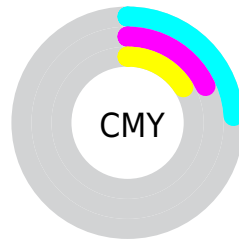


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 204.6720,  
-10.8200, -2.1480

■ 204.6720,  
-10.8200, -2.1480

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 176.9710,  
-10.2240, -1.9360

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,  
-1.0600

■ 150.5580,  
-10.4990, -2.4590

■ 124.8570, -9.9030,  
-2.2470

■ 99.8570, -9.9030,  
-2.2470

■ 76.1560, -9.3070,  
-2.0350

■ 53.1560, -9.3070,  
-2.0350

■ 31.4550, -8.7110,

-1.8230

■ 10.2700, -9.6280,  
-1.7240

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.6720,  
-10.8200, -2.1480

■ 204.6720,  
-10.8200, -2.1480

■ 196.0450,  
-22.2360, -4.5080

■ 213.2990, 0.5960,  
0.2120

■ 187.1190,  
-34.2480, -7.0800

■ 222.2250, 12.6080,  
2.7840

■ 177.9050,  
-45.3890, -8.9170

■ 230.8410, 22.5570,  
4.1970

■ 169.2780,  
-56.8050, -11.2770

■ 233.1890, 21.4570,  
2.1050

■ 160.3520,  
-68.8170, -13.8490

■ 235.5370, 20.3570,  
0.0130

■ 151.7250,  
-80.2330, -16.2090

■ 237.8850, 19.2570,  
-2.0790

■ 142.5110,  
-91.3740, -18.0460

■ 240.8200, 17.8820,  
-4.6940

■ 133.8840,  
-102.7900, -20.4060

■ 243.1680, 16.7820,  
-6.7860

■ 124.9580,  
-114.8020, -22.9780

■ 245.5160, 15.6820,  
-8.8780

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204.6890, -9.4900, -4.2260



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



205.6230, -9.1240, 0.1560

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



207.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



205.6430, 5.3190, -2.7850

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



201.3280, 10.8200, 2.1480

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.3770, 9.1240, -0.1560



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



207.0120, 8.8940, 4.0140

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



207.0480, 0.0450, 4.6930



207.0290, 10.2240, 1.9360



204.9520, -0.0450, -4.6930



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



206.0470, -7.3820, 1.6260



207.0290, 10.2240, 1.9360



206.2410, 6.5110, -2.3610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



251.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500



205.1960, -6.7840, -9.2160



125.0320, -3.0260, -0.2260



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

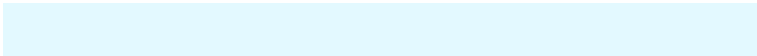


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480



243.1060, -15.0380, -2.7980



198.8020, -8.0700, 3.0820



102.5370, -6.0060, -1.2860



99.9130, -92.5660, -18.4700



25.4470, -23.4280, -4.9320



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200.8040, 6.7840, 9.2160



237.8800, 9.6260, 12.7780



207.1980, 8.0700, -3.0820



100.3150, 3.6670, 5.1310



66.7470, 57.9390, 78.8590

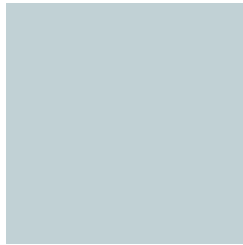


16.8470, 14.3930, 20.0010



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

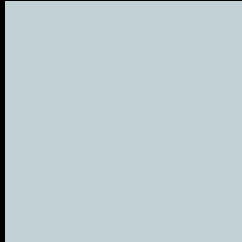
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

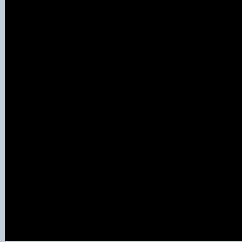
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

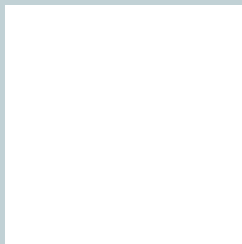
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480.

-2.1480.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480

### Protanopia

206.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910

### Deuteranopia

208.2880, 8.2970, 9.3290



## **Tritanopia**

205.3500, -12.6090, 2.7430

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480

## Protanomaly

205.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190

## Deuteranomaly

206.6460, 1.2370, 5.1170

## Tritanomaly

205.1820, -12.1960, 0.7640

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480

## Achromatopsia

205.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

204.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 209, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 209, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 209, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 209, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 209, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 209, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 209, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 209, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 209, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 209,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 204.6720, -10.8200, -2.1480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 209, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
209, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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