

Converting Colors

YIQ(205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(205.2150, 9.4000,
-5.1600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3CEBA
RGB	211, 206, 186
RGB Percent	83%, 81%, 73%
CMY	0.1725, 0.1921, 0.2705
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.12, 0.17
HSL	48°, 22%, 78%
HSV	48°, 12%, 83%
XYZ	57.7991, 61.5362, 55.2932
YIQ	205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

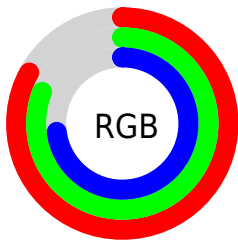
Format	Color
RYB	192, 211, 186
Decimal	13881018
CIELab	82.67, -1.68, 10.55
CIELCh	83, 10.683, 99.032
Yxy	61.5362, 0.3310, 0.3524
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292071098 (0xFFD3CEBA)
YUV	205.2150, -9.4730, 5.0734
Hunter-Lab	78.4450, -5.7581, 13.1200

Details

The YIQ color $205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $191.7850, -9.4000, 5.1600$, and the grayscale version is $205.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $253.5180, 4.1730, -4.0430$, and $151.0300, 8.4830, -5.0610$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $200.4730, 17.2410, -9.5990$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $209.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210$.

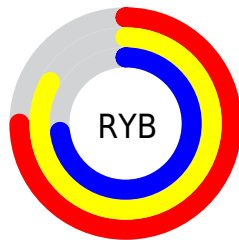
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (81%)

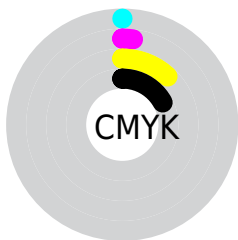
Blue (73%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (73%)

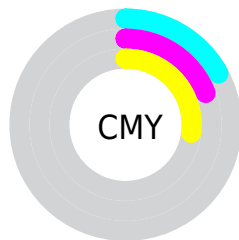


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 205.2150, 9.4000,
-5.1600

■ 205.2150, 9.4000,
-5.1600

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 177.9160, 8.8040,
-5.3720

■ 253.5180, 4.1730,
-4.0430

■ 151.0300, 8.4830,
-5.0610

■ 125.1440, 8.1620,
-4.7500

■ 100.1440, 8.1620,
-4.7500

■ 76.2580, 7.8410,
-4.4390

■ 53.3720, 7.5200,
-4.1280

■ 32.1870, 6.6030,

-4.0290

■ 9.7460, 3.5310,
-3.4210

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 205.2150, 9.4000,
-5.1600

■ 205.2150, 9.4000,
-5.1600

■ 200.4730, 17.2410,
-9.5990

■ 209.9570, 1.5590,
-0.7210

■ 195.7310, 25.0820,
-14.0380

■ 214.6990, -6.2820,
3.7180

■ 190.4020, 33.1980,
-17.9540

■ 220.0280,
-14.3980, 7.6340

■ 185.6600, 41.0390,
-22.3930

■ 223.0600,
-17.4240, 7.4080

■ 180.9180, 48.8800,
-26.8320

■ 225.4080,
-18.5240, 5.3160

■ 176.0620, 57.0420,
-31.5820

■ 227.7560,
-19.6240, 3.2240

■ 170.7330, 65.1580,
-35.4980

■ 230.6910,
-20.9990, 0.6090

■ 165.9910, 72.9990,
-39.9370

■ 233.0390,
-22.0990, -1.4830

■ 162.2920, 79.2810,
-43.6550

■ 235.3870,
-23.1990, -3.5750

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206.5580, 15.8640, -1.1600



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



203.8440, 0.1390, -8.0290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



203.1270, -19.5310, -3.9710



208.0600, 8.9390, 8.7070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



191.7850, -9.4000, 5.1600

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207.1560, -0.1390, 8.0290



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



204.4310, -17.3310, 0.2130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



202.5740, -16.5960, -7.6040



206.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



207.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



203.4950, -6.1880, -9.0040



206.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250



207.5050, 6.1880, 9.0040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



252.6860, 3.7600, -2.0640



194.0450, 13.2950, 6.8550



126.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



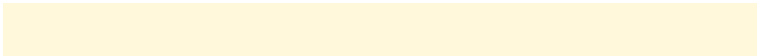
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



246.7870, 13.4810, -7.5350



206.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



101.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520



129.4770, 63.0030, -34.9890



31.6300, 15.3610, -8.5670

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191.7850, -9.4000, 5.1600



227.2130, -13.4810, 7.5350



190.9430, -3.8530, 9.2590



96.4280, -4.0810, 2.3750



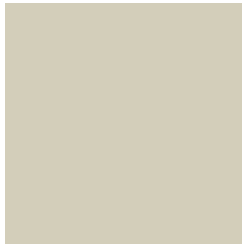
39.1100, -63.2780, 34.4660



9.3700, -15.3610, 8.5670

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

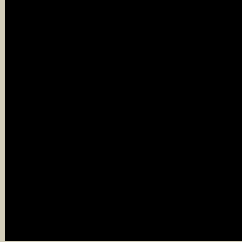
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

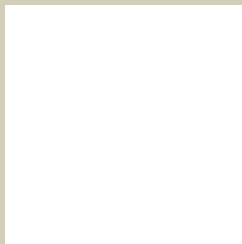
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 205.2150, 9.4000,

-5.1600.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600

Protanopia

205.5250, 11.4630, -4.0010

Deuteranopia

207.0260, 23.4740, 4.0980



Tritanopia

207.0100, 3.2080, 7.9440

Trichromacy



Original Color

205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600

Protanomaly

205.2260, 10.8670, -4.2130

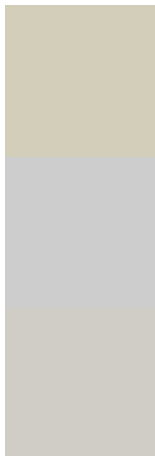
Deuteranomaly

206.2810, 18.2020, 0.5220

Tritanomaly

206.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650

Monochromacy



Original Color

205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600

Achromatopsia

205.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

204.8000, 3.4390, -1.7530

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 206, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 206, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 206, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 206, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 206, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 206, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 206, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 206, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 206, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 206,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 205.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 206, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
206, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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