

Converting Colors

YIQ(205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930)
contains.

YIQ(205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(205.6090, -6.5090,
-8.6930)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2D5C6
RGB	194, 213, 198
RGB Percent	76%, 84%, 78%
CMY	0.2393, 0.1647, 0.2235
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.07, 0.16
HSL	133°, 18%, 80%
HSV	133°, 9%, 84%
XYZ	56.2334, 63.1370, 62.6467
YIQ	205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

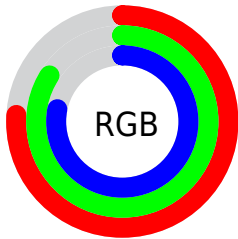
Format	Color
RYB	194, 210, 213
Decimal	12768710
CIELab	83.51, -9.19, 5.23
CIElCh	84, 10.578, 150.357
Yxy	63.1370, 0.3089, 0.3469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290958790 (0xFFC2D5C6)
YUV	205.6090, -3.7512, -10.1811
Hunter-Lab	79.4588, -12.7275, 8.8759

Details

The YIQ color $205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCCC$. A complement of this color would be $201.3910, 6.5090, 8.6930$, and the grayscale version is $206.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $253.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480$, and $151.0220, -6.2340, -8.1700$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $197.3920, -13.5680, -18.4320$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $213.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460$.

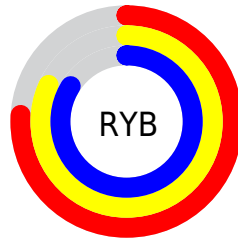
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (84%)

Blue (78%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (84%)

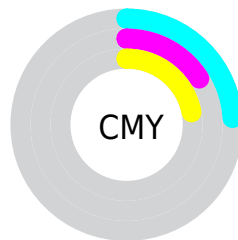


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 205.6090, -6.5090,
-8.6930

■ 205.6090, -6.5090,
-8.6930

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 178.0220, -6.2340,
-8.1700

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 151.0220, -6.2340,
-8.1700

■ 125.4350, -5.9590,
-7.6470

■ 100.4350, -5.9590,
-7.6470

■ 76.7340, -5.3630,
-7.4350

■ 53.8480, -5.6840,
-7.1240

■ 32.2610, -5.4090,

-6.6010

■ 10.5660, -4.9500,
-9.4140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 205.6090, -6.5090,
-8.6930

■ 205.6090, -6.5090,
-8.6930

■ 197.3920,
-13.5680, -18.4320

■ 213.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 188.8760,
-21.2230, -28.3830

■ 222.3420, 8.2050,
10.9970

■ 180.7730,
-28.6030, -37.8110

■ 229.5480, 13.7970,
19.7890

■ 172.5560,
-35.6620, -47.5500

■ 230.3460, 11.5500,
21.9660

■ 164.0400,
-43.3170, -57.5010

■ 155.8230,
-50.3760, -67.2400

■ 147.6060,
-57.4350, -76.9790

■ 139.5030,
-64.8150, -86.4070

■ 130.9870,
-72.4700, -96.3580

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206.9260, 2.8440, -7.4920



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



204.9440, -14.7620, -7.8020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



207.8770, -12.6550, 3.5770



209.9160, 17.9720, 4.6920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



201.3910, 6.5090, 8.6930

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209.8710, 13.8450, 7.9010



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



209.3620, -3.7150, 6.7570

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



206.3060, -18.4770, -1.0450



210.3910, 6.5090, 8.6930



208.7970, 16.6890, 0.4090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



205.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



210.3910, 6.5090, 8.6930



210.3720, 16.6880, 5.9360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



251.9240, -2.8420, -3.5620



209.6380, 3.7150, -6.7570



125.6360, -1.9710, -2.8270



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



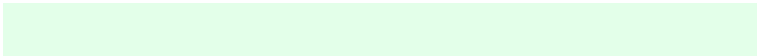
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



244.1200, -9.6260, -12.7780



206.6350, -9.3980, -5.8940



102.7990, -3.9880, -4.8200



104.4810, -58.5810, -78.2370



26.2670, -14.7140, -19.6900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201.3910, 6.5090, 8.6930



237.8800, 9.6260, 12.7780



200.3650, 9.3980, 5.8940



100.3150, 3.6670, 5.1310



66.5190, 58.5810, 78.2370



16.7330, 14.7140, 19.6900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

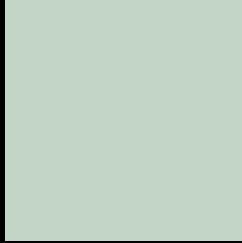
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

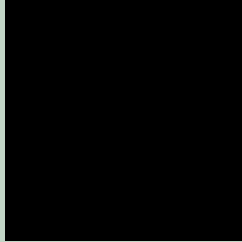
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

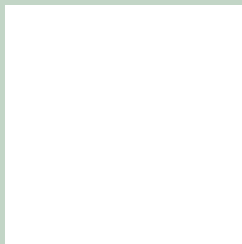
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930.



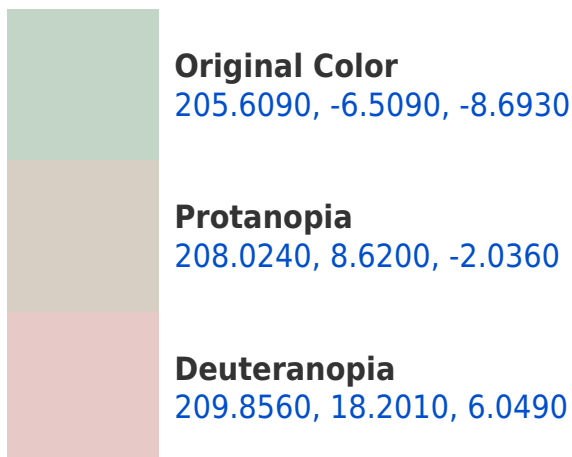
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930.

-8.6930.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

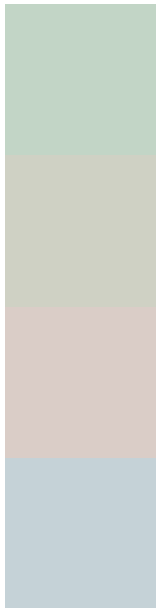




Tritanopia

207.5350, -11.6920, 2.6440

Trichromacy



Original Color

205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930

Protanomaly

206.9200, 2.9810, -4.4670

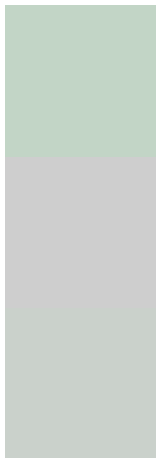
Deuteranomaly

208.2030, 9.6740, 0.8900

Tritanomaly

206.6830, -9.3530, -1.2010

Monochromacy



Original Color

205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930

Achromatopsia

206.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

206.2230, -2.2460, -3.3500

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 213, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 213, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 213, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 213, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 213, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 213, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 213, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 213, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 213, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 213,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 205.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 213, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
213, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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