

# Converting Colors

YIQ(205.8690, 50.5760,  
-24.5280)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(205.8690, 50.5760,  
-24.5280)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFD06C
RGB	239, 208, 108
RGB Percent	94%, 82%, 42%
CMY	0.0627, 0.1843, 0.5762
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.55, 0.06
HSL	46°, 80%, 68%
HSV	46°, 55%, 94%
XYZ	60.8608, 64.5407, 23.4571
YIQ	205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

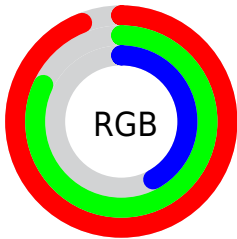
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">149, 239, 108</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15716460</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.25, -1.14, 52.94</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">84, 52.956, 91.231</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">64.5407, 0.4088, 0.4336</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293906540 (0xFFEFD06C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">205.8690, -48.2494, 29.0559</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">80.3372, -5.3646, 38.9244</a>

# Details

The YIQ color  $205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCC66}$ . A complement of this color would be  $141.1310, -50.5760, 24.5280$ , and the grayscale version is  $206.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $244.3980, 29.8530, -28.9230$ , and  $150.6020, 46.9540, -24.9660$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $199.6110, 59.9300, -28.8540$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $212.1270, 41.2220, -20.2020$ .

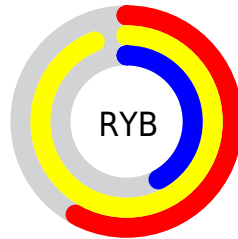
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (82%)

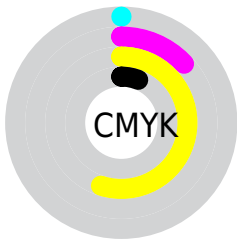
Blue (42%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (42%)

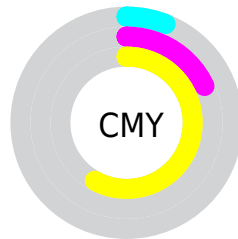


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



205.8690, 50.5760,  
-24.5280

205.8690, 50.5760,  
-24.5280

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

178.0860, 48.4670,  
-24.8530

244.3980, 29.8530,  
-28.9230

150.6020, 46.9540,  
-24.9660

247.5900, 20.8650,  
-20.2150

123.7760, 46.4040,  
-26.0120

250.7820, 11.8770,  
-11.5070

97.5370, 45.5790,  
-27.5810

254.0880, 2.5680,  
-2.4880

75.3760, 36.0870,  
-20.7530

54.3890, 26.0450,  
-14.9710

34.5870, 16.9200,

-9.2880

■ 14.4860, 7.1990,  
-3.8170

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 205.8690, 50.5760,  
-24.5280

■ 205.8690, 50.5760,  
-24.5280

■ 199.6110, 59.9300,  
-28.8540

■ 212.1270, 41.2220,  
-20.2020

■ 193.9400, 69.0090,  
-33.7030

■ 217.7980, 32.1430,  
-15.3530

■ 187.6820, 78.3630,  
-38.0290

■ 224.0560, 22.7890,  
-11.0270

■ 181.4240, 87.7170,  
-42.3550

■ 230.3140, 13.4350,  
-6.7010

■ 178.2950, 92.3940,  
-44.5180

■ 235.9850, 4.3560,  
-1.8520

■ 242.1290, -4.6770,  
2.1630

■ 246.1070, -7.6110,  
0.2690

■ 249.0420, -8.9860,  
-2.3460

■ 250.2160, -9.5360,  
-3.3920

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201.7970, 60.2470, -7.0570



205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



200.7220, 10.9650, -39.0430

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



167.0150, -146.4800, -43.6000



209.8010, 21.1750, 40.2710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



141.1310, -50.5760, 24.5280

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209.0050, -6.4230, 22.8010



205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



162.9060, -144.5550, -39.9390

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



162.5860, -132.6310, -57.8070



194.7430, -62.3080, -5.1560



199.3880, 38.0950, 30.9830



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



195.0200, -22.2290, -43.1970



194.7430, -62.3080, -5.1560



213.3230, 19.5250, 37.1330

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



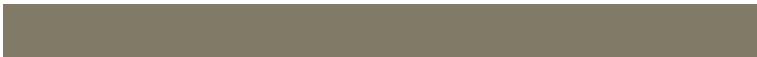
205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



244.4560, 15.9110, -7.5210



150.9310, 67.4830, 38.0350



121.6280, 9.6750, -4.6370



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280



212.3680, 64.9280, -31.3280



214.1990, 22.3830, -47.7370



116.8710, 4.6770, -2.1630



137.1960, 71.1640, -34.2120



41.9850, 21.5510, -10.6170



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141.1310, -50.5760, 24.5280



129.6320, -64.9280, 31.3280



132.8010, -22.3830, 47.7370



111.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630



46.2170, -70.8890, 34.7350



14.0150, -21.5510, 10.6170



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 205.8690, 50.5760,

-24.5280.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280

### Protanopia

205.0640, 45.5330, -26.7470

### Deuteranopia

207.9120, 58.1850, -13.7430



## Tritanopia

213.3720, 25.8560, 16.0000

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280

## Protanomaly

205.3740, 47.5960, -25.5880

## Deuteranomaly

207.4230, 55.0680, -17.8280

## Tritanomaly

210.4910, 35.1660, 1.4540

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280

## Achromatopsia

206.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

206.0710, 18.4330, -9.1750

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 208, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 208, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 208, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 208, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 208, 108) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 208, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 208, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 208, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 208, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 208,  
108) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 205.8690, 50.5760, -24.5280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 208, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
208, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor