

# Converting Colors

YIQ(206.0850, -38.0490,  
-31.8170)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(206.0850, -38.0490,  
-31.8170)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96EDC2
RGB	150, 237, 194
RGB Percent	59%, 93%, 76%
CMY	0.4120, 0.0704, 0.2393
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.18, 0.07
HSL	150°, 71%, 76%
HSV	150°, 37%, 93%
XYZ	52.5957, 70.9616, 61.9461
YIQ	206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

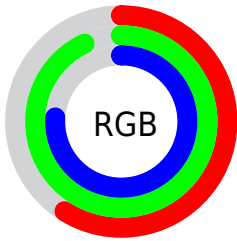
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">150, 208, 237</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9891266</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.47, -35.48, 12.67</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">87, 37.675, 160.352</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">70.9616, 0.2835, 0.3825</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288081346 (0xFF96EDC2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">206.0850, -5.9579, -49.1865</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.2387, -35.9685, 15.3673</a>

# Details

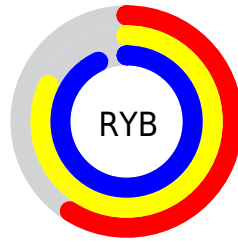
The YIQ color **206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **180.9150, 38.0490, 31.8170**, and the grayscale version is **206.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240.1920, -27.3240, -11.4200**, and **150.6120, -38.0950, -30.9830** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197.5410, -48.5010, -40.6370**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214.6290, -27.5970, -22.9970**.

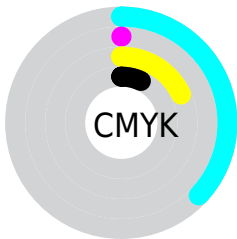
# Distribution



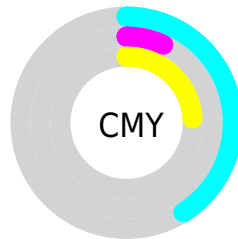
- Red (59%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 206.0850,  
-38.0490, -31.8170

■ 206.0850,  
-38.0490, -31.8170

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 178.1990,  
-38.3700, -31.5060

■ 240.1920,  
-27.3240, -11.4200

■ 150.6120,  
-38.0950, -30.9830

■ 249.3190,  
-11.3240, -4.0280

■ 123.5410,  
-39.3330, -30.5730


■ 96.1710, -41.1670,  
-30.3750


■ 67.5120, -49.5570,  
-32.5090


■ 50.2150, -35.2990,  
-26.5870


■ 33.7330, -21.9580,


-20.5660


 19.3710, -9.0750,  
-17.2590


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 206.0850,  
-38.0490, -31.8170


 206.0850,  
-38.0490, -31.8170


 197.5410,  
-48.5010, -40.6370


 214.6290,  
-27.5970, -22.9970


 189.4100,  
-58.6780, -48.9340

 222.7600,  
-17.4200, -14.7000

 180.8660,  
-69.1300, -57.7540

 231.3040, -6.9680,  
-5.8800

 172.3220,  
-79.5820, -66.5740

 239.8480, 3.4840,  
2.9400

■ 163.7780,  
-90.0340, -75.3940

■ 244.2060, 5.5920,  
8.7920

■ 155.6470,  
-100.2110, -83.6910

■ 244.4340, 4.9500,  
9.4140

■ 152.7990,  
-103.6950, -86.6310

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211.7010, -1.7370, -29.1050



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



200.1150, -73.1240, -29.4120

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



213.8460, -28.5650, 5.5710



212.3070, 41.6760, 4.6200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



180.9150, 38.0490, 31.8170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212.6610, 32.4120, 18.3320



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



221.7520, 4.5350, 22.4470

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



204.4560, -63.1780, -11.4180



218.5260, 20.0310, 27.9590



216.2560, 45.7130, -7.9750

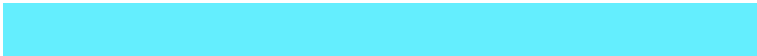


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



198.5620, -87.3840, -24.2800



218.5260, 20.0310, 27.9590



211.8000, 38.9700, 9.6100

# Sweetspot

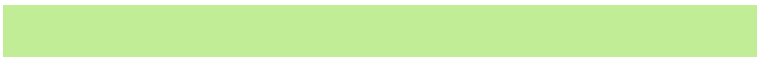
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



245.0320, -12.1940, -10.2900



213.9260, 1.7030, -36.3850



121.8910, -7.2430, -6.4030



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

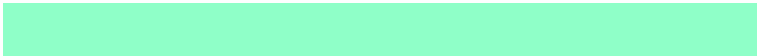


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



215.2420, -49.0970, -40.8490



210.9870, -51.8520, -18.4440



113.0270, -4.6300, -4.1980



116.7350, -79.3070, -66.0510



34.7760, -23.5170, -19.8450



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180.9150, 38.0490, 31.8170



182.7580, 49.0970, 40.8490



176.0130, 51.8520, 18.4440



109.8590, 4.9510, 3.8870



64.3790, 78.9860, 66.3620

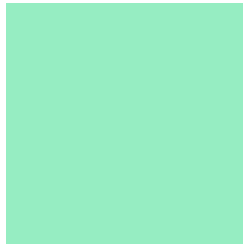


19.1100, 23.8380, 19.5340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

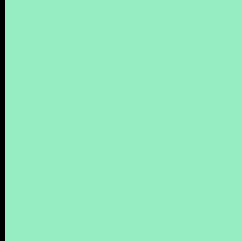
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

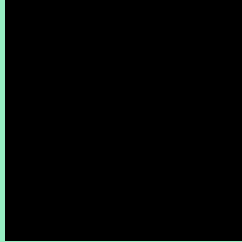
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

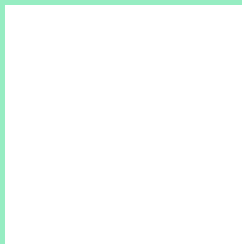
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170.



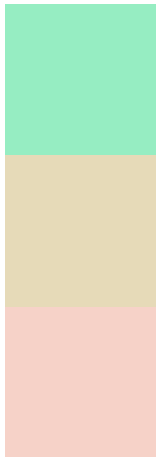
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170.

-31.8170.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

**Original Color**

206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170

**Protanopia**

217.7120, 18.0660, -8.0300

**Deuteranopia**

219.6240, 24.6660, 4.5220



## Tritanopia

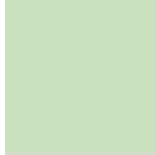
211.7200, -46.3060, -8.8180

# Trichromacy



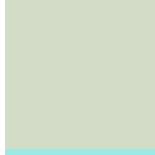
## Original Color

206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



## Protanomaly

213.6060, -2.4270, -16.5950



## Deuteranomaly

214.8010, 1.6980, -8.7500



## Tritanomaly

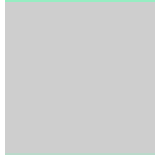
210.0050, -43.0950, -17.4550

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170



## Achromatopsia

206.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

206.0210, -13.6610, -11.2370

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 237, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 237, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 237, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 237, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 237, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 237, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 237, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 237, 194); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 237, 194); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 237, 194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 206.0850, -38.0490, -31.8170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 237, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
237, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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