

# Converting Colors

YIQ(206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(206.5140, 19.1640,  
5.1160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4C6C2
RGB	228, 198, 194
RGB Percent	89%, 78%, 76%
CMY	0.1058, 0.2236, 0.2391
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.15, 0.11
HSL	7°, 39%, 83%
HSV	7°, 15%, 89%
XYZ	61.9316, 60.7752, 59.5175
YIQ	206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

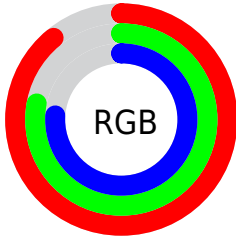
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 199, 194
Decimal	14993090
CIE Lab	82.26, 9.95, 5.88
CIE LCh	82, 11.556, 30.597
Yxy	60.7752, 0.3399, 0.3335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293183170 (0xFFE4C6C2)
YUV	206.5140, -6.1694, 18.8432
Hunter-Lab	77.9585, 5.3762, 9.3059

# Details

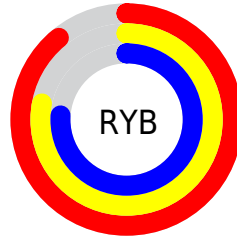
The YIQ color **206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **215.4860, -19.1640, -5.1160**, and the grayscale version is **207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **254.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550**, and **151.9160, 17.9720, 4.6920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192.1520, 32.0470, 8.4230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **220.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090**.

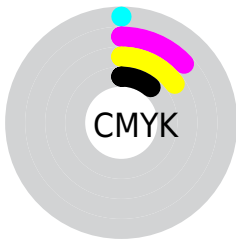
# Distribution



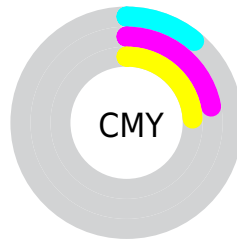
- Red (89%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 206.5140, 19.1640,  
5.1160


 206.5140, 19.1640,  
5.1160


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 179.2150, 18.5680,  
4.9040


 254.4300, 1.6050,  
-1.5550

 151.9160, 17.9720,  
4.6920

 126.0300, 17.6510,  
5.0030

 101.3180, 16.7800,  
4.2680

 76.8340, 15.2670,  
4.1550

 54.2360, 14.0750,  
3.7310

 32.6380, 12.8830,

3.3070

■ 8.3720, 16.6880,  
5.9360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.5140, 19.1640,  
5.1160

■ 206.5140, 19.1640,  
5.1160

■ 192.1520, 32.0470,  
8.4230

■ 220.8760, 6.2810,  
1.8090

■ 177.7900, 44.9300,  
11.7300

■ 235.2380, -6.6020,  
-1.4980

■ 163.5420, 57.4920,  
15.3480

■ 246.9270,  
-16.0920, -5.7240

■ 148.5930, 70.6500,  
19.1780

■ 134.2310, 83.5330,  
22.4850

■ 119.8690, 96.4160,  
25.7920

■ 105.5070,  
109.2990, 29.0990

■ 91.2590, 121.8610,  
32.7170

■ 84.0210, 128.4630,  
34.2150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206.8820, 15.3120, 8.8480



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



205.2810, 18.2020, 0.5220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



201.8970, -7.3800, -9.4280



204.1050, -13.2970, 4.1990

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



215.4860, -19.1640, -5.1160

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202.8220, -19.9900, -1.1580



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



200.9330, -16.2290, -8.7490

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



202.8120, 3.1650, -7.8030



201.5890, -20.9520, -5.7520



205.8890, -3.7610, 7.5910



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



204.9060, 14.7640, -3.2520



201.5890, -20.9520, -5.7520



203.7840, -16.8270, 2.0930

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



248.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



207.5860, 10.6340, 16.5380



123.6800, 3.8970, 0.9610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

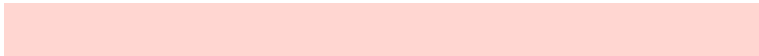


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160



225.6890, 26.0410, 7.1370



216.4930, 14.4890, -3.7750



107.7620, 6.6020, 1.4980



65.8480, 100.9090, 26.9650



18.7710, 28.7460, 7.6740



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.4860, -19.1640, -5.1160



238.3110, -26.0410, -7.1370



205.5070, -14.4890, 3.7750



110.2380, -6.6020, -1.4980



113.1520, -100.9090, -26.9650



32.2290, -28.7460, -7.6740



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

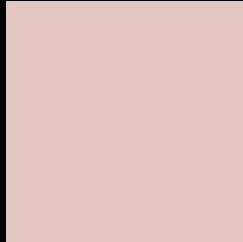
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

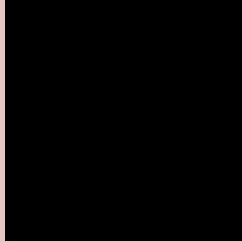
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 206.5140, 19.1640,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160

### Protanopia

204.9960, 5.8230, -0.9050

### Deuteranopia

206.8130, 19.7600, 5.3280



## Tritanopia

207.2890, 15.7240, 12.3960

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160

## Protanomaly

205.8010, 10.8660, 1.3140

## Deuteranomaly

206.8130, 19.7600, 5.3280

## Tritanomaly

206.8930, 16.7790, 9.7950

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160

## Achromatopsia

207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

207.0610, 7.1980, 1.7100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 198, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 198, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 198, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 198, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 198, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 198, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 198, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 198, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 198, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 198,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 206.5140, 19.1640, 5.1160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 198, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
198, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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