

# Converting Colors

YIQ(206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(206.9480, 32.1410,  
-4.2990)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EBC9A4
RGB	235, 201, 164
RGB Percent	92%, 79%, 64%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2118, 0.3567
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.30, 0.08
HSL	31°, 64%, 78%
HSV	31°, 30%, 92%
XYZ	61.8536, 62.1130, 43.8698
YIQ	206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

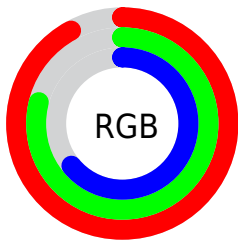
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 235, 164
Decimal	15452580
CIE Lab	82.97, 6.68, 22.93
CIE LCh	83, 23.880, 73.755
Yxy	62.1130, 0.3685, 0.3701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293642660 (0xFFEBC9A4)
YUV	206.9480, -21.1734, 24.6016
Hunter-Lab	78.8118, 2.1707, 22.1651

# Details

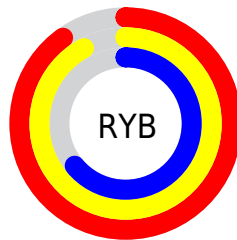
The YIQ color  $206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCC99}$ . A complement of this color would be  $192.0520, -32.1410, 4.2990$ , and the grayscale version is  $207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $250.8960, 11.5560, -11.1960$ , and  $152.2790, 29.7110, -4.3130$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $197.8690, 42.5490, -5.6990$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $216.1410, 21.4120, -2.5880$ .

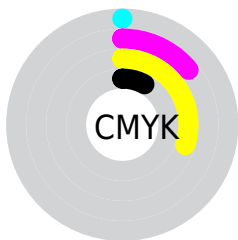
# Distribution



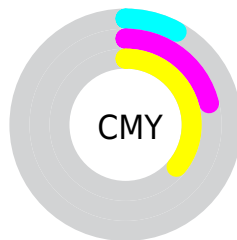
- Red (92%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 206.9480, 32.1410,  
-4.2990


 206.9480, 32.1410,  
-4.2990


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 179.4640, 30.6280,  
-4.4120


 250.8960, 11.5560,  
-11.1960

 152.2790, 29.7110,  
-4.3130

 254.2020, 2.2470,  
-2.1770

 126.0940, 28.7940,  
-4.2140

 101.3110, 26.6850,  
-4.5390

 76.8270, 25.1720,  
-4.6520

 53.4570, 23.3380,  
-4.4540

 31.9730, 21.8250,

-4.5670

■ 10.7090, 14.1210,  
2.8970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.9480, 32.1410,  
-4.2990

■ 206.9480, 32.1410,  
-4.2990

■ 197.8690, 42.5490,  
-5.6990

■ 216.1410, 21.4120,  
-2.5880

■ 188.0890, 53.5530,  
-6.8870

■ 225.8070, 10.7290,  
-1.7110

■ 179.0100, 63.9610,  
-8.2870

■ 235.0000, 0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 169.8170, 74.6900,  
-9.9980

■ 243.7370, -9.4450,  
0.4670

■ 160.7380, 85.0980,  
-11.3980

■ 249.0200,  
-11.9200, -4.2400

■ 150.9580, 96.1020,  
-12.5860

■ 141.8790,  
106.5100, -13.9860

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208.5070, 38.2370, 6.3730



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



204.3650, 17.4250, -12.9350

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



197.7170, -42.2240, -16.7200



210.1490, 1.7390, 18.0510

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



192.0520, -32.1410, 4.2990

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.8410, -21.0010, 11.6630



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



198.3500, -48.1400, -8.6200

# Square

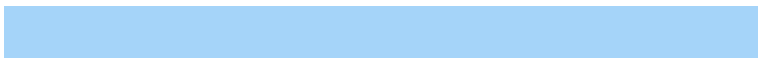
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



199.2920, -25.0300, -19.9580



202.1650, -39.8890, 1.5430



210.7400, 22.0040, 19.7320



# Rectangle

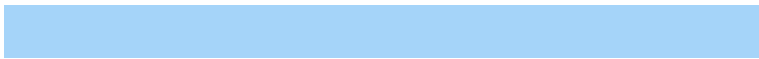
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



202.9010, 3.9920, -17.2880



202.1650, -39.8890, 1.5430



209.2020, -5.7800, 16.6520

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



245.9210, 10.4080, -1.4000



189.1050, 31.4020, 25.6260



122.1810, 6.7400, -1.0040



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990



218.6840, 41.6320, -5.6000



226.6070, 22.1950, -22.2930



112.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060



109.2970, 82.0260, -10.7900



32.5820, 24.4840, -3.1960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192.0520, -32.1410, 4.2990



199.3160, -41.6320, 5.6000



172.3930, -22.1950, 22.2930



110.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060



71.7030, -82.0260, 10.7900

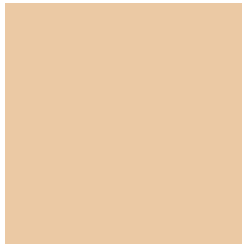


21.4180, -24.4840, 3.1960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

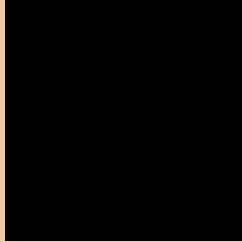
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990.

-4.2990.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990

### Protanopia

205.4410, 20.2670, -9.3730

### Deuteranopia

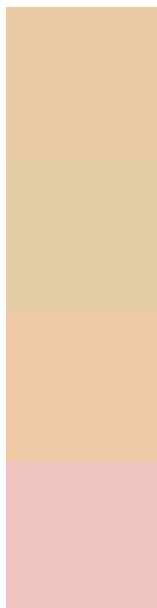
207.6820, 35.9460, -1.6700



## Tritanopia

210.1650, 22.0050, 14.2050

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990

## Protanomaly

205.9470, 24.7140, -7.3660

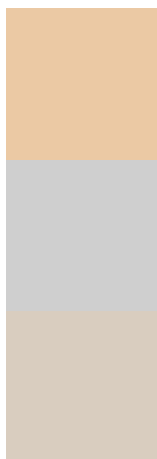
## Deuteranomaly

207.6710, 34.4790, -2.6170

## Tritanomaly

208.8030, 25.7200, 7.4480

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990

## Achromatopsia

207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

206.9920, 11.6460, -1.8100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 201, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 201, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 201, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 201, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 201, 164) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 201, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 201, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 201, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 201, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 201,  
164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 206.9480, 32.1410, -4.2990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 201, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
201, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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