

Converting Colors

YIQ(207.6660, -64.5500,
-30.6140)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140)
contains.

YIQ(207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(207.6660, -64.5500,
-30.6140)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FF5E3
RGB	127, 245, 227
RGB Percent	50%, 96%, 89%
CMY	0.5022, 0.0390, 0.1100
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.07, 0.04
HSL	171°, 86%, 73%
HSV	171°, 48%, 96%
XYZ	55.2653, 75.3838, 84.2661
YIQ	207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

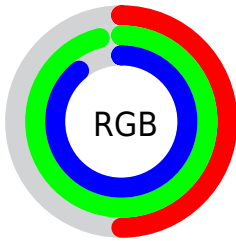
Format	Color
RYB	127, 191, 245
Decimal	8386019
CIELab	89.57, -37.73, -1.60
CIElCh	90, 37.762, 182.431
Yxy	75.3838, 0.2571, 0.3508
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286576099 (0xFF7FF5E3)
YUV	207.6660, 9.5317, -70.7441
Hunter-Lab	86.8238, -38.3224, 3.2333

Details

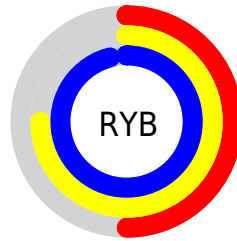
The YIQ color **207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **164.3340, 64.5500, 30.6140**, and the grayscale version is **208.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234.3690, -41.1240, -14.6280**, and **149.3990, -68.1720, -31.0520** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199.7350, -78.1660, -37.1580**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215.2980, -51.5300, -24.2820**.

Distribution



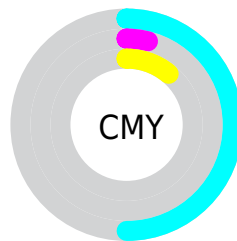
- Red (50%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 207.6660,
-64.5500, -30.6140

■ 207.6660,
-64.5500, -30.6140

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 178.4810,
-65.4670, -30.5150

■ 234.3690,
-41.1240, -14.6280

■ 149.3990,
-68.1720, -31.0520

■ 243.3390,
-23.2440, -8.2680

■ 117.6150,
-77.7080, -34.4440

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,
-1.9080

■ 92.3380, -75.3700,
-32.7620

■ 74.2260, -60.1950,
-26.9390

■ 56.8150, -45.6160,
-21.3280

■ 40.2190, -31.9540,

-15.6180

■ 25.4980, -19.4380,
-11.1660

■ 0.2280, -0.6420,
0.6220

■ 207.6660,
-64.5500, -30.6140

■ 207.6660,
-64.5500, -30.6140

■ 199.7350,
-78.1660, -37.1580

■ 215.2980,
-51.5300, -24.2820

■ 192.1030,
-91.1860, -43.4900

■ 223.1150,
-37.5930, -18.0490

■ 184.2860,
-105.1230, -49.7230

■ 230.7470,
-24.5730, -11.7170

■ 176.6540,
-118.1430, -56.0550

■ 238.6780,
-10.9570, -5.1730

■ 168.7230,
-131.7590, -62.5990

■ 246.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 167.4130,
-133.8220, -63.7580

■ 248.4460, 4.6760,
3.3640

■ 248.9020, 3.3920,
4.6080

■ 249.1300, 2.7500,
5.2300

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



213.7610, -28.3290, -31.7610



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



204.2910, -85.1830, -25.6230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



225.2410, -1.5160, 16.4680



219.1570, 41.6780, -6.4340

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



164.3340, 64.5500, 30.6140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216.2510, 36.0820, 6.8820



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



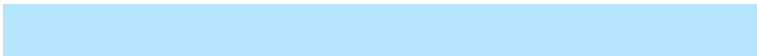
224.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



217.3240, -36.0830, -1.3550



218.0070, 25.6260, 20.1700



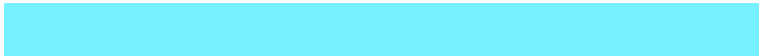
223.0820, 37.0950, -16.9930

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



205.2320, -77.5270, -21.1990



218.0070, 25.6260, 20.1700



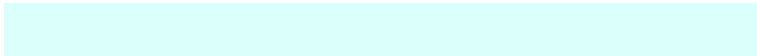
217.6070, 40.5310, -2.1650

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



243.6660, -19.8510, -9.1870



202.2460, -20.5300, -57.4740



120.9660, -11.8280, -5.9080



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



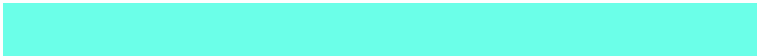
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



208.1260, -80.8250, -38.5290



186.8250, -59.6030, -4.6190



118.2980, -6.8310, -2.8550



127.1940, -101.8680, -48.1400



40.3330, -32.2750, -15.3070

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



164.3340, 64.5500, 30.6140



153.8740, 80.8250, 38.5290



185.1750, 59.6030, 4.6190



113.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



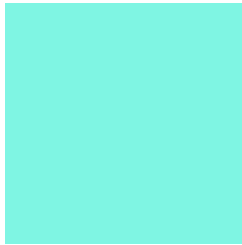
58.9200, 101.5470, 48.4510



18.6670, 32.2750, 15.3070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

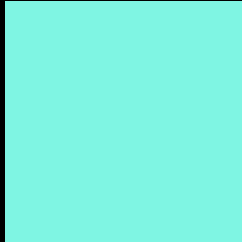
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

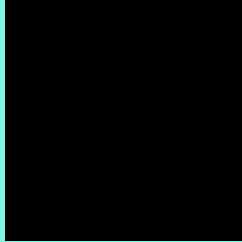
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140.



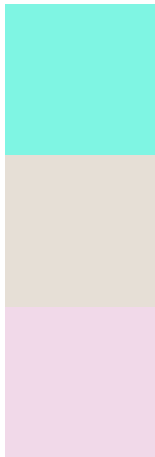
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140.

-30.6140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140

Protanopia

224.0670, 7.0610, -1.3150

Deuteranopia

226.0000, 9.1680, 10.0640



Tritanopia

214.5230, -56.1170, -12.7330

Trichromacy



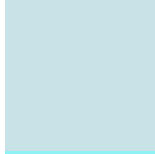
Original Color

207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



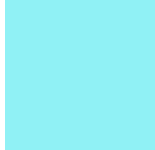
Protanomaly

218.2700, -18.7960, -11.7880



Deuteranomaly

219.3830, -17.3760, -4.4800



Tritanomaly

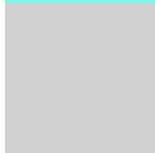
212.4530, -59.0960, -19.3200

Monochromacy



Original Color

207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140



Achromatopsia

208.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

207.7580, -23.1060, -10.7700

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 245, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 245, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 245, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 245, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 245, 227) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 245, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 245, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 245, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 245, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 245,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 207.6660, -64.5500, -30.6140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 245, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
245, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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