

# Converting Colors

YIQ(207.9880, -16.9210,  
14.8150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(207.9880, -16.9210,  
14.8150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9CBFC
RGB	201, 203, 252
RGB Percent	79%, 80%, 99%
CMY	0.2117, 0.2039, 0.0119
CMYK	0.20, 0.19, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	238°, 89%, 89%
HSV	238°, 20%, 99%
XYZ	63.0118, 62.1573, 100.7497
YIQ	207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

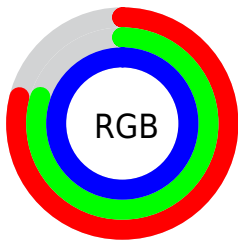
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 203, 252
Decimal	13224956
CIE Lab	83.00, 9.27, -24.21
CIE LCh	83, 25.919, 290.948
Yxy	62.1573, 0.2789, 0.2751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291415036 (0xFFC9CBFC)
YUV	207.9880, 21.6979, -6.1285
Hunter-Lab	78.8399, 4.6939, -20.5789

# Details

The YIQ color  $207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $245.0120, 16.9210, -14.8150$ , and the grayscale version is  $208.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $153.3470, -16.5540, 13.6700$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $186.4250, -25.2210, 22.0670$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $229.5510, -8.6210, 7.5630$ .

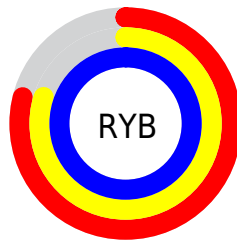
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (80%)

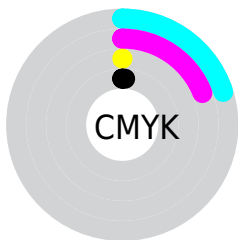
Blue (99%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (99%)

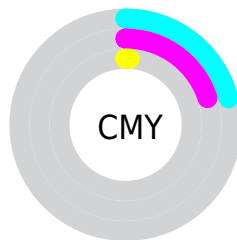


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 207.9880,  
-16.9210, 14.8150

■ 207.9880,  
-16.9210, 14.8150

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 180.4610,  
-16.8750, 13.9810

■ 153.3470,  
-16.5540, 13.6700

■ 127.2330,  
-16.2330, 13.3590

■ 102.0050,  
-15.5910, 12.7370

■ 78.1790, -16.1410,  
11.6910

■ 54.6520, -16.0950,  
10.8570

■ 32.4130, -16.9200,

9.2880

■ 9.2390, -16.3700,  
10.3340

■ 3.3230, -7.9790,  
6.9410

■ 207.9880,  
-16.9210, 14.8150

■ 207.9880,  
-16.9210, 14.8150

■ 186.4250,  
-25.2210, 22.0670

■ 229.5510, -8.6210,  
7.5630

■ 164.8620,  
-33.5210, 29.3190

■ 251.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

■ 142.4130,  
-42.1420, 36.8820

■ 254.6580, 0.9630,  
-0.9330

■ 120.8500,  
-50.4420, 44.1340

■ 99.2870, -58.7420,  
51.3860

■ 77.7240, -67.0420,  
58.6380

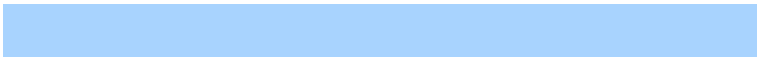
■ 56.1610, -75.3420,  
65.8900

■ 34.5980, -83.6420,  
73.1420

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203.0450, -39.4310, 4.2570



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



210.6660, 7.6530, 21.0050

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



208.5950, 40.8050, 3.8850



197.7580, -32.2740, -20.8340

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



245.0120, 16.9210, -14.8150

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200.8500, -9.1660, -21.1180



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



206.6550, 31.4080, -7.5360

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



209.4350, 38.7400, 13.7800



203.5170, 13.9410, -15.8750



195.8240, -49.8350, -16.4510



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



211.0930, 22.5080, 21.6120



203.5170, 13.9410, -15.8750



198.3520, -25.2590, -21.3150

# Sweetspot

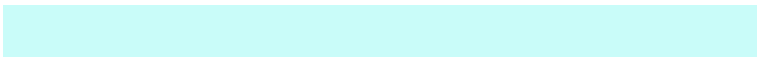
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



241.7100, -4.8150, 4.6650



236.4090, -29.4330, -11.7450



120.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150



202.1280, -20.1310, 17.9250



213.6910, -2.6630, 20.7370



114.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



25.6550, -62.5940, 55.1180



8.1280, -20.1310, 17.9250



# Inverse Universe

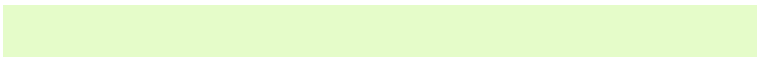
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.4770, 29.7540, 11.4340



212.4670, 35.7140, 13.5540



239.3090, 2.6630, -20.7370



116.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



57.3090, 110.3970, 42.2450



18.4670, 35.7140, 13.5540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

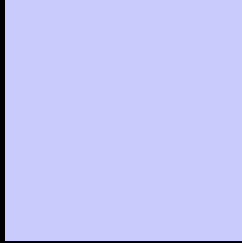
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

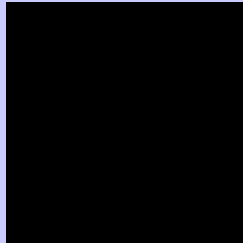
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 207.9880, -16.9210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150

### Protanopia

207.4820, -21.3680, 12.8080

### Deuteranopia

208.2980, -14.8580, 15.9740



## Tritanopia

206.2360, -12.2880, 2.4320

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150

## Protanomaly

207.4930, -19.9010, 13.7550

## Deuteranomaly

207.9990, -15.4540, 15.7620

## Tritanomaly

206.8000, -13.7560, 7.0120

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150

## Achromatopsia

208.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

207.7530, -6.3740, 5.3860

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 203, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 203, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 203, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 203, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 203, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 203, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 203, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 203, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 203, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 203,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 207.9880, -16.9210, 14.8150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 203, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
203, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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