

# Converting Colors

YIQ(208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(208.3400, 36.9090,  
-2.6030)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2C8A3
RGB	242, 200, 163
RGB Percent	95%, 78%, 64%
CMY	0.0509, 0.2157, 0.3606
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.33, 0.05
HSL	28°, 75%, 79%
HSV	28°, 33%, 95%
XYZ	63.8897, 62.8270, 43.4308
YIQ	208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

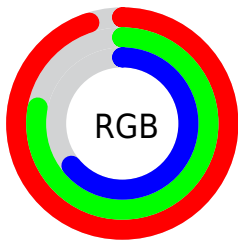
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 233, 163
Decimal	15911075
CIE Lab	83.35, 9.76, 24.07
CIE LCh	83, 25.974, 67.940
Yxy	62.8270, 0.3755, 0.3693
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294101155 (0xFF2C8A3)
YUV	208.3400, -22.3526, 29.5198
Hunter-Lab	79.2635, 5.1674, 22.9977

# Details

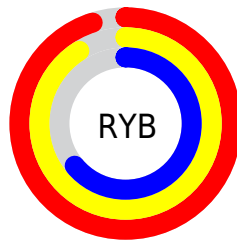
The YIQ color **208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **196.6600, -36.9090, 2.6030**, and the grayscale version is **209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250.7820, 11.8770, -11.5070**, and **153.6710, 34.4790, -2.6170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **197.9730, 48.1880, -3.2680**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218.7070, 25.6300, -1.9380**.

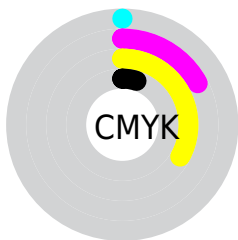
# Distribution



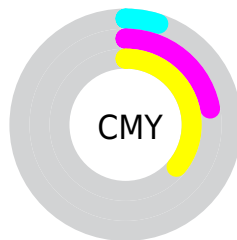
- Red (95%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 208.3400, 36.9090,  
-2.6030


 208.3400, 36.9090,  
-2.6030


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 180.8560, 35.3960,  
-2.7160


 250.7820, 11.8770,  
-11.5070


 153.6710, 34.4790,  
-2.6170

 254.0880, 2.5680,  
-2.4880

 127.1870, 32.9660,  
-2.7300

 102.4040, 30.8570,  
-3.0550

 77.9200, 29.3440,  
-3.1680

 54.2510, 26.9140,  
-3.1820

 32.5820, 24.4840,

-3.1960

■ 11.6170, 17.3760,  
4.4800

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 208.3400, 36.9090,  
-2.6030

■ 208.3400, 36.9090,  
-2.6030

■ 197.9730, 48.1880,  
-3.2680

■ 218.7070, 25.6300,  
-1.9380

■ 187.6060, 59.4670,  
-3.9330

■ 229.0740, 14.3510,  
-1.2730

■ 177.1250, 71.0670,  
-4.9090

■ 239.5550, 2.7510,  
-0.2970

■ 166.7580, 82.3460,  
-5.5740

■ 249.3520, -6.9230,  
-1.1870

■ 156.9780, 93.3500,  
-6.7620

■ 251.1130, -7.7480,  
-2.7560

■ 146.6110,  
104.6290, -7.4270

■ 138.6890,  
113.1570, -7.7950

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209.9420, 41.4460, 8.7900



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



205.7030, 22.2850, -12.9070

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



197.7660, -43.9200, -19.0240



210.6370, -2.5710, 19.0690

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



196.6600, -36.9090, 2.6030

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207.0790, -27.6030, 10.1650



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



197.7190, -53.7330, -11.8850

# Square

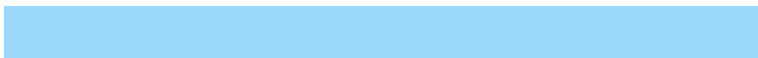
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



200.0210, -22.8290, -21.3010



201.5770, -47.0410, -1.0010



212.4240, 20.0780, 21.5980



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



204.1250, 9.1730, -17.5710



201.5770, -47.0410, -1.0010



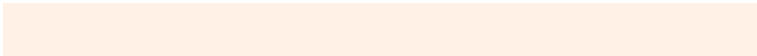
209.9780, -10.9610, 16.9350

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



243.9320, 11.8750, -0.4530



191.4090, 33.6020, 29.8100



120.8930, 7.6110, -0.2690



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030



212.6030, 46.3540, -3.0700



231.2330, 26.1840, -23.0000



114.5230, 5.7770, -0.0710



105.4980, 86.0140, -5.9700



32.0060, 26.2260, -1.7260

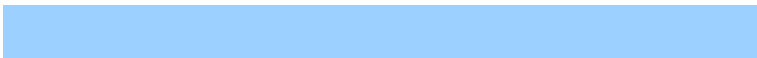


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196.6600, -36.9090, 2.6030



197.8100, -46.0790, 3.5930



173.7670, -26.1840, 23.0000



112.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940



78.5020, -86.0140, 5.9700



23.9940, -26.2260, 1.7260



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

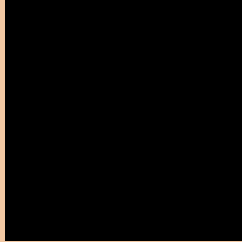
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 208.3400, 36.9090,

-2.6030.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030

### Protanopia

207.2130, 20.9090, -9.9950

### Deuteranopia

208.6390, 37.5050, -2.3910



## Tritanopia

211.5570, 26.7730, 15.9010

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030

**Protanomaly**

207.7300, 26.8230, -7.0410

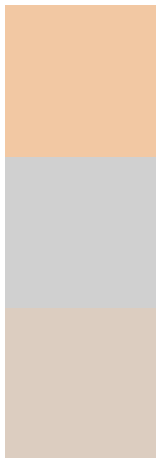
**Deuteranomaly**

208.6390, 37.5050, -2.3910

**Tritanomaly**

210.1950, 30.4880, 9.1440

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030

**Achromatopsia**

208.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

208.0030, 13.1130, -0.8630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 200, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 200, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 200, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 200, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 200, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 200, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 200, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 200, 163); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 200, 163); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 200, 163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 208.3400, 36.9090, -2.6030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 200, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
200, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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