

Converting Colors

YIQ(208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(208.6490, -12.0130,
2.9550)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7D2E3
RGB	199, 210, 227
RGB Percent	78%, 82%, 89%
CMY	0.2196, 0.1764, 0.1099
CMYK	0.12, 0.07, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	216°, 33%, 84%
HSV	216°, 12%, 89%
XYZ	60.4629, 63.7823, 81.7863
YIQ	208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

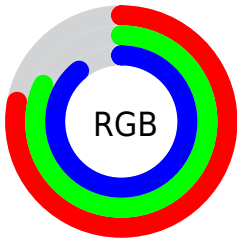
Format	Color
R _Y B	199, 207, 227
Decimal	13095651
CIE Lab	83.85, -0.38, -9.64
CIE LCh	84, 9.652, 267.746
Yxy	63.7823, 0.2935, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291285731 (0xFFC7D2E3)
YUV	208.6490, 9.0470, -8.4622
Hunter-Lab	79.8638, -4.6238, -4.8126

Details

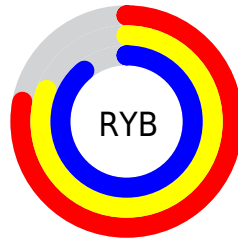
The YIQ color $208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $217.3510, 12.0130, -2.9550$, and the grayscale version is $209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $154.5350, -11.6920, 2.6440$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $193.5540, -21.8710, 5.4010$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $223.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090$.

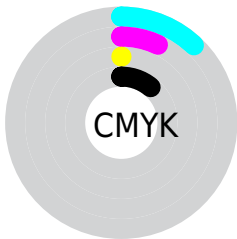
Distribution



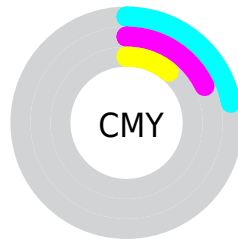
- Red (78%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 208.6490,
-12.0130, 2.9550

■ 208.6490,
-12.0130, 2.9550

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 180.9480,
-11.4170, 3.1670

■ 154.5350,
-11.6920, 2.6440

■ 128.4210,
-11.3710, 2.3330

■ 102.7200,
-10.7750, 2.5450

■ 78.7200, -10.7750,
2.5450

■ 56.4920, -10.1330,
1.9230

■ 34.4920, -10.1330,

1.9230

■ 12.5950, -11.9210,
1.2870

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 208.6490,
-12.0130, 2.9550

■ 208.6490,
-12.0130, 2.9550

■ 193.5540,
-21.8710, 5.4010

■ 223.7440, -2.1550,
0.5090

■ 178.7580,
-31.1330, 8.0590

■ 238.5400, 7.1070,
-2.1490

■ 164.2500,
-41.2660, 9.9820

■ 249.4600, 10.0880,
-6.6160

■ 149.1550,
-51.1240, 12.4280

■ 251.8080, 8.9880,
-8.7080

■ 134.3590,
-60.3860, 15.0860

■ 119.2640,
-70.2440, 17.5320

■ 104.7560,
-80.3770, 19.4550

■ 89.6610, -90.2350,
21.9010

■ 78.1210, -97.3420,
24.0500

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207.3770, -17.2390, -1.4550



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



209.9490, -3.9900, 6.2340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



210.5460, 16.1380, 4.8900



206.6200, -5.0420, -7.7460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



217.3510, 12.0130, -2.9550

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207.7520, 3.3940, -6.4460



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



209.7260, 15.4510, 0.8190

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



210.9740, 12.0570, 7.2650



209.0520, 11.4170, -3.1670



206.4280, -13.2490, -7.6890

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



210.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



209.0520, 11.4170, -3.1670



207.2890, -2.6120, -7.7320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



248.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180



217.3740, -13.1570, -9.3570



123.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



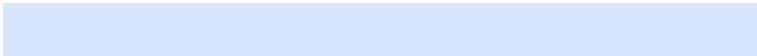
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



230.1370, -16.3230, 3.9730



203.0890, -7.2000, 9.3440



107.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



61.4960, -76.7090, 19.0590



17.5540, -21.8710, 5.4010

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208.6260, 13.1570, 9.3570



230.0720, 17.8330, 12.7210



222.9110, 7.2000, -9.3440



107.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



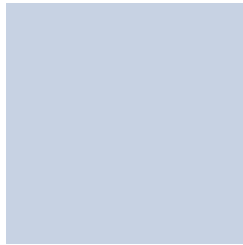
61.5010, 84.2140, 59.7180



17.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

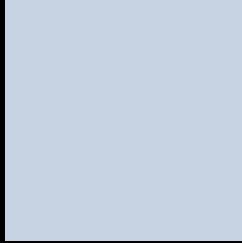
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

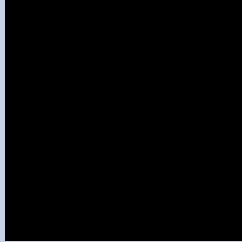
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 208.6490, -12.0130,

2.9550.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550

Protanopia

209.9380, -5.4570, 5.2870

Deuteranopia

210.9330, 2.1070, 11.3790



Tritanopia

208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550

Trichromacy



Original Color

208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550

Protanomaly

209.7420, -7.8410, 4.4390

Deuteranomaly

210.3020, -3.4860, 8.1140

Tritanomaly

208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550

Monochromacy



Original Color

208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550

Achromatopsia

209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

208.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 210, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 210, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 210, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 210, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 210, 227) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 210, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 210, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 210, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 210, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 210,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 208.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 210, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
210, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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