

Converting Colors

YIQ(208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(208.9590, 17.5540,
34.3060)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | F7B6F8 |
| RGB | 247, 182, 248 |
| RGB Percent | 97%, 71%, 97% |
| CMY | 0.0312, 0.2864, 0.0274 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.27, 0.00, 0.03 |
| HSL | 299°, 83%, 84% |
| HSV | 299°, 27%, 97% |
| XYZ | 72.0418, 60.0056, 96.5960 |
| YIQ | 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

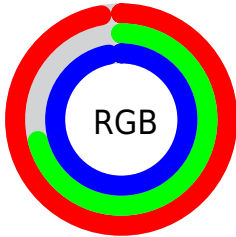
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 247, 182, 248 |
| Decimal | 16234232 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 81.84, 34.15, -23.48 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 82, 41.447, 325.488 |
| Y _{xy} | 60.0056, 0.3151, 0.2624 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294424312 (0xFFFF7B6F8) |
| YUV | 208.9590, 19.2472, 33.3620 |
| Hunter-Lab | 77.4633, 30.4464, -19.7098 |

Details

The YIQ color **208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **221.0410, -17.5540, -34.3060**, and the grayscale version is **209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910**, and **153.7200, 16.7290, 32.7370** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194.2840, 24.4290, 47.3810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223.6340, 10.6790, 21.2310**.

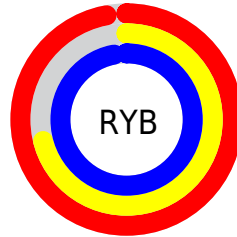
Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (71%)

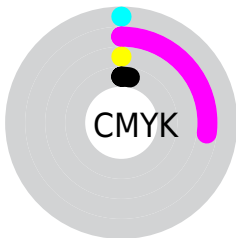
Blue (97%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (97%)

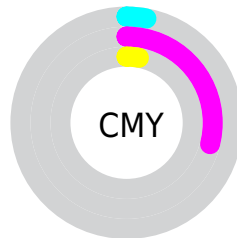


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)


Magenta (29%)


Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 208.9590, 17.5540,
34.3060


 208.9590, 17.5540,
34.3060


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 181.1330, 17.0040,
33.2600


 245.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

 153.7200, 16.7290,
32.7370

 127.5950, 15.5830,
31.4790

 101.8830, 14.7120,
30.7440

 76.4700, 14.4370,
30.2210

 52.1710, 13.8410,
30.0090

 26.6980, 13.7950,

30.8430

■ 16.1500, 9.1660,
21.1180

■ 2.8670, -6.6950,
5.6970

■ 208.9590, 17.5540,
34.3060

■ 208.9590, 17.5540,
34.3060

■ 194.2840, 24.4290,
47.3810

■ 223.6340, 10.6790,
21.2310

■ 179.3100, 30.7080,
60.2440

■ 238.6080, 4.4000,
8.3680

■ 165.2220, 37.3080,
72.7960

■ 252.1090, -1.9250,
-3.6610

■ 150.5470, 44.1830,
85.8710

■ 252.4080, -1.3290,
-3.4490

■ 135.5730, 50.4620,
98.7340

■ 252.7070, -0.7330,
-3.2370

■ 120.8980, 57.3370,
111.8090

■ 106.2230, 64.2120,
124.8840

■ 101.2280, 65.8160,
128.8560

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203.9220, -16.5550, 19.1970



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



202.4370, 36.3990, 28.6790

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



201.4420, 44.8890, -15.0710



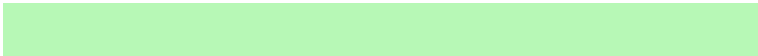
174.2390, -105.7680, -32.5200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



221.0410, -17.5540, -34.3060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.7320, -64.9160, -34.9960



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



197.2100, 15.8230, -27.9610

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



201.5010, 55.5690, 0.6330



192.0020, -21.8180, -34.1220



179.7490, -97.9760, -19.5440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



199.4730, 44.7450, 20.5930



192.0020, -21.8180, -34.1220



176.6440, -93.8470, -33.8070

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



243.2600, 5.5000, 10.4600



190.1110, -21.4610, 20.0030



120.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



206.5670, 21.9540, 42.6740



205.6100, 28.4220, 24.5660



117.3690, 3.5750, 6.7990



77.1600, 50.1870, 98.2110



24.8940, 16.1790, 31.6910

Inverse Universe

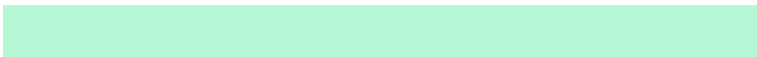
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201.8480, 39.0150, 14.3030



197.7460, 48.2300, 18.0060



224.3900, -28.4220, -24.5660



116.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



56.8530, 111.6810, 41.0010



18.3530, 36.0350, 13.2430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

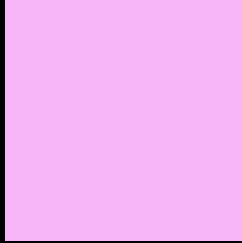
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

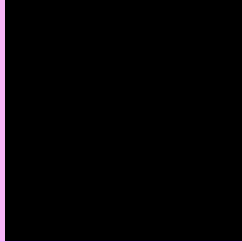
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 208.9590, 17.5540,

34.3060.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060

Protanopia

204.4540, -24.1650, 13.9390

Deuteranopia

205.4400, -12.3820, 15.1540



Tritanopia

206.9590, 25.5810, 15.4770

Trichromacy



Original Color

208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



Protanomaly

206.2820, -8.7610, 21.1190



Deuteranomaly

206.8160, -1.5170, 21.9950



Tritanomaly

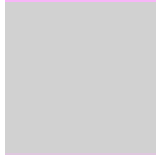
207.6200, 22.4620, 22.4460

Monochromacy



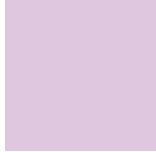
Original Color

208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060



Achromatopsia

209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

208.9120, 6.6000, 12.5520

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 182, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 182, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 182, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 182, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 182, 248) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 182, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 182, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 182, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 182, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 182,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 208.9590, 17.5540, 34.3060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 182, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
182, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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