

# Converting Colors

YIQ(209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(209.1540, 20.5380,  
13.2580)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EDC3D1
RGB	237, 195, 209
RGB Percent	93%, 76%, 82%
CMY	0.0705, 0.2353, 0.1803
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.12, 0.07
HSL	340°, 54%, 85%
HSV	340°, 18%, 93%
XYZ	65.9563, 61.6360, 68.7540
YIQ	209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

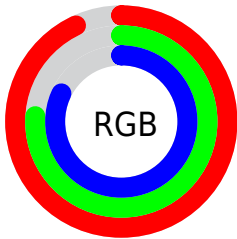
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">237, 195, 209</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15582161</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.72, 17.15, -1.38</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 17.206, 355.407</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">61.6360, 0.3359, 0.3139</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293772241 (0xFFEDC3D1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">209.1540, -0.0759, 24.4209</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.5086, 12.5707, 3.0327</a>

# Details

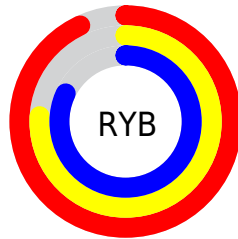
The YIQ color **209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **222.8460, -20.5380, -13.2580**, and the grayscale version is **209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690**, and **154.5560, 19.3460, 12.8340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **193.2420, 32.2740, 20.8340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225.0660, 8.8020, 5.6820**.

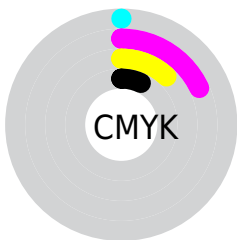
# Distribution



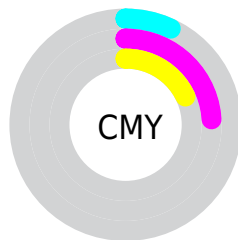
- Red (93%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 209.1540, 20.5380,  
13.2580


 209.1540, 20.5380,  
13.2580


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 181.7410, 20.2630,  
12.7350


 253.2390, 0.8250,  
1.5690

 154.5560, 19.3460,  
12.8340

 128.2570, 18.7500,  
12.6220

 103.2460, 17.2830,  
11.6750

 78.9470, 16.6870,  
11.4630

 55.3490, 15.4950,  
11.0390

 33.6370, 14.6240,

10.3040

■ 11.7620, 15.7700,  
11.5620

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 209.1540, 20.5380,  
13.2580

■ 209.1540, 20.5380,  
13.2580

■ 193.2420, 32.2740,  
20.8340

■ 225.0660, 8.8020,  
5.6820

■ 177.9170, 43.7350,  
27.8870

■ 240.3910, -2.6590,  
-1.3710

■ 162.1190, 55.1500,  
35.7740

■ 249.6180,  
-10.7280, -3.8160

■ 146.2070, 66.8860,  
43.3500

■ 130.2950, 78.6220,  
50.9260

■ 114.9700, 90.0830,  
57.9790

■ 99.0580, 101.8190,  
65.5550

■ 83.2600, 113.2340,  
73.4420

■ 79.8690, 115.8930,  
74.8130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209.0370, 7.7460, 13.8100



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



208.2270, 27.4620, 8.9180

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



203.8570, 7.2920, -11.0120



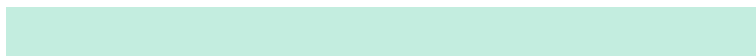
202.0100, -32.3230, -3.4190

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



222.8460, -20.5380, -13.2580

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200.2070, -31.6800, -9.5680



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



201.6640, -8.3420, -14.0220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



205.6630, 19.7620, -5.7260



200.1770, -22.9680, -13.2720



204.5430, -23.3380, 4.4540



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



207.4780, 28.0130, 4.4370



200.1770, -22.9680, -13.2720



201.2440, -33.1020, -5.8220

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



246.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110



207.8610, 2.6100, 18.7860



122.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



219.1980, 26.4060, 17.0460



211.0800, 23.3820, 5.7660



109.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



60.9590, 88.6160, 57.0320



18.1980, 26.4060, 17.0460



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580



219.1980, 26.4060, 17.0460



220.9200, -23.3820, -5.7660



109.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



60.9590, 88.6160, 57.0320



18.1980, 26.4060, 17.0460



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

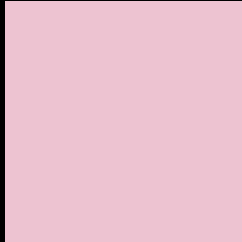
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

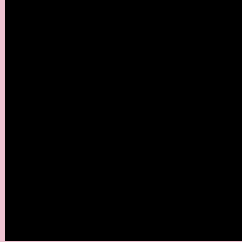
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 209.1540, 20.5380,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580

### Protanopia

206.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340

### Deuteranopia

208.3870, 12.3320, 7.7880



## Tritanopia

209.2680, 20.2170, 13.5690

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580

## Protanomaly

207.4510, 6.2800, 7.3360

## Deuteranomaly

208.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820

## Tritanomaly

209.2680, 20.2170, 13.5690

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580

## Achromatopsia

209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

209.0550, 7.3350, 4.7350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 195, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 195, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 195, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 195, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 195, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 195, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 195, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 195, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 195, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 195,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 209.1540, 20.5380, 13.2580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 195, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
195, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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