

Converting Colors

YIQ(209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(209.2040, 6.7920,
-35.0000)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | C2E68E |
| RGB | 194, 230, 142 |
| RGB Percent | 76%, 90%, 56% |
| CMY | 0.2394, 0.0980, 0.4430 |
| CMYK | 0.16, 0.00, 0.38, 0.10 |
| HSL | 85°, 64%, 73% |
| HSV | 85°, 38%, 90% |
| XYZ | 55.4242, 70.0202, 36.1948 |
| YIQ | 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

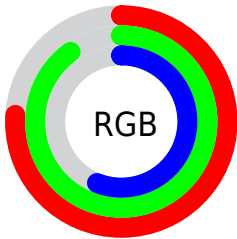
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 142, 230, 178 |
| Decimal | 12773006 |
| CIELab | 87.01, -26.27, 39.05 |
| CIELCh | 87, 47.066, 123.928 |
| Yxy | 70.0202, 0.3429, 0.4332 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290963086 (0xFFC2E68E) |
| YUV | 209.2040, -33.1316, -13.3339 |
| Hunter-Lab | 83.6781, -28.2071, 32.9289 |

Details

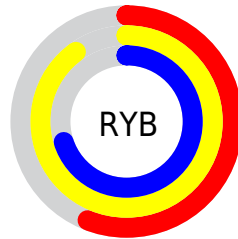
The YIQ color **209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **162.7960, -6.7920, 35.0000**, and the grayscale version is **210.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247.4910, 16.8300, -18.6740**, and **153.9590, 6.1040, -33.5440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203.8910, 8.8110, -44.0610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390**.

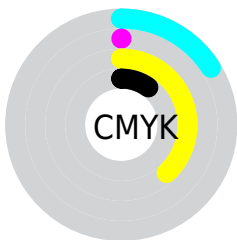
Distribution



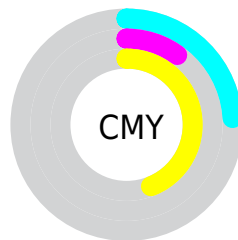
- Red (76%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209.2040, 6.7920,
-35.0000

 209.2040, 6.7920,
-35.0000

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

 181.4320, 6.1500,
-34.3780


 247.1920, 16.2340,
-18.8860


 153.9590, 6.1040,
-33.5440


 251.5800, 9.6300,
-9.3300

 127.7740, 5.1870,
-33.4450

254.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

 102.3010, 5.1410,
-32.6110

 76.8880, 4.8660,
-33.1340

 53.9140, 1.9770,
-30.3350

 32.3400, -7.7900,

-24.0300

■ 18.1970, -8.5250,
-16.2130

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 209.2040, 6.7920,
-35.0000

■ 209.2040, 6.7920,
-35.0000

■ 203.8910, 8.8110,
-44.0610

■ 214.5170, 4.7730,
-25.9390

■ 198.2790, 10.2340,
-53.3340

■ 220.1290, 3.3500,
-16.6660

■ 192.9660, 12.2530,
-62.3950

■ 225.4420, 1.3310,
-7.6050

■ 187.3540, 13.6760,
-71.6680

■ 231.0540, -0.0920,
1.6680

■ 182.0410, 15.6950,
-80.7290

■ 236.1390, -1.4690,
10.1070

■ 176.4290, 17.1180,
-90.0020

■ 239.1290, 4.4910,
12.2270

■ 175.6740, 17.8060,
-91.4580

■ 240.3250, 6.8750,
13.0750

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214.0300, 42.8730, -22.5910



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



201.4450, -39.4230, -39.9590

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



188.5650, -100.6340, -26.4420



208.0620, 32.9610, 24.9050

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



162.7960, -6.7920, 35.0000

Split Complementary

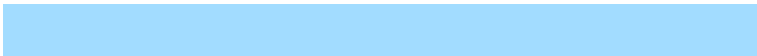
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216.2580, 18.1500, 34.5180



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



206.6480, -45.8030, -1.4110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



169.9500, -147.8550, -46.2150



217.8870, -0.2790, 21.5850



205.9810, 45.7100, 8.6060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



194.0680, -74.9100, -41.1020



217.8870, -0.2790, 21.5850



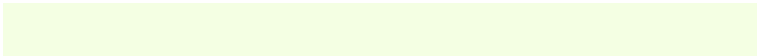
210.3590, 27.8710, 29.0470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



248.5190, 2.4320, -11.0400



188.8570, 42.8230, 0.3510



123.9690, 1.2850, -6.7710



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



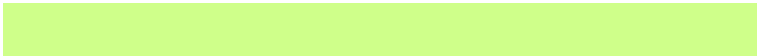
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000



227.3100, 8.9490, -46.5630



196.3470, -18.8360, -44.1160



112.1370, 0.8720, -4.7920



136.4680, 13.3550, -71.3570



38.9070, 3.8550, -20.3130

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.7960, -6.7920, 35.0000



165.6900, -8.9490, 46.5630



175.6530, 18.8360, 44.1160



105.8630, -0.8720, 4.7920



42.2330, -13.9510, 71.1450



12.0930, -3.8550, 20.3130

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

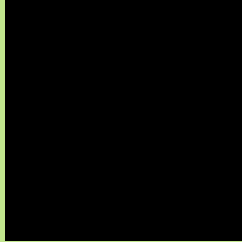
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

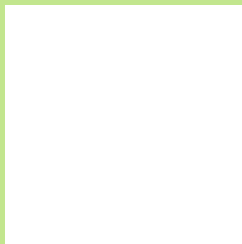
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 209.2040, 6.7920,

-35.0000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000

Protanopia

213.8600, 37.6000, -20.6400

Deuteranopia

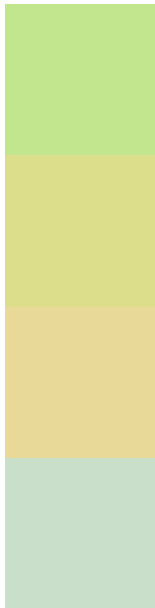
217.0540, 43.4660, -5.7980



Tritanopia

217.3500, -12.6090, 2.7430

Trichromacy



Original Color

209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000

Protanomaly

212.2390, 26.0470, -26.0250

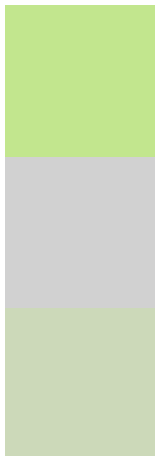
Deuteranomaly

214.4880, 30.0800, -16.5120

Tritanomaly

214.3270, -5.7750, -10.9830

Monochromacy



Original Color

209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000

Achromatopsia

209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

209.4650, 2.5240, -12.7080

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 230, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 230, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 230, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 230, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 230, 142) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 230, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 230, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 230, 142); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 230, 142); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 230, 142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 209.2040, 6.7920, -35.0000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 230, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
230, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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