

Converting Colors

YIQ(209.7570, -30.5330,
-13.8370)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370)
contains.

YIQ(209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(209.7570, -30.5330,
-13.8370)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACE3DC
RGB	172, 227, 220
RGB Percent	67%, 89%, 86%
CMY	0.3256, 0.1097, 0.1374
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.03, 0.11
HSL	172°, 50%, 78%
HSV	172°, 24%, 89%
XYZ	57.3955, 68.8833, 77.9604
YIQ	209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

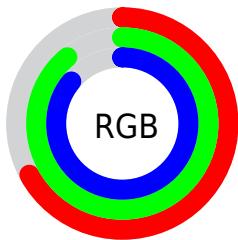
Format	Color
R _{YB}	172, 201, 227
Decimal	11330524
CIE Lab	86.45, -18.96, -2.29
CIE LCh	86, 19.097, 186.894
Yxy	68.8833, 0.2810, 0.3373
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289520604 (0xFFACE3DC)
YUV	209.7570, 5.0498, -33.1129
Hunter-Lab	82.9960, -21.8022, 2.4044

Details

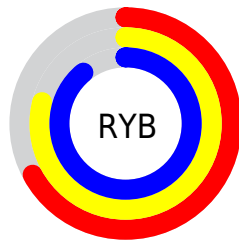
The YIQ color $209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $189.2430, 30.5330, 13.8370$, and the grayscale version is $210.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $246.9270, -16.0920, -5.7240$, and $155.0560, -29.9370, -13.6250$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $202.5380, -43.2780, -19.6460$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $216.9760, -17.7880, -8.0280$.

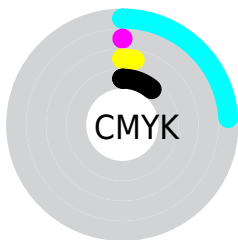
Distribution



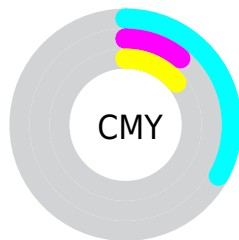
- Red (67%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 209.7570,
-30.5330, -13.8370

■ 209.7570,
-30.5330, -13.8370

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 182.0560,
-29.9370, -13.6250

■ 246.9270,
-16.0920, -5.7240

■ 155.0560,
-29.9370, -13.6250

■ 128.4690,
-29.6620, -13.1020

■ 102.7680,
-29.0660, -12.8900

■ 77.8820, -29.3870,
-12.5790

■ 52.5010, -32.6880,
-13.3280

■ 33.1920, -27.3240,

-11.4200

■ 19.0580, -15.0830,
-7.4910

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 209.7570,
-30.5330, -13.8370

■ 209.7570,
-30.5330, -13.8370

■ 202.5380,
-43.2780, -19.6460

■ 216.9760,
-17.7880, -8.0280

■ 195.6180,
-55.4270, -25.2430

■ 223.8960, -5.6390,
-2.4310

■ 188.3990,
-68.1720, -31.0520

■ 231.1150, 7.1060,
3.3780

■ 181.1800,
-80.9170, -36.8610

■ 235.9420, 15.0830,
7.4910

■ 173.9610,
-93.6620, -42.6700

■ 236.2840, 14.1200,
8.4240

■ 167.1550,
-106.1320, -47.9560

■ 236.5120, 13.4780,
9.0460

■ 159.9360,
-118.8770, -53.7650

■ 236.8540, 12.5150,
9.9790

■ 155.8210,
-125.9830, -57.1430

■ 237.1960, 11.5520,
10.9120

■ 237.5380, 10.5890,
11.8450

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211.3040, -16.1360, -15.9440



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



210.2110, -37.5030, -8.6630

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



218.4750, -2.2950, 14.0650



216.9030, 28.0140, -1.0900

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



189.2430, 30.5330, 13.8370

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



218.7990, 31.5430, 6.5430



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



220.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



215.9180, -19.9000, 8.2280



219.9760, 26.9110, 13.3990



215.0000, 17.1950, -8.7650

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



211.8570, -36.2660, -3.5460



219.9760, 26.9110, 13.3990



218.1530, 30.3060, 1.4260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



249.3900, -10.0860, -4.4380



206.3780, -10.9530, -27.2810



124.4830, -5.9140, -2.9540



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



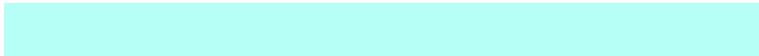
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



231.8480, -41.2150, -18.4870



198.8150, -27.2800, -1.2000



111.1840, -6.5100, -3.1660



122.8570, -99.3010, -45.1010



34.9530, -28.1490, -12.9890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189.2430, 30.5330, 13.8370



204.2660, 40.8940, 18.7980



200.1850, 27.2800, 1.2000



106.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



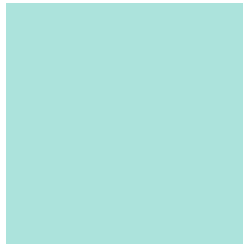
56.1430, 99.3010, 45.1010



16.0470, 28.1490, 12.9890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

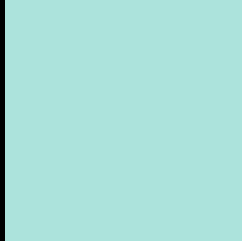
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

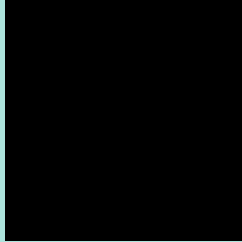
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

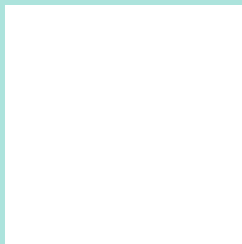
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370.



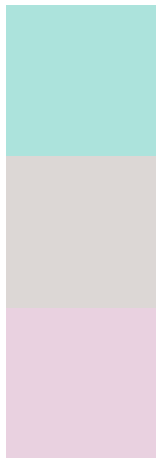
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370.

-13.8370.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370

Protanopia

216.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380

Deuteranopia

217.8860, 9.4890, 9.7530



Tritanopia

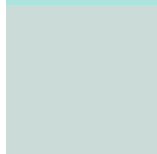
211.7000, -34.3860, -4.5780

Trichromacy



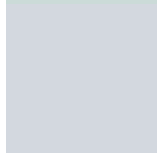
Original Color

209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



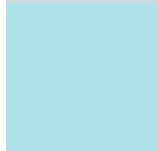
Protanomaly

213.8740, -8.5730, -4.3250



Deuteranomaly

215.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



Tritanomaly

211.0760, -32.6890, -7.8010

Monochromacy



Original Color

209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370



Achromatopsia

210.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

209.7920, -11.2780, -4.8620

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 227, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 227, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 227, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 227, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 227, 220) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 227, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 227, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 227, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 227, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 227,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 209.7570, -30.5330, -13.8370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 227, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
227, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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