

Converting Colors

YIQ(21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(21.0930, -13.0230,
10.2490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F1235
RGB	15, 18, 53
RGB Percent	6%, 7%, 21%
CMY	0.9412, 0.9294, 0.7922
CMYK	0.72, 0.66, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	235°, 56%, 13%
HSV	235°, 72%, 21%
XYZ	1.0555, 0.7911, 3.4628
YIQ	21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

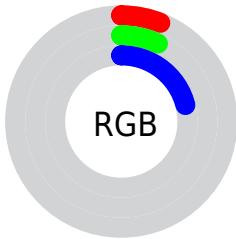
Format	Color
RYB	15, 18, 53
Decimal	987701
CIELab	7.15, 11.79, -23.46
CIElCh	7, 26.253, 296.675
Yxy	0.7911, 0.1988, 0.1490
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279177781 (0xFF0F1235)
YUV	21.0930, 15.7302, -5.3436
Hunter-Lab	8.8944, 5.6181, -16.8570

Details

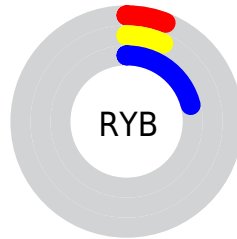
The YIQ color **21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **46.9070, 13.0230, -10.2490**, and the grayscale version is **21.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1580, -11.6480, 12.8640**, and **0.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.6630, -14.6280, 11.8040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.5230, -11.4180, 8.6940**.

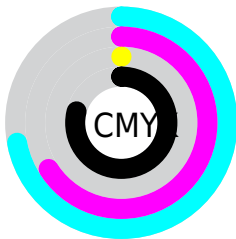
Distribution



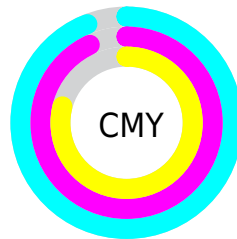
- Red (6%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.0930, -13.0230,
10.2490

■ 21.0930, -13.0230,
10.2490

■ 244.6890, -0.3220,
5.8380

■ 4.8220, -10.8220,
8.9060

■ 65.1580, -11.6480,
12.8640

■ 0.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 88.6850, -11.6940,
13.6980

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 113.2120,
-11.7400, 14.5320

■ 138.7390,
-11.7860, 15.3660

■ 165.2660,
-11.8320, 16.2000

■ 192.3800,

-12.1530, 16.5110

■ 219.5820, -9.9060,
14.3340

■ 21.0930, -13.0230,
10.2490

■ 21.0930, -13.0230,
10.2490

■ 16.6630, -14.6280,
11.8040

■ 25.5230, -11.4180,
8.6940

■ 11.9340, -16.8290,
13.1470

■ 30.2520, -9.2170,
7.3510

■ 8.3900, -18.1130,
14.3910

■ 34.6820, -7.6120,
5.7960

■ 39.1120, -6.0070,
4.2410

■ 42.9550, -4.1270,
3.2090

■ 47.6840, -1.9260,
1.8660

■ 52.1140, -0.3210,
0.3110

■ 56.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 61.2730, 3.4850,
-2.5870

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.1730, -25.1720, 4.6520



21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



21.3300, 8.4790, 17.0470

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



20.4880, 22.0530, 2.3170



20.3630, -14.6240, -10.3040

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



46.9070, 13.0230, -10.2490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6100, -8.2500, -15.6900



21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



21.0090, 12.9760, -3.8880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



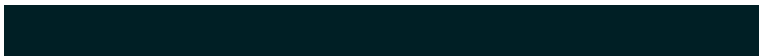
21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



17.8960, 29.8920, 8.9320



17.9530, -1.7860, -11.6900



22.4150, -20.4020, -4.7060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



19.5330, 18.1530, 17.9370



17.9530, -1.7860, -11.6900



19.3370, -11.7350, -13.1030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



56.2970, -5.0900, 4.1420



41.2960, -21.6850, -8.9890



27.7270, -3.4850, 2.5870



163.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



36.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



19.0740, -20.0390, 16.2570



24.1160, -2.6620, 15.2100



23.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330



14.2550, -30.4940, 24.0180



34.7170, -74.3320, 58.5960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7040, 21.6850, 8.9890



28.0970, 33.8800, 13.7520



43.8840, 2.6620, -15.2100



23.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360



27.4090, 50.7970, 21.0450



66.8210, 123.8750, 51.2910

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

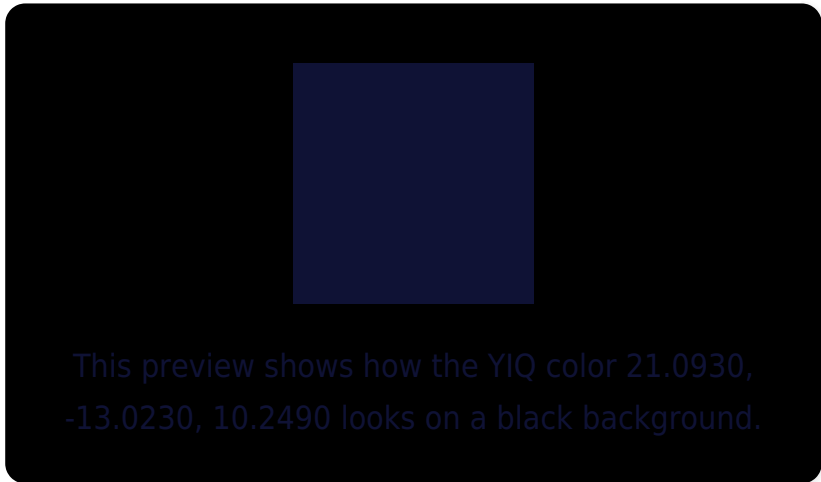
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

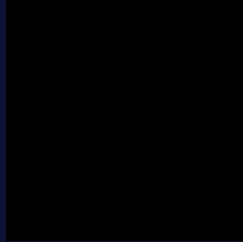
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 21.0930, -13.0230,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490

Deuteranopia

17.9470, -18.8440, 0.1000

Tritanopia

17.7530, -15.5420, -4.6780

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490

Deuteranomaly

18.8380, -16.9190, 3.7610

Tritanomaly

18.5130, -14.6260, 0.7500

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490

Achromatopsia

21.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

21.1830, -4.7690, 3.8310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 18, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 18, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 18, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 18, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 18, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 18, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 18, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 18, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 18, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 18, 53)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 21.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 18, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 18,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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