

Converting Colors

YIQ(21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(21.3470, 18.9770,
25.0330)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37002B
RGB	55, 0, 43
RGB Percent	22%, 0%, 17%
CMY	0.7842, 1.0000, 0.8313
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.22, 0.78
HSL	313°, 100%, 11%
HSV	313°, 100%, 22%
XYZ	2.0140, 0.9879, 2.3711
YIQ	21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

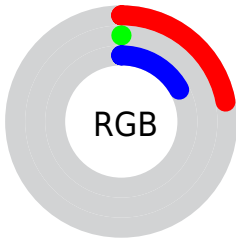
Format	Color
R _Y B	55, 0, 43
Decimal	3604523
CIE Lab	8.89, 31.08, -12.94
CIE LCh	9, 33.661, 337.399
Yxy	0.9879, 0.3748, 0.1839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281794603 (0xFF37002B)
YUV	21.3470, 10.6749, 29.5137
Hunter-Lab	9.9391, 18.7766, -7.1868

Details

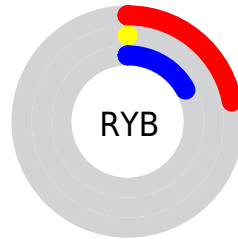
The YIQ color **21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **33.6530, -18.9770, -25.0330**, and the grayscale version is **21.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.4180, 20.2150, 24.6230**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.9830, 17.0060, 22.2060**.

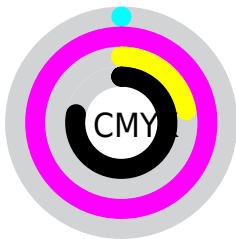
Distribution



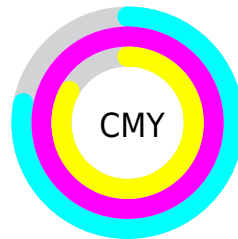
- Red (22%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (78%)





- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 21.3470, 18.9770,
25.0330


 21.3470, 18.9770,
25.0330


 240.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520


 13.0870, 13.4770,
14.5730


 69.7170, 20.8110,
24.8350

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 94.3150, 22.0030,
25.2590

 119.1410, 22.5530,
26.3050

 145.7390, 23.7450,
26.7290

 172.4510, 24.6160,
27.4640

 200.1630, 25.4870,

28.1990

■ 223.7920, 16.2260,
25.3300

■ 21.3470, 18.9770,
25.0330

■ 24.9830, 17.0060,
22.2060

■ 28.0320, 15.3100,
19.9020

■ 31.7820, 13.0180,
17.3860

■ 34.8310, 11.3220,
15.0820

■ 38.4670, 9.3510,
12.2550

■ 41.5160, 7.6550,
9.9510

■ 45.1520, 5.6840,
7.1240

■ 48.3150, 3.6670,
5.1310

■ 51.9510, 1.6960,
2.3040

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.4300, -6.4220, 17.2740



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



21.2310, 30.8070, 19.8870

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



23.6340, 9.5380, -7.6620



27.0600, -26.5920, -2.6560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



33.6530, -18.9770, -25.0330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.5520, -19.5300, -9.4980



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



18.7840, -8.8000, -16.7360

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



23.7330, 22.7410, 0.8610



20.5450, -9.6250, -18.3050



26.4220, -30.3070, 4.1010

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



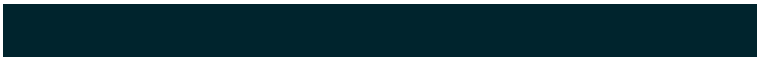
21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



18.5380, 36.9520, 13.1440



20.5450, -9.6250, -18.3050



26.2620, -24.3450, -4.8330

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



58.2170, 7.0590, 9.7390



9.8580, -10.5030, 19.6490



28.0270, 4.5380, 5.8660



163.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



36.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



27.6130, 24.3400, 32.4680



18.2690, 27.6440, 16.6360



26.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580



35.7160, 31.7200, 41.8960



84.9750, 75.6330, 99.6090

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330



27.6130, 24.3400, 32.4680



36.7310, -27.6440, -16.6360



26.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580



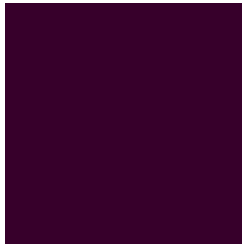
35.7160, 31.7200, 41.8960



84.9750, 75.6330, 99.6090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

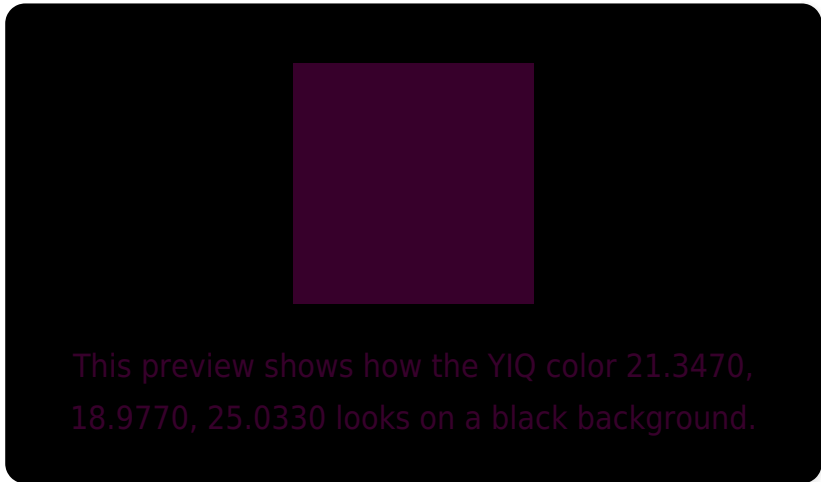
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

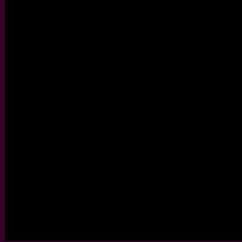
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 21.3470, 18.9770,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330

Protanopia

25.7710, -23.9800, 5.0760

Deuteranopia

30.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740



Tritanopia

27.8780, 21.1350, 7.9430

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330

Protanomaly

23.8980, -7.9800, 12.4680

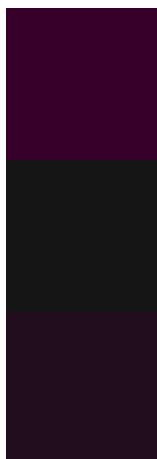
Deuteranomaly

26.8900, 3.6660, 10.6580

Tritanomaly

25.6810, 20.4920, 14.0920

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330

Achromatopsia

21.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

20.8040, 6.7840, 9.2160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 0, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 0, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 0, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 0, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 0, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 0, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 0, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 0, 43); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 0, 43); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 0, 43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 21.3470, 18.9770, 25.0330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 0, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 0,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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