

Converting Colors

YIQ(210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(210.1480, -5.6880,
14.9840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6CAF2
RGB	214, 202, 242
RGB Percent	84%, 79%, 95%
CMY	0.1607, 0.2078, 0.0510
CMYK	0.12, 0.17, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	258°, 61%, 87%
HSV	258°, 17%, 95%
XYZ	64.8799, 62.9469, 92.7241
YIQ	210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

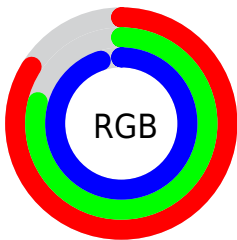
Format	Color
R _{YB}	214, 202, 242
Decimal	14076658
CIE _{Lab}	83.41, 11.73, -18.17
CIE _{LCh}	83, 21.628, 302.857
Y _{xy}	62.9469, 0.2942, 0.2854
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292266738 (0xFFD6CAF2)
YUV	210.1480, 15.7030, 3.3782
Hunter-Lab	79.3391, 7.1257, -13.7552

Details

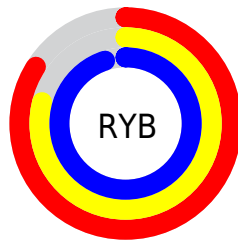
The YIQ color $210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $233.8520, 5.6880, -14.9840$, and the grayscale version is $210.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $155.6210, -5.6420, 14.1500$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $190.9770, -9.2200, 23.9320$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $229.3190, -2.1560, 6.0360$.

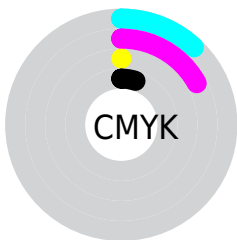
Distribution



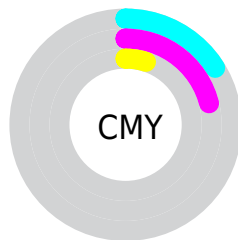
- Red (84%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 210.1480, -5.6880,
14.9840

■ 210.1480, -5.6880,
14.9840

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 182.7350, -5.9630,
14.4610

■ 155.6210, -5.6420,
14.1500

■ 129.5070, -5.3210,
13.8390

■ 104.0940, -5.5960,
13.3160

■ 80.4530, -5.2290,
12.1710

■ 57.0400, -5.5040,
11.6480

■ 35.5130, -5.4580,

10.8140

■ 12.3500, -3.4410,
12.8070

■ 2.4110, -5.4110,
4.4530

■ 210.1480, -5.6880,
14.9840

■ 210.1480, -5.6880,
14.9840

■ 190.9770, -9.2200,
23.9320

■ 229.3190, -2.1560,
6.0360

■ 171.8060,
-12.7520, 32.8800

■ 248.4900, 1.3760,
-2.9120

■ 152.0480,
-16.0090, 42.3510

■ 253.5180, 4.1730,
-4.0430

■ 132.8770,
-19.5410, 51.2990

■ 113.7060,
-23.0730, 60.2470

■ 94.5350, -26.6050,
69.1950

■ 75.6630, -29.5410,
78.3550

■ 55.9050, -32.7980,
87.8260

■ 49.4150, -34.1740,
90.7380

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206.8680, -25.6310, 7.4650



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



211.4940, 13.8890, 18.1210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



208.7680, 32.8280, -0.2280



200.5070, -32.8250, -16.3530

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



233.8520, 5.6880, -14.9840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202.1360, -15.7230, -17.9230



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



206.9250, 21.7800, -9.2600

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



210.5330, 35.3480, 9.1720



204.2540, 4.4960, -15.4080



200.4060, -42.5460, -10.8820

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



211.8280, 24.5720, 17.2440



204.2540, 4.4960, -15.4080



200.3180, -27.9190, -17.1590

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



244.6780, -1.7890, 4.8910



222.9960, -20.5400, -2.2040



121.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840



214.2990, -7.4310, 19.0410



216.1280, 6.2320, 19.2240



110.2650, -2.0640, 4.3680



37.4210, -26.2840, 68.8840



11.4670, -7.8440, 21.0200

Inverse Universe

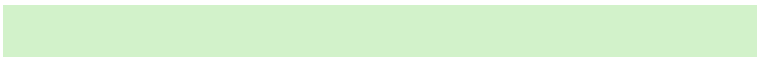
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217.1520, 14.8520, 17.1880



223.3530, 18.8400, 22.0080



227.8720, -6.2320, -19.2240



112.5000, 4.5840, 5.0320



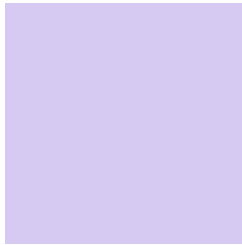
69.6080, 68.5760, 78.8160



21.1900, 20.8570, 24.0010

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

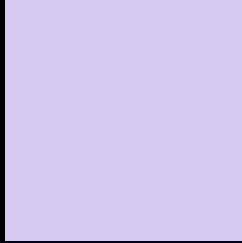
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

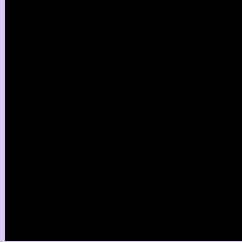
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 210.1480, -5.6880,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840

Protanopia

208.6520, -16.0950, 10.8570

Deuteranopia

210.1370, -7.1550, 14.0370



Tritanopia

208.7320, -1.8810, 6.5590

Trichromacy



Original Color

210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840

Protanomaly

209.4460, -12.5190, 12.1290

Deuteranomaly

210.4360, -6.5590, 14.2490

Tritanomaly

209.2420, -3.2570, 9.4710

Monochromacy



Original Color

210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840

Achromatopsia

210.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

209.9060, -2.4310, 5.5130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 202, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 202, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 202, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 202, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 202, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 202, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 202, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 202, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 202, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 202,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 210.1480, -5.6880, 14.9840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 202, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
202, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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