

# Converting Colors

YIQ(211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(211.2620, 2.0180,  
-3.5340)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3D5CB
RGB	211, 213, 203
RGB Percent	83%, 84%, 80%
CMY	0.1726, 0.1647, 0.2039
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.05, 0.16
HSL	72°, 11%, 82%
HSV	72°, 5%, 84%
XYZ	61.4376, 65.7494, 65.9552
YIQ	211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

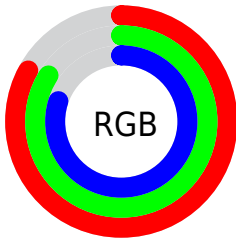
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 213, 205
Decimal	13882827
CIE Lab	84.87, -2.46, 4.69
CIE LCh	85, 5.295, 117.698
Yxy	65.7494, 0.3181, 0.3404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292072907 (0xFFD3D5CB)
YUV	211.2620, -4.0732, -0.2298
Hunter-Lab	81.0860, -6.6538, 8.5338

# Details

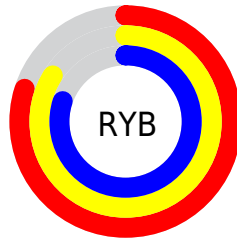
The YIQ color  $211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $204.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340$ , and the grayscale version is  $211.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $156.6750, 2.2930, -3.0110$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $207.6720, 6.3750, -10.9130$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $214.8520, -2.3390, 3.8450$ .

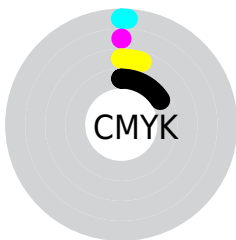
# Distribution



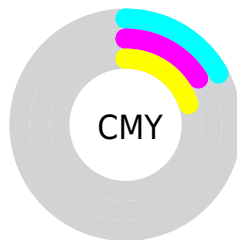
- Red (83%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 211.2620, 2.0180,  
-3.5340

■ 211.2620, 2.0180,  
-3.5340

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 183.3760, 1.6970,  
-3.2230

■ 156.6750, 2.2930,  
-3.0110

■ 130.3760, 1.6970,  
-3.2230

■ 105.3760, 1.6970,  
-3.2230

■ 81.4900, 1.3760,  
-2.9120

■ 58.4900, 1.3760,  
-2.9120

■ 36.9030, 1.6510,

-2.3890

■ 16.0340, 2.6600,  
-4.1560

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 211.2620, 2.0180,  
-3.5340

■ 211.2620, 2.0180,  
-3.5340

■ 207.6720, 6.3750,  
-10.9130

■ 214.8520, -2.3390,  
3.8450

■ 203.6690, 10.4570,  
-18.8150

■ 218.8550, -6.4210,  
11.7470

■ 200.0790, 14.8140,  
-26.1940

■ 221.0770, -6.9260,  
15.3940

■ 196.4890, 19.1710,  
-33.5730

■ 222.2730, -4.5420,  
16.2420

■ 192.8990, 23.5280,  
-40.9520

■ 223.4690, -2.1580,  
17.0900

■ 188.8960, 27.6100,  
-48.8540

■ 224.9640, 0.8220,  
18.1500

■ 185.3060, 31.9670,  
-56.2330

■ 226.1600, 3.2060,  
18.9980

■ 181.7160, 36.3240,  
-63.6120

■ 227.3560, 5.5900,  
19.8460

■ 178.0120, 41.0020,  
-71.3020

■ 228.5520, 7.9740,  
20.6940

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211.7680, 6.4650, -1.5270



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



210.3970, -2.7960, -4.3960

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



211.0960, -9.0780, -0.6780



213.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



204.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340

# Split Complementary

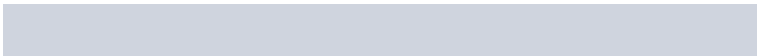
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



211.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



210.6290, -9.2610, -2.8690



212.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340



212.9580, 8.9860, 2.3460



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



210.5430, -6.1430, -4.3110



212.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340



213.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



254.3590, 0.3670, -1.1450



207.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740



127.4730, 0.0460, -0.8340



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340



252.3930, 3.0270, -5.3010



209.7670, -0.9620, -4.5940



105.9030, 1.6510, -2.3890



141.3400, 34.6270, -60.3890



35.7060, 9.0350, -15.0690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340



242.6070, -3.0270, 5.3010



206.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940



101.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890



29.6600, -34.6270, 60.3890

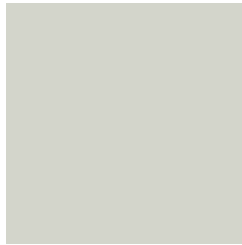


7.5930, -8.4390, 15.2810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

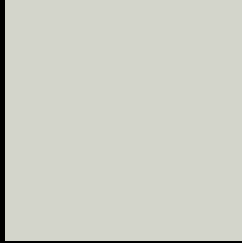
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

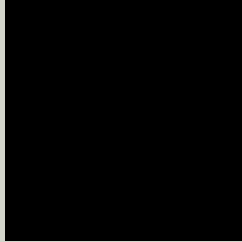
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

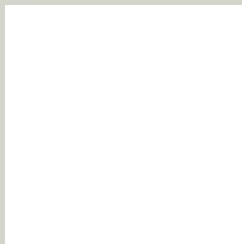
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340.



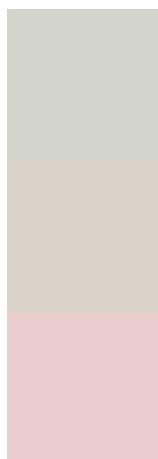
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.2620, 2.0180,

-3.5340.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340

### Protanopia

212.0670, 7.0610, -1.3150

### Deuteranopia

213.9700, 17.8800, 6.3600



## Tritanopia

213.0200, -2.7520, 5.8240

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340

## Protanomaly

211.7570, 4.9980, -2.4740

## Deuteranomaly

212.9260, 12.0120, 2.5720

## Tritanomaly

212.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340

## Achromatopsia

211.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

211.2450, 0.6880, -1.4560

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 213, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 213, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 213, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 213, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 213, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 213, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 213, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 213, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 213, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 213,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 211.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 213, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
213, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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